POST ELECTION VIOLENCE AND POLITICAL ACCOMMODATION IN AFRICA: THE CASE OF KENYA AND ZIMBABWE.

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Declaration

I Declare that this Research Report is my Unaided Work. It is Submitted for the Degree of Masters of Arts in the Faculty of Humanities, University of Witwatersrand, Johannesburg. It has not been submitted before, for any other Degree or Examination at any other University.

Divine C. Tamum

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DEDICATION

This Report is Dedicated to my Father and his Entire Family. May God lead us from Humble Beginnings to Great Ends.

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My deepest gratitude goes to God almighty for his endless love and protection throughout my studies.

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Abstract

A cursory look at the resort to power-sharing deals after last elections in Kenya and Zimbabwe, expose as problematic the view that elections in essence are part of a democratic role to resolve political rivalry through non violent means. This report takes a preliminary argument that the resort to power-sharing after disputed elections defeats the ends of electoral democracy and may create a precedent in Africa where incumbent leaders may refuse to vacate office after being defeated in the hope of sharing power with their adversaries; retaining the all powerful presidency. The report further investigates through a comparative analysis the factors that facilitated electoral violence and post electoral violence as the newest approach to power-sharing. The report sums-up with a catalogue of recommendations that could be used to avert similar occurrences elsewhere.