Appendix A

First draft of questionnaire used in Pilot study 2: (A:1)
Interim questionnaire modified as a result of Pilot study 2 and 3: (A:2)
Occupational Performance Questionnaire (OPQ): (A:3)



A:1 First draft of questionnaire used in Pilot study 2

Pilot study in order to evaluate the Effect of Sensory Integration Therapy on the Families of children with Autistic Spectrum disorders

Kindly complete this questionnaire to the best of your ability, particularly noting changes that have been observed since your child started O.T/ S.I. Therapy.

1. SLEEPING PATTERNS	YES	NO	N/A Why?
1.1 Does your child have a sleeping problem ?			
Describe, including number of night time wakings, and what it took to get him/her back to sleep			
1.2 As a result do other family members have regular incidents of interrupted sleep? Who and how often?			
1.3 Does he/she currently sleep through the night?			
1.4 How does this impact on family harmony? Any comments			
2.TOILET TRAINING	YES	NO	N/A Why
2.1 Is your child in a nappy?			
2.2 Is he/she currently dry in the day?			
2.3 Is he/she currently dry at night?			
2.4 Can your child inform you that he needs to use the toilet? How?			
2.5 Does toilet training impact on the family members			
3. SOCIAL FUNCTIONS AND FAMILY GATHERINGS	YES	NO	N/A Why?
3.1 Are you currently able to take your child with you to family gatherings?			
3.2 Are you able to take your child to birthday parties?			
3.3 Do you take your child to eat at restaurants?			
3.4 Do his/her siblings regularly have friends to play at home?			
3.5 Have you always been able to include your child in social events?			
3.6 If not, were the rest of the family also limited in their social interactions? How?			

4. FAMILY STRESS	YES	NO	N/A Why
 4.1 Did having a child with an ASD result in stress on any of the family members? Mother? Father? Siblings? What direct consequences were there for any family member? 			
4.3 Does your child exhibit aggressive behaviour? Towards himself? Directed at others? Biting? Pinching? Hitting?			
4.4 Does your child experience a low frustration tolerance? How was this expressed?			
4.6 Does your child use "stimming" to deal with sensory overload? Hand flapping? Visual fixing? Masturbation?			
4.7 Are transitions between activities and environments stressful for the family? Give examples			
4.8 Is there much yelling and screaming by other family members?			
4.9 Is your child dependent on his/her parents and/or clingy?			

5. FREE TIME / PLAYTIME	YES	NO	N/A Comments
5.1 Is your child destructive towards toys/other objects? Describe			
5.2 Can your child play independently? For how long?			
5.3 Does the family socialize with family friends?			
5.4 Has the family managed to sustain relationships with other families during this period?			
5.5 Is your child able to make friends?			
5.6 Does your child attend a school?			

Thank you for your Co-operation copyright September 2005

Kerry Wallace and Charlene Scheepers

A:3 Interim questionnaire modified as a result of Pilot study 2 and 3

Questionaire

A study to evaluate the Effect of Sensory Integration Therapy on the Families of children with Autistic Spectrum disorders

Kindly complete this questionnaire to the best of your ability, particularly noting changes that have been observed since your child started O.T/ S.I. Therapy.

PART 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

PART 1. GENERAL INFORMATION		
1. Questionaire No.		
Has your child ever had Occupational Therapy?	YES	NO
Was the Occupational Therapist trained in Sensory Integration therapy?	YES	NO
4. Age when child started O.T.	Years	Months
5. Duration of O.T. in months	Years	Months
6. Did your child have Sensory Integration Therapy?	YES	NO
7.Indicate the frequency of O.T. per week with an X?	30 mins 45 mi	ns 60 mins MORE
8. Indicate your child's diagnosis with a X	Autistic disorder	Aspergers syndrome
Is your child currently on any prescribed medication?	YES	NO
10. If yes -Specify which medication? Or other medication that is not prescribed		
11. Did he/she have concurrent interventions?	Speech Therapy	Physiotherapy
	Applied behaviou analysis (ABA)	r Other? Specify
12. How old was your child when he/she slept through the night?	Years	Months
13. How old was your child when he/she was toilet trained in the day?	Years	Months
14. How old was your child when he no longer needed to wear a nappy at night?	Years	Months
15. At what age did your child stop having tantrums?	Years	Months

		BIOL	OGICAL RHYT	THMS				
1	SLEEPING							
1.1	Did your child have a sleeping problem before he/she had O.T?	YES	NO	Comments				
1.2	How many number times per night did he/she wake?	Almost never	1-2	3- 4	5 - 6	more		
1.3	What did it take to get him/her back to sleep?	Rocking	Humming	Singing	Feeding	Holding		
		YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	YES NO		
1.4	As a result did other family members have regular incidents of interrupted sleep?	YES	NO	Specify				
1.5	Did your child's sleeping difficulty impact on family harmony?	YES	NO	Specify				
2	TOILET TRAINING							
2.1	Was your child in a day nappy when he/she started O.T?	YES	NO	OCCASION/ Specify				
2.2	Was your child still in a nappy at night when he/she started O.T.?	YES	NO	N/A				
2.3	Were there incidents of bedwetting?	YES	NO	N/A				
2.3.1	How often did accidents occur?	Never	Infrequently	Once a week	Once a month	More		
3	FEEDING	\/=0	1110	10	-			
3.1	Were there feeding issues when your child started O.T.?	YES	NO	Comments				
3.1.1	Was the variety of food tastes limited?	YES	NO	Specify				
3.1.2	Was the variety of food textures limited?	YES	NO	Specify				

3.1.3	Did this cause disruption in family routine?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2	Were there difficulties with chewing?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2.1	Were there difficulties with sucking?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2.2	Were there difficulties with swallowing?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2.3	Did your child used to gag?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.3	Was your child's limited attention span an issue at meal times?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.3.1	Did this limit the quantity of solid food ingested?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.3.2	For how long could your child sit at meals?	1-2 minutes	3-5 minutes	6-10 minutes	longer
3.3.3	Did this cause parents frustration / distress?	YES	NO	Comments	
3.3.4	Did it impact on family harmony at mealtimes?	YES	NO	Comments	
		F	AMILY ADJU	STMENT	
4.	SOCIAL FUNCTION	S AND FAMI	LY GATHERIN	IGS	
4.1	Were you able to take your child to family gatherings?	YES	NO	Comments	
4.2	Were you able to take your child to birthday parties?	YES	NO	Comments	
4.3	Were you able to take your child to eat at restaurants?	YES	NO	Comments	·
4.4	Were his/her siblings able to have friends to play?	YES	NO	Comments	

4.5	Was the family able to sustain relationships with other families during the period prior to starting O.T.?	YES	NO					
5.	IMPACT ON INDIVID	DUAL FAMIL	Y MEMBERS					
5.1	Did having a child with an ASD result in distress in any of the family members	YES	NO	Comments				
5.1.1	Mother?	YES	NO	Comments				
5.1.2	Father?	YES	NO	Comments				
5.1.3	Siblings?	YES	NO	Comments				
5.2	Record direct consequences for any family member		Withdrawal of one parent?	Depression	Parental separation / Divorce?	Other?		
	with an X?	YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	YES NO		
5.3	Were you able to continue your career before your child started O.T.?	YES	NO	Comments	nents			
5.4	Were you able to pursue your own interests prior to your child starting O.T.?	YES	NO	Comments				
6.	SOCIAL INTERACT	ON						
6.1	Did your child exhibit aggressive behaviour prior to starting O.T.?	YES	NO	Comments				
6.1.1	Directed towards himself?	YES	NO	Comments				
6.1.2	Directed at others?	YES	NO	Comments				
6.1.3	Detail using an X	Biting?	Pinching?	Hitting?	Other?			
		YES NO	YES NO	YES NO	YES	NO		
6.2	Did your child exhibit tantrums?	YES	NO	Comments				
6.2.1	Did this cause distress to other family members?	YES	NO	Comments				

6.3	Did your child use "self stimulatory behaviour " (stimming) to deal with sensory overload?			NO		Comments						
6.3.1	Did "stimming" behaviour in public cause distress to other members of the family?			NO		Comm						
6.3.2	Record with a X	Hand flappi	ng?	Rockii	ng?	Mastu n?	rbatio	Head bangii		Jump	ing?	
	YES NO		YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO		
		Smell	ing,	Breat holdin	Breath holding, Humming?		Biting, mouthing? Sub- vocalising?		Visual fixing? Spinning objects?		ng?	
		YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	
6.4	Did your child struggle to cope with transitions between activities?	YES		NO				***************************************				
6.4.1	Was this distressing?	YES		NO		Comments						
6.5	Prior to starting O.T. was your child over-dependent on his/her parents or clingy?	YES		NO		Comments						
6.5.1	Was this distressing?	YES		NO		Comm	nents					
6.6	Prior to starting O.T. was yelling and screaming by other family members a common occurrence?	YES		NO		Comm	nents					
6.6.1	Was this distressing?	YES		NO		Comm						
6.7	Was your child able to communicate his/her needs prior to starting O.T.?	YES		NO		Comm	nents					

6.7.1	Record with an X	Talkin	g	Signir	ng	Sound	ds	Poi	inting	Crying Screa	
		YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO
		PLAY	SKIL	LS / PE	ER IN	TERAC	ΓΙΟΝ				
7.	FREE TIME / PLAY	TIME									
7.1	Was your child destructive towards toys prior to starting O.T?	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
7.2	Was your child able to play by him / herself prior to starting O.T? (excl. watching T.V.)	YES		NO		Comr					
7.2.1	For how long?	1 – 2 mins		2 – 5 mins 5 – 10 r) mins	10 - min	– 30 is	Mor	e? 	
7.3	Could your child play alongside another child prior to starting O.T.?	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
7.4	Was your child able to make friends prior to starting O.T.	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
7.5	Was your child able to participate in structured group play prior to starting O.T.?	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
7.6	Was your child able to play in familiar settings prior to starting O.T.?	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
7.7	Was your child able to play in unfamiliar settings prior to starting O.T.?	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
8	SCHOOLING										
8.1	Was your child home schooled prior to star O.T.?		sch spe sta	as your on nool for ecial need rting O.	childre eds pri T.?	n with or to	a	regula tarting	r pre-se O.T ?	able to chool pr	
	YES NO		YE	S		NO	TY	'ES		NO	

		Е	BIOLO	GICA	L RHYT	HMS					
1	SLEEPING										
1.1	Does your child still have a sleeping problem?	YES		NO		N/A	N/A				
1.2	How many times per night does he/she now wake?	Almos	never		2	3-4		5-6		more	
1.3	What does it take to get him/her back to sleep?	Rocki YES		Hur YES	nming S NO	Singin YES	ng NO	Feeding O YES		YES	
1.4	Do family members still have interrupted sleep?	YES		NO)	Spe	cify				
1.5	Does your child's sleeping difficulty still impact on family harmony?	YES	YES)	N/A					
2	TOILET TRAINING								***		
2.1	Is your child still in a nappy in the day?	YES		NO		occ	ASSI	ONALL	Υ		
2.2	Is your child still in a nappy at night?	YES		NO	NO N/A						
2.3	Are there still incidents of bedwetting?	YES		NO		Com	ments	3			
2.3.1	How often do these accidents occur?	Neve	r	Infr	equently	Once a week		I .	nce a		More
3	FEEDING			<u> </u>		1					
3.1	Does your child still have feeding issues?	YES			NO			ments			
3.1.1	Is the variety of food tastes he tolerates still limited?	YES			NO		Spec				
3.1.2	Is the variety of food textures that he tolerates still limited?	YES			NO.		Spec	cify			
3.1.3	Is there still a disruption in the family routine as a result of atypical eating patterns?	YES	ΞS		NO		N/A				

3.2	Does your child still struggle to chew a variety of foods?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2.1	Does your child still struggle to suck through a straw?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2.2	Does your child still struggle to swallow a variety of foods?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.2.3	Does your child still gag?	YES	NO	N/A	
3.3	Does your child struggle to sit still at meal times due to limited attention span	YES	NO	Specify	
3.3.1	Does this still affect the quantity of solid food ingested?	YES	NO	Specify	
3.3.2	For how long can your child sit at meals?	1-2 minutes	3-5 minutes	6-10 minutes	longer
3.3.3	Is our child's attention span at meal times a source of frustration / distress for parents?	YES	NO	Comments	
3.3.4	Does it still impact on family harmony at mealtimes?	YES	NO	Comments	
			LY ADJUSTM	ENT	
4.	SOCIAL FUNCTIONS	AND FAMILY			
4.1	Are you now able to take your child to family gatherings?	YES	NO	Comments	
4.2	Are you now able to take your child to birthday parties?	YES	NO	Comments	
4.3	Are you now able to take your child to eat at restaurants?	YES	NO	Comments	
4.4	Are his/her siblings now able to have friends to play?	YES	NO	Comments	
4.5	Is the family more able to sustain relationships with other families?	YES	NO	Comments	

5.	IMPACT ON INDIVIDI	JAL F	AMILY	ME	ME	ERS							
5.1	Is there a noticeable improvement in the level of distress in any of the family members since your child had O.T.?	YES			NO			Comments					
5.1.1	Mother?	YES			NC)		Comm	ents				
5.1.2	Father?	YES			NC			Comm	ents				
5.1.3	Siblings?	YES			NC)		Comm	ents				
5.2.	Has there been an improvement in the ability of family members to cope with stress?	Sharing of care YES NO		Sharing of Mocare inv		volvement of		olution Resolution of marita ression conflict?		rital	Other?		
5.3	If YES, please detail Have you been able to resume your career in any way since your child had O.T?	YES	1		NO			Comments					
5.4	Have you been more able to pursue your own interests more since your child had O.T.?	YES		NO Comments									
6.	SOCIAL INTERACTION	ON			1								
6.1	Does your child still exhibit aggressive behaviour.?	YES			10		N/A						
6.1.1	Is it still directed towards himself?	YES		1	10		N/A						
6.1.2	Is it still directed at others?	YES			1 O		N/A						
6.1.3	Is there still	Biting				ching?		Hitting?	,	Oth			
		YES	NO		YES		10	YES	NO	YES	3 N	0	
6.2	Does your child still exhibit tantrums?	YES			10			SSIONA	LLY		- -		
6.2.1	Are tantrums still a source of distress to other family members?	YES NO Comments					ents						
6.3	Does your child still use "self stimulatory behaviour " (stimming) to deal with sensory	YES		N	1 0		Comm	ents					

	overload?										
6.3.1	Does "stimming" behaviour still limit your ability to take your child out to public places?	YES		NO		Com	Comments				
6.3.2	Does your child still use the following to cope with anxiety or	g to flapping?		Rock	<u> </u>		banging			oing?	
	sensory overload?	YES Smel		YES Brea holdir Humr	ng,	Sub-	g, thing?	Visual		YES Teetl grind	า
6.4	Does your child still struggle to cope with transitions between activities?	YES	NO_	YES NO	NO	YES N/A	NO YES NO YES NO				NO
6.4.1	Does this still cause distress to family members?	YES		NO		Com	ments				
6.5	Is your child still over dependent on his/her parents or clingy?	YES		NO		Com	ments				
6.5.1	Does this still make separations challenging?	YES		NO		Comi	ments	1 - 11			
6.6	Is there still yelling and screaming by other family members in the home since your child had O.T.?	YES		NO		N/A					
6.6.1	Does this still cause distress to family members?	YES		NO		Comr	nents	V11 (MI)			
6.7	Is your child able to communicate his/her needs since starting O.T.?	YES		NO		Comr	nents				
6.7.1	How does he/she communicate now? Record with an X	Talkin		Signin	g	Sound	ds	Pointir	ng	Crying Screa	
		YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO

7.	FREE TIME / PLAY T	IME						
7.1	Is your child still destructive towards toys?	YES	NO		Comme	nts		
7.2	Does your child still struggle to play by him/ herself? (excl. watching T.V.)	YES	NO		N/A			
7.2.1	For how long?	1 – 2 mins	2 – 5 mins	5 5 - 10 mins	m	0 – 30 nins	More ?	
7.3	Can your child play alongside another child?	YES	NO		Comme			
7.4	Is your child able to make friends?	YES	NO		Comme	nts		
7.5	Is your child now able to participate in structured group play?	YES	NO		Comme			
7.6	Is your child now able to play in familiar settings?	YES	NO			Comments		
7.7	Is your child now able to play in unfamiliar settings?	YES	NO		Comme	nts		
8	SCHOOLING	T				1 1 1 - 1 1	111	
8.1	Is your child home- schooled?	Is your child children with				cniid abie pre-scho	to attend a	
	YES NO	YES	NO NO	cus	YES	NO		

9.	SUMMARY			
9.1	Do you attribute improvements in biological functions i.e. sleeping, toilet training, feeding to improved sensory regulation?	YES	NO	To what do you attribute improvements?
9.2	Do you attribute improvements in family adjustment to improvements in sensory regulation?	YES	NO	To what do you attribute improvements?
9.3	Do you attribute improvements in play skills and peer interaction to improvements in sensory regulation?	YES	NO	To what do you attribute improvements?

Comments Please comment on any other affects OT has had in terms of the effect on your and the family's life

Thank you for your time and effort in completing this lengthy questionnaire

Kerry Wallace B.Sc (O.T.) U.C.T.

A:3 Occupational Performance Questionnaire (OPQ)

Occupational Performance Questionnaire

Kerry A. Wallace

Questionnaire Number	Male	Female
Start of Therapy		(Date)
6 months later		(Date completed)
1 year later		(Date completed)

KEY TO COMPLETING THE OCCUPATIONAL PERFORMANCE QUESTIONAIRE

Please mark the box that best describes the frequency with which your child displays the behaviours described or the affect on the family. Please answer all the questions. You may write comments at the end of each section.

Almost always	The response to the question is true 90% or more of the time
Frequently	The response to the question is true about 75% of the time
Occasionally	The response to the question is true about 50% of the time
Seldom	The response to the question is true about 25% of the time
Almost Never	The response to the question is true 10% or less of the time

Questionnaire

A longitudinal study to investigate the Occupational Performance Pre-School Children With Autistic Spectrum Disorders receiving occupational therapy using Sensory Integration theory and methods; and how this affects mothers' parenting stress.

Kindly complete this questionnaire to the best of your ability. Part 1 only required once, but you will be required to fill in Part 2 at 6 monthly intervals before and during the time your child attends SI based Occupational therapy, and Part 3 only at the end of a year.

PART 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

I AIXI I. GLIV	ERAL INFOR						
1. Questionnaire No.							
2. Marital status of mother	single	divorc	ed L	iving w partne			
3. Sex of your child	Ma	ile			emale		
1. Age of your child		Years		Mor	nths		
5. Mother's Occupation			4				
6. Father's Occupation							
7. Family Income per month	<r2000< td=""><td>R5000</td><td>R1</td><td>0 000</td><td>>R20 000</td></r2000<>	R5000	R1	0 000	>R20 000		
B. Ethnic group	Caucasian	Mixed	As	Asian African			
9. Indicate your child's diagnosis with a X	Autistic dis	sorder	PDD	Asp	ergers syndro		
10. Name of the Doctor who made the diagnosis							
11. Is your child currently on any prescribed medication?		YES			NO		
12. If yes -Specify which medication? Or other medication that is not prescribed		A	A				
13. Does your child have Speech Therapy?	Y	ES			NO		
14. Does your child have Physiotherapy?	Y	ES			NO		
15. Does your child have ABA (Applied Behaviour Analysis)	Y	ES		NO			
16. How old was your child when he/she slept through the night?		ears	Month	S	N/A		
17. How old was your child when he/she was toilet trained in the day?	Y	ears	Month	S	N/A		
18. How old was your child when he no longer needed to wear a nappy at night?	Y	ears	Month	s	N/A		
At what age did your child stop having tantrums?	Y	ears	Month	s	N/A		
20. Does your child spend the day at home with mother/caregiver?	Y	ES			NO		
21. Is your child home-schooled?	Y	ES			NO		
22. Is your child at a pre-school for children with special needs?	Y	ES			NO		
	YES			NO			

		OCCUPATIONAL PERFORMANCE AREAS					
		A. PERSONAL MANAGEMENT					
			ALMOST ALWAYS	FREQUENTLY	OCCASIONALLY	SELDOM	ALMOST NEVER
1. SLEEPING	1.1 1.2 1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.5 1.4 1.5	Does your child have a sleeping problem? How many times per night does he/she wake? Do you use rocking to get him/her back to sleep? Do you use humming? Do you use singing? Do you use feeding? Do you use holding? Do family members have interrupted sleep? Does your child's sleeping pattern impact on family harmony?	>6	5-6	3-4	1-2	0
2. TOILET TRAINING	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.3.1	Is your child in a nappy in the day? Is your child in a nappy at night? Are there incidents of bedwetting? How often do accidents occur during the day?					
	3.1 3.2 3.3	Is the variety of food tastes your child tolerates limited? Is the variety of food textures that your child eats limited? Is there a disruption in the family routine as a result					
FEEDING	3.4 3.5 3.6	of atypical eating patterns? Does your child struggle to chew a variety of foods? Does your child struggle to suck through a straw? Does your child struggle to swallow a variety of foods?					
3. FE	3.7 3.8 3.9	Does your child gag on solid food? Does your child struggle to sit still at meal times due to limited attention span? Does this affect the quantity of solid food eaten?					
	3.10	For how long can your child sit at meals?	longer	10- 15 mins	6-10 mins	3-5 mins	1-2 mins
	3.11	Is your child's attention span at meal times a source of frustration / distress for parents?					
	3.12	Does it impact on family harmony at mealtimes?					

4.1 Does your child exhibit aggressive behaviour? 4.1.1 Is it directed towards himself? 4.1.2 Is it directed at others? Is there 4.2.1 Biting? 4.2.2 Pinching? 4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping? 4.4.2 Rocking? 4.4.3 Masturbation? 4.4.4 Head banging? 4.4.5 Jumping? 4.4.6 Smelling / Sniffing?			B. SOCIAL INTERACTION					
4.1.1 Is it directed towards himself? 4.1.2 Is it directed at others? Is there 4.2.1 Biting? 4.2.2 Pinching? 4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?				ALMOST ALWAYS	FREQUENTLY	OCCASIONALLY	SELDOM	ALMOST NEVER
4.1.2 Is it directed at others? Is there 4.2.1 Biting? 4.2.2 Pinching? 4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?								
Is there 4.2.1 Biting? 4.2.2 Pinching? 4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?								
4.2.1 Biting? 4.2.2 Pinching? 4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?		4.1.2	Is it directed at others?					
4.2.2 Pinching? 4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?				4			4	
4.2.3 Hitting? 4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?								
4.2.4 Other? 4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?		4.2.2	Pinching?					
4.3 Does your child exhibit tantrums? 4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?			Hitting?	4			A	
4.3.1 Are tantrums a source of distress to other family members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?		4.2.4	Other?					
members? 4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?		4.3	Does your child exhibit tantrums?					
4.4 Does your child use "self stimulatory behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?		4.3.1				4000		
behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?			members?					
behaviour" (stimming) to deal with anxiety or sensory overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?		4.4	Does your child use "self stimulatory	4				
overload? 4.4.1 Hand flapping?								
4.4.2 Pooking?				4				
4.4.2 Pooking?		4.4.1	Hand flapping?					
4.4.3 Masturbation? 4.4.4 Head banging?	_	4.4.2						
9 4.4.4 Head banging?	Ι	4.4.3	Masturbation?					
	≥	4.4.4	Head banging?					
9 4.4.5 Jumping?	9	4.4.5						
4.4.6 Smelling / Sniffing?	=	4.4.6						
4.4.7 Breath-holding?	`							
4.4.8 Biting, mouthing?								
4.4.9 Sub-vocalising?								
4.4.10 Visual Fixing?								
4.4.11 Spinning objects?								
4.4.12 Teeth grinding?								
4.4.13 Touching vibrating objects?								
4.4.14 Does "stimming" behaviour limit your ability to take								
your child out to public places?			TOTAL TOTAL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO					
4.5 Does your child struggle to cope with transitions		4.5						
between activities?								
4.5.1 Does this cause distress to family members?		4.5.1						
4.6 Is your child over dependent on his/her parents or								
clingy?			·					
4.6.1 Does this make separations challenging?		4.0.4		1			1	1

			I	1	1		
			ALMOST ALWAYS	FREQUENTLY	OCCASIONALLY	SELDOM	ALMOST NEVER
	5.1	Does your child ignore other children in play?					
	5.2	Does your child observe other children in play?					
	5.3	Does your child play alongside another child?	4				
z	5.4	Does your child make eye contact during play?					
은	5.5	Does your child smile in response to others?					
PEER INTERACTION	5.6	Does your child respond when others ask questions or make statements?					
	5.7	Can your child take turns?					
ER	5.8	Can your child ask for help appropriately?	1				
F	5.9	Can your child share toys?					
ιċ	5.10	Does your child interact with others during play?		4			
	5.11	Can your child imitate another child/ adult who is playing?					
	5.12	Does your child make friends?	W				
	0.12	Bood your orma make menas.					
Z	6.1	Are you able to attend family gatherings with your child?					
l ₽ E	6.2	Are you able to take your child to birthday parties?					
SRC	6.3	Are you able to take your child to eat at restaurants?					
6. GROUP INTERACTION	6.4	Are his/her siblings able to have friends to play?					
Ξ	6.5	Is the family able to sustain relationships with other families?					
	T		Г	1			1
		How does your child communicate?					
Z	7.1	Talking?					
CATIC	7.2	Signing?					
N D WE	7.3	Making sounds ?					
7. COMMUNICATION	7.4	Pointing?					
	7.5	Crying/Screaming ?					
	1	1	l	1	L		Ц

		C. PLAY					
			ALMOST ALWAYS	FREQUENTLY	OCCASIONALLY	SELDOM	ALMOST NEVER
	8.1	Does your child run around aimlessly, visually attend to					
8.LEVEL OF PLAY	8.2	objects, and enjoy being pushed in a swing? Does you child explore toys by mouthing or banging, shaking or poking one toy repetitively?					
	8.3	Does your child manipulate single objects e.g. press a button, push a car, open/shut doors?					
	8.4	Does your child like to pack and unpack, push, pull, pour, put pieces into a puzzle?					
	8.5	Does your child engage in social games e.g. tugging a blanket off his head during peek-a-boo?			7		
	8.6	Does your child engage in pretend play e.g. drink from an empty cup, pretend to feed a doll?	No.				
	8.7	Does your child substitute objects in play sequences? e.g. block for a car, claim a toy stove is hot					
	9.1	Does your child choose what games to play?					
	9.1.1	Does your child seek out movement activities in play?					
	9.1.2	Does your child seek out sensory activities in play?					
	9.1.3	Does your child choose age appropriate toys to play with?					
OUAL	9.2	For how long can your child play by him/ herself in minutes? (Excluding watching T.V.)	>30	30	5-10	1 - 5	<1
9. INDIVIDUAL	9.2.1	For how long can your child sustain attention with an adult during play in minutes?	>30	30	5-10	1 - 5	<1
6	9.2.3	For how long can your child sustain attention with another child during play in minutes?	>30	30	5-10	1 - 5	<1
	9.2.4	Does your child get stuck in play themes e.g. "TV programmes"?					
	9.2.5	Can your child shift attention during play?					
			1	1	1	Г	
	10.1	Can your child participate in structured group play?					
	10.1.1	Can your child play in familiar settings?					
	10.1.2	Can your child play in unfamiliar settings?					
₫	10.2	Does your child engage in repetitive play?					
GROUP	10.3	Is your child destructive towards toys?					
10. GF	10.4	Is your child able to cope with frustration and challenges during play?					
	10.5	Can your child imitate an adult or another child who is playing?					
	10.6	Does your child understand when others tease or joke?					
	10.7	Does your child tease or joke?					

	D. IMPACT ON INDIVIDUAL FAMILY ME	EMBER	RS			
		ALMOST ALWAYS	FREQUENTLY	OCCASIONALLY	SELDOM	ALMOST NEVER
11.1	Is there yelling and screaming by other family members in the home?					
11.2	Does this distress other family members?	4				
11.3	Does having a child with an ASD result in distress in any of the family members?					
11.3.1	Mother?		4			
11.3.2	Father?					
11.3.3	Siblings?			4104		
11.4	Have you been able to pursue your chosen career since having a child with an ASD?					
11.5	Are you able to pursue your own interests?		<i>y</i>			
11.6	Have there been direct consequences for any family member?					
11.6.1	Delegation of care?					
11.6.2	Withdrawal of one parent?					
11.6.3	Marital Conflict?					
11.6.4	Parental Separation/Divorce?					
11.6.5	Depression?					

		>90%	75%	50%	25%	<10%
12.	Has there been an improvement in the ability of family					
	members to cope with stress?					
12.1	Reinstatement of marriage?					
12.2	Resolution of marital conflict?					
12.3	Resolution of depression?					
12.4	More involvement of both parents?					
12.5	Sharing of care?		A			
13.	PARENTAL SATISFACTION WITH INTERVENTION					
13.1	How satisfied are you with the therapist 's rapport with your child?					
13.2	How satisfied are you with the therapist 's rapport with parents?					
13.3	Is the therapeutic environment developmentally appropriate and stimulating					
13.4	Does therapy provide an appropriate level of challenge?			4		
14.1	To what do you attribute improvements in your child's personal management i.e. sleeping, toilet training, feeding?					
14.2	To what do you attribute improvements in family adjustment?					
14.3	To what do you attribute improvements in your child's play skills and peer interaction?					

Comments

Please comment on any other affects OT has had in terms of the effect on your child's and the family's life. Thank you for your time and effort in completing this lengthy questionnaire.

Appendix BInformation Sheet for parents



KERRY A. WALLACE

B.Sc (O.T.) U.C.T.

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST

Pr. No. 6602118

P.O.Box 3655 Cramerview 2060.

Tel: (011) 706-8280

email: kerrywallace@mweb.co.za

12 Eccleston Crescent Bryanston SANDTON Fax: (011) 706-6997

Dear Mother,

A longitudinal study to explore the relationship between the occupational performance of Pre-school Children with Autistic Spectrum disorders, receiving Occupational therapy, using sensory integration theory and methods, and how this affects mothers' parenting stress.

II am doing research on children diagnosed with Autistic Spectrum disorders (ASD). Research is just the process to learn the answer to a question. In this study we want to learn how the pre-school child's sensory profile determines their ability to carry out everyday activities in personal care, play and social interaction and how this affects their mother's stress. There will be 50 South African families included in the study.

Il would appreciate you spending 30 minutes completing a questionnaire on your child's level of function in activities of daily living and family functioning, the Short Sensory Profile and the Parenting Stress Index-Short form which will each take 10 minutes of your time. This will allow me to establish how your child's abilities to do everyday activities affects the families functioning and the affect on your stress levels. You will be required to complete the same forms again after 6 months and 1 year into your child's therapy. This will allow me to establish what outcomes in terms of your child's abilities to do everyday activities most changes the families functioning and the affect on your stress levels. Short video clips of treatment are required to ensure that the therapeutic environment, therapist, and therapist/child relationship meets fidelity criteria laid down by international SI researchers. Video clips will be used purely for research purposes and will be destroyed once therapist fidelity has been established. Questionnaires will be number coded to ensure confidentiality.

Your participation is entirely voluntary, and can be assured that the information will be treated confidentially. Should you prefer not to be involved in this study or to withdraw at any time your child's therapy will not be compromised in any way and there will be no consequences to yourself.

II will endeavour to keep personal information confidential. However absolute confidentiality cannot be guaranteed. The Research Ethics Committee (Medical) (REC), may inspect or copy research records for quality assurance and data analysis. If the results are published, this may lead to individual identification. Should you have any complaints or problems, these can be reported to Prof S. Naidoo at the University of the Witwatersrand School of Public Health via The Secretary of Human Research Ethics Committee on (011) 717-1234 or by fax on 011 339-5708.

Should you be interested in the outcome of the study, once the study has been completed, feedback can be forwarded to you. Please include an e-mail address to enable me to do so. If you are happy to participate in this study, please sign and read the attached consent form. If you have any queries, more information can be obtained from Kerry Wallace at (011)706-8280.

Thank you for your time and co-operation in this matter,

Kerry Wallace

A longitudinal study to investigate the Occupational Performance of Pre-school children with Autistic Spectrum Disorders receiving Occupational therapy using Sensory Integration theory and methods; and how this affects mothers' parenting stress.

Parent Consent form

I hereby consent to take part in the study entitled :- A longitudinal study to investigate the Occupational Performance of Pre-School Children with Autistic Spectrum Disorders receiving Occupational Therapy using Sensory Integration theory and methods; and how this affects mothers' parenting stress.

I agree to fill out the questionnaires required.

I agree that short video clips of my child's sessions, may be taken, purely for research purposes, in order to establish environmental and therapist fidelity.

I hereby consent for the information from the questionnaires to be used for research purposes,

Signed by	Parent of (not essential?)						
Date	Place						
e-mail address (if applicable)							
Questionnaire No				••••			

Appendix CInformation letter for occupational therapists



KERRY A. WALLACE

B.Sc (O.T.) U.C.T.

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST

Pr. No. 6602118

P.O. Box 3655 Cramerview 2060.

Tel: (011) 706-8280

Email: kerrywallace@mweb.co.za

12 Eccleston Crescent Bryanston SANDTON

Fax: (011) 706-6997

Dear Colleague,

My name is Kerry Wallace, a qualified occupational therapist with an interest in Sensory Integration therapy, and in particular its application as an early intervention strategy in the treatment of young children with Autistic Spectrum Disorders.

This research project aims to evaluate the abilities of pre- school child with ASD who is receiving occupational therapy using a sensory integration approach, to carry out everyday activities in personal care, play and social interaction. The effect of any change in this ability on family adjustment and the mothers stress levels will be determined. The study is important as in occupational therapy practice, the increase in the prevalence of ASD, is of concern, not only due to the chronic nature of the disorder, but also because research shows that it is the developmental disability that has the most profound effect on the family members.

If am requesting that you recruit any new children referred with ASD to your practice for the study. Please take particular note of the exclusion criteria, which includes children with the following co-morbidities sensory deficits (e.g deaf or blindness), cerebral palsy, mental retardation, or a child who deteriorates instead of improves Childhood disintegration disorder. Mother's who are single parents would also be excluded due to the extraneous stresses.

If you are willing for your practice to be included in the study I will need to ask that you agree to an assessment of the SI procedures used in the practice so that I can ensure the quality of therapy provided to the subjects. Please review the fidelity criteria which have been developed by Parham et al (2006) in conjunction with numerous Occupational Therapy researchers, aiming to ensure that the therapy provided adheres to the process and structure of sensory integration principles. I will contact you telephonically and discuss aspects of the fidelity criteria with you, as I need to ensure that all practices and therapists meet these criteria before their cases can be included in the study. I will need to verify the fidelity criteria, by having random sections of video-clips reviewed. Video footage of SI treatment can be submitted, or the researcher will arrange to have video footage filmed for this purpose. The video clips will be destroyed once they have been verified.

Thereafter, kindly inform me telephonically or by e-mail, when a new case with a diagnosis on the Autistic spectrum (2 – 6 yrs) is referred to you for SI therapy. I will send a numbered Occupational Performance Questionnaire, a Sensory Profile-short form (SSP) and a Parenting Stress Index (PSI-SF), for each case. They must be completed by the mother during the first month of commencing SI therapy. If necessary, you may be required to assist them in completing the questionnaire, and clarify if there are any questions. Please return the questionnaires to me in the stamped addressed envelope provided immediately.

After 6 months, and again after a year, the mother will be required to complete the same questionnaires in order for the researcher to measure the effect of SI therapy on the child's Occupational Performance, and Parenting Stress. I will send you the forms at the appropriate time. Kindly return these in the stamped addressed envelopes provided.

II will endeavour to keep personal information confidential. However absolute confidentiality cannot be guaranteed. The Research Ethics Committee (Medical) (REC), may inspect or copy research records for quality assurance and data analysis. If the results are published, this may lead to individual identification. Should you have any complaints or problems, these can be reported to Prof S. Naidoo at the University of the Witwatersrand School of Public Health via The Secretary of Human Research Ethics Committee on (011) 717-1234 or by fax on 011 339-5708.

I really do appreciate your willingness to participate in this project, which I trust will be useful in setting minimum standards for the treatment of this vulnerable population group in the pre-school years.

Regards

Kerry Wallace

Therapist Consent form

I hereby confirm the therapist for this patient is SI certified, that the fidelity criteria for SI therapy are applicable to my practice, and that my patients can be included in this study. I will submit / agree to the researcher taking video clips of treatment which will be destroyed once the researcher has verified fidelity criteria for the treating therapist and the therapeutic environment.

Signed by			(Supe	rvising Occi	upational The	erapist)
					(Date SI	certified)
Date		Р	lace			
Postal address						
e-mail address	<i>A</i>					
aaa		Value of the same	1000			

Appendix D

Fidelity Measure

- I Physical Environment
- II Safe Environment
- III Therapist qualifications
- IV Available equipment
- V Ten core elements critical to the OT-SI intervention process
- VI Detailed Results of Fidelity Measure of SI-OT Intervention Analysis
 Essential Characteristics of Occupational Therapy Using Sensory Integration ©

FIDELITY CRITERIA

The researcher visited all 8 sites and confirmed that in all cases the physical environments met the six criteria, the five safety criteria 92% of the Equipment stipulated was available across all sites:-

| Physical Environment

- 1. Adequate space to allow for flow of vigorous physical activity
- 2. A flexible arrangement of equipment and materials to allow for rapid change of the physical and spatial configuration of intervention environment
- At least 3 hooks for hanging suspended equipment, with a minimum distance between the hooks of 0.75 – 1.00 m. This provides enough room to allow for full orbit on suspended equipment.
- 4. One or more rotational devices attached to a ceiling support to allow 360 degrees of rotation.
- 5. A quiet space (tent, adjacent room or partially enclosed area)
- 6. One or more sets of bungee cords for hanging suspended equipment.

| | Safe Environment

- 7. Mats, cushions, pillows available to be used to pad the floor underneath all suspended equipment during intervention
- 8. Equipment adjustable to the child's size
- 9. The equipment that is accessible is monitored for safe use by the therapist
- 10. Equipment not being used is stored, anchored, or placed at the sides of the room, so children cannot fall or trip over it.
- 11. Monitoring of equipment for safety (e.g. ropes and bungee cords not frayed)

III Therapist qualifications

The credentials of therapists involved in the treatment of the subjects were verified by the researcher to ensure that they fulfilled the criteria stipulated by the research team who developed the Fidelity criteria. These included Therapist qualifications. All 7 participating therapists had completed postgraduate training in SI/SIPT through SAISI, up to Course 3 (Test Interpretation), and 5 of the therapists had completed SI/SIPT training up to Course 4(SI Treatment). Four of the therapists are considered experts in the field and provide clinical supervision and 3 of these are part of SAISI's core lecturing team in SA. The two therapists who are in the process of SI certification receive one hour per week of supervision with an expert of at least 5 yrs of experience in providing OT using SI intervention with children on the Autistic spectrum.

Therapist no.	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7
No. of year's experience since	20	7	19	1	SIPT Course 3	14	SIPT Course 3
SCSIT/SIPT certification							

IV Available equipment

	, rranabio oquipinont	1	1a	2	3	4	5	6	7	tot
1	Bouncing equipment (trampoline)	√	V	V	V	V	V	V		8
2	Rubber strips or ropes for pulling	, 	, 	, 	, 	· \	, 	1	· √	8
		,	,	· .	,	· ·		<u>`</u> ,	· ·	
3	Therapy balls	V	V	V	1	1	√	1	V	8
4	Platform swing – square	√	X	Х	V	X	Χ	7	√	4
5	Platform glider swing	V	V	X	V	V	1	X	1	6
6	Frog swing	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	1	V	$\sqrt{}$	1	8
7	Scooter/ramp	V	V	V	V	V	1	V	1	8
8	Flexion disc	V	V	V	7	V	1	7	1	8
9	Bolster swing	V	V	х	V	V	1	V	V	7
10	Tyre swing	V	х	X	V	1	V	x	V	5
11	Weighted objects such as balls or beanbags in	V	1	1	1	V	V	V	V	8
	a variety of sizes	4				A				
12	Inner tubes	V	V	1	V	Х	X	V	1	6
13	Spandex fabric	V	٧	1	V	V	V	V	√	8
14	Crash pillow	1	1	V	V	V	V	V	V	8
15	Ball pit / snow box	V	V	V	1	V	V	V	V	8
16	Vibrating toys or massagers	7	1	1	V	V	V	V	V	8
17	Variety of tactile materials (rice brushes,	V	V	1	V	V	V	V	√	8
	carpet squares, beans)									
18	Visual targets (e.g. balloons, Velcro darts,	1	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	8
	hanging objects)									
19	Ramps	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	$\sqrt{}$	8
20	Climbing equipment (wooden, plastic steps,	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	8
	ladders or stacking tube tires, foam blocks)									
21	Barrel for rolling	V	V	V	V	Х	Х	V	V	6
22	Props to support engagement in play (e.g.	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	8
	dress up clothes, dolls, stuffed animals, bats,									
	balls, bikes, puppets, sports equipment)									
23	Materials for practising daily living skills (e.g.	V	V	√	V	V	√	V	\checkmark	8
	pencils, pens and other school supplies,									
	grooming, clothing and home related objects									
	Total equipment available	23	21	19	23	20	20	21	23	170
	Percentage equipment available	100	91	83	100	87	87	91	100	92

V Ten core elements critical to the OT-SI intervention process (Parham et al 2007)

- 1. Therapist ensures child's safety
- 2. Therapist presents sensory opportunities
- 3. Therapist helps the child to attain and maintain appropriate levels of alertness, as well as an affective state that supports engagement in activities
- 4. Postural, ocular, oral and or bilateral motor control are challenged.
- 5. Praxis and organisation of behaviour are challenged
- 6. Therapist collaborates with child on activity choice
- 7. Therapist tailors the activity to present the just-right challenge
- 8. Therapist ensures that activities are successful
- 9. Therapist supports the child's intrinsic motivation to play
- 10. Therapist establishes a therapeutic alliance with the child.

VI Detailed Results of Fidelity Measure of SI-OT Intervention Analysis Essential Characteristics of Occupational Therapy Using Sensory Integration © Draft Summary 2007

Purpose: The purpose of this measure is to ensure for research purposes that occupational therapy using sensory integration adheres to the theory and principles developed originally by Dr. A. Jean Ayres.

Part I: Therapist Qualifications UNKNOWN

Part II: Record Review UNKNOWN

Part III: Preparation for Intervention

A. Physical Environment
B. Safe Environment
C. Available Equipment
YES
YES

- D. Communication with Parents and Teachers Documented Goals and Objectives Established UNKNOWN
- E. Family and/or Teacher Education UNKNOWN

Part IV: Observation of Intervention Using Sensory Integration Principles

Key to Ratings

- 4 Certainly, I think the therapist intentionally uses this strategy.
- 3 Probably, I think the therapist intentionally uses this strategy.
- 2 Doubtful, I don't think the therapist intentionally uses this strategy.
- 1 No, I don't think the therapist intentionally uses this strategy.

1. The therapist ensures physical safety by attending to the child's abilities and potential	4	3	2	1	Comment
dangers.	T6				1
	T3				2
	T4				3
	T7				4
	T2				
	T1				
	T5				
2. The therapist presents the child with at least two of the following three types of sensory opportunities a. tactile, b. vestibular, c. proprioceptive.	4	3	2	1	Comment

						1
	T6					2
	Т3					3
	T4					4
	T7					
	T2					
	T1					
	T5					
3. The therapist assists child to attain and maintain	4	4	3	2	1	Comments
appropriate levels of alertness, as well as an affective state that supports engagement in activities through			Т6			1
changes in intensity, duration, frequency and rhythm of sensory input.	Т3				And the second	2
			T4			3
			T7			
			T2			
			T1			
			T5			
4. The therapist challenges postural, ocular, oral and/or bilateral motor control.	4		3	2	1	Comment
	T6					S
	T3					1
						2
	T4					3
	T7					4
	T2					
	T1					
	T5					
5. The therapist challenges the child's praxis and organization of behavior	4	3	2 T6		1	Comments

1

	Т3			2
		T4		3
T7				
	T2			4
T1				
10				
	-			
4		2	1	Comments
				1
	Т3			2
		T4		3
		Т7		4
T2				
T1				
T5				
4	3	2	1	Comments
T6				
T3				1
	T4			2
T7				3
17	T2			4
	T5			
4	3	2	1	Comments
	Т6			1
Т3	 		 	
	T1 T5 4 T2 T1 T5 4 T6 T3 T7	T7 T2 T1 T5 4 3 T6 T3 T4 T7 T2 T1 T5 4 3 T6 T3 T4 T7 T2 T1 T5	T4 T7 T2 T1 T5 4 3 T6 T3 T4 T7 T2 T1 T5 4 3 2 T6 T3 T4 T7 T2 T1 T5 T1 T5 4 T7 T2 T1 T5 T4 T7 T6 T3 T4 T7 T7 T2 T1 T5 T1 T6	T4 T7 T2 T1 T5 4 3 2 1 T6 T3 T4 T7 T2 T1 T5 4 3 2 1 T6 T3 T4 T7 T5 4 3 2 1 T6 T3 4 T6 T3 T4 T7 T7 T2 T1 T5 T1 T5 T1 T5 T1 T6 T3 T4 T7 T7 T1 T7 T2 T1 T6 T1 T6 T1

		T4			3
	T7				4
	T2				
	T1				
	T5				
9. The therapist supports child's intrinsic motivation	4	3	2	1	Comments
to play and creates a setting that supports play as a way to fully engage the child in the intervention.	T6				1
to rong engage and community and rong remains		Т3			2
		T4			3
		T7	1		4
	T2				
		T1	A. C.		
		T5			
10. The therapist establishes a therapeutic alliance that	4	3	2	1	Comments
promotes and establishes a connection with the child,		T6			
working together toward one or more goals in a mutually					1
enjoyable partnership that involves more than		T3			2
pleasantries.		T4			2
		14			3
	T7				4
	T2				
		T1			
	T5				
.	1	1		1	

Reference: Parham, L.D., Cohn, E.S., Spitzer, S., Koomar, J.A., Miller, L.J., Burke, J.P., Brett-Green, B, Mailloux, Z, May-Benson, T.A., Smith Rol S., Schaaf, R.C., Schoen, S.A., & Summers, C.A. (2007). Fidelity in sensory integration intervention research. *American Journal of Occupational Therapy*, *61*, 216-227.

 $The \ authors \ acknowledge \ the \ contributions \ of \ Stefanie \ Bodison \ M..A, \ OTR/L \ to \ the \ refinement \ of \ this \ instrument.$

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Do you know the therapist in	T6	YES	
the session? (check box)	(2 sessions)		
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	5	X 10	50
Number of (3) Probably ratings		X 7	28
	4		
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings		X 3	3
	1		
Number of (1) No ratings		X 0	
			81
		Sum	

Do you know the therapist in the session? (check box)	T3:		NO
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	6	X 10	60
Number of (3) Probably ratings	4	X 7	28
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings		X 3	
Number of (1) No ratings	4	X 0	
		Sum	88

Do you know the therapist in the session? (check box)	T4		<u>NO</u>
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	3	X 10	30
Number of (3) Probably ratings	5	X 7	35
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings	2	X 3	6
Number of (1) No ratings	A Company	X 0	
		Sum	71

Do you know the therapist in the session? (check box)	T7		NO
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	7	X 10	70
Number of (3) Probably ratings	2	X 7	14
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings	1	X 3	3

Number of (1) No ratings		X 0	
		Sum	87
Do you know the therapist in the session? (check box)	T2		<u>NO</u>
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	7	X 10	70
Number of (3) Probably ratings	3	X 7	21
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings		X 3	
Number of (1) No ratings		X 0	
		Sum	91
Do you know the therapist in the session? (check box)	T1	YES	
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	6	X 10	60
Number of (3) Probably ratings	4	X 7	28
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings		X 3	
Number of (1) No ratings		X 0	
		Sum	88
			1
Do you know the therapist in the session? (check box)	T5		<u>NO</u>
Number of (4) Certainly ratings	7	X 10	70
Number of (3) Probably ratings	3	X 7	21
Number of (2) Doubtful ratings		X 3	
Number of (1) No ratings		X 0	

Sum

91

Summary:

Using the Fidelity Measure based on Ayres Sensory Integration I rated 7 different therapists providing intervention to a single child. One therapist provided a short clip of two sessions. The rest had only one session. The ratings are based on DVD excerpts lasting approximately 5 minutes each. Prior to scoring, a panel of four world-renowned experts in sensory integration and occupational therapy reviewed the tapes of intervention for general impression. Unanimously they felt that the sessions reflected sensory integration as the method of intervention employed.

Results – 6 of the 7 therapists met the suggested criteria of 80% or above to ensure Fidelity to intervention. All therapists scored 70% of higher on the measure. Only one therapist received a score of 71, scoring low on collaborating in activity choice and addressing praxis items. The ratings were as follows: 81, 88, 71, 87, 91, 88, 91. It is therefore assumed that the interventions overall adhered to principles of occupational therapy using a sensory integration approach. In future studies, it will be important to have more than one session and video of the entire session from which to make this judgment.

Limitation – I did not have access to the entire intervention session to determine if the entire session consisted of methods consistent with Ayres Sensory Integration. I had only one session per therapist with the exception of one therapist who had brief clips of two different sessions. I had no background information on the structural aspects of the Fidelity Measure. I had limited information on which to base the rating of the process.

Appendix E
Parent Stress Index – Short Form (PSI-SF)



Chil				Child's date of birth				
	SA = Strongly Agree	A = Agree	NS = Not Sure	D = Disagree	SD = Stro	ngly	Disag	gre
1.	I often have the feeling t	hat I cannot handle t	hings very well.		SA	Α	NS	1
2.	I find myself giving up n			than I ever expected.	SA	A	NS	I
3.	I feel trapped by my resp	ponsibilities as a pare	nt.		SA	A	NS	I
4.	Since having this child,	I have been unable to	do new and different	things.	SA	A	NS	I
5.	Since having a child, I fe	eel that I am almost n	ever able to do things	that I like to do.	SA	A	NS	I
6.	I am unhappy with the l	ast purchase of clothi	ng I made for myself.		SA	Α	NS	1
7.	There are quite a few th	ings that bother me a	bout my life.		SA	A	NS	I
8.	Having a child has cause (or male/female friend).	ed more problems tha	n I expected in my rel	lationship with my spous	e SA	Α	NS	Ι
9.	I feel alone and without	friends.			SA	A	NS	Ι
10.	When I go to a party, I u	sually expect not to e	njoy myself.		SA	A	NS	Ι
11.	I am not as interested in	people as I used to b	e.		SA	Α	NS	Ι
12.	I don't enjoy things as I	used to.			SA	A	NS	Ι
13.	My child rarely does this	ngs for me that make	me feel good.		SA	A	NS	Ι
14.	Sometimes I feel my chi	ld doesn't like me and	doesn't want to be cle	ose to me.	SA	A	NS	Ι
15.	My child smiles at me m	uch less than I expec	ted.		SA	A	NS	I
16.	When I do things for my	child, I get the feelin	g that my efforts are	not appreciated very muc	h. SA	A	NS	Ι
17.	When playing, my child	doesn't often giggle o	r laugh.		SA	A	NS	Ι
18.	My child doesn't seem to	learn as quickly as n	nost children.		SA	A	NS	Ι
19.	My child doesn't seem to	smile as much as mo	st children.		SA	A	NS	I
20.	My child is not able to d	o as much as I expect	ed.		SA	Α	NS	I
21.	It takes a long time and	it is very hard for my	child to get used to n	new things.	SA	Α	NS	I
	the next statement, choos			below.				
22.	2. 3. 4.	not very good at bein a person who has so an average parent a better than average a very good parent	me trouble being a pa ge parent	rent	1	2	3	4

23.	I expected to have closer and warmer feelings for my child than I do and this bothers me.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
24.	Sometimes my child does things that bother me just to be mean.	SA	Α	NS	D	SD
25.	My child seems to cry or fuss more often than most children.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
26.	My child generally wakes up in a bad mood.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
27.	I feel that my child is very moody and easily upset.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
28.	My child does a few things which bother me a great deal.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
29.	My child reacts very strongly when something happens that my child doesn't like.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
30.	My child gets upset easily over the smallest thing.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
31.	My child's sleeping or eating schedule was much harder to establish than I expected.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
For	the next statement, choose your response from the choices "1" to "5" below.					
32.	I have found that getting my child to do something or stop doing something is: 1. much harder than I expected	1	2	3	4	5
	2. somewhat harder than I expected					
	3. about as hard as I expected					
	 somewhat easier than I expected 					
	5. much easier than I expected					
For	the next statement, choose your response from the choices "10+" to "1-3."					
33.	Think carefully and count the number of things which your child does that bother you.	10+	8-9	6-7	4-5	1-3
	For example: dawdles, refuses to listen, overactive, cries, interrupts, fights, whines, etc.					
34.	There are some things my child does that really bother me a lot.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
35.	My child turned out to be more of a problem than I had expected.	SA	A	NS	D	SD
36.	My child makes more demands on me than most children.	SA	A	NS	D	SD

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Appendix F
Short Sensory Profile



Short Sensory Profile

45 (2)	Child's Name		Sirth Date:	
rate nati Dangur			Seri Care	199
SENSORY PROFILE	Completed by:		Relationship to Child	
Ph.D., GTR, FACIA	Service Provider's Norws		Desigline	
		INSTRUCTIONS		
Presentant I	tw box that best describes the	Line the following has	to much assessment	
Inspecticy with loading believe statisfiered a. If y ferrouse positive to believe that please dose at	which your child down the fol- m. Please asswer all of the else are unable to comment was not observed the behavior a does not apply to your child. It if though the number for that a not write in the Section Roy.	PREDUENTS WOODS OF SELDON	to mark your responses hen peopetide with the appropriate in the stance. 1009 has prevented with the oppo- points in the market, about her provinced with the oppo- points in this market, about hen prevented with the oppo- points in this market, about her prevented with the oppo- points in this market, about her prevented with the oppo- points in this market, 3% of	rianty, year shift shows of the free. In the free that free and free free. Part of the free.
Item Tactile Sensit	intly			
1. Experience (Baby)	as during growing the marticle, fight	e or onto during harmating. Non-much	ing Impercul stateur)	
- I Peres king-sle	eved disting when it is wern or short	t siness what if is cost.		
3 Areids going lo	rebot, especially in sund or grave.			
4. Reacts eraction	Ally or appreciately to total?			
\$ Whoevs for	splating water			
B. Harsthadym	raing in line or close to other people			
7 Publi or ilcratify	en out a spot that has been touched			
		Section	n Roys Score Total	
ton Taste/Smell	Sensitivity	The state of the s		-
# Ayoth certain t	istes or lood arrells that are typinally	cost of additional abids		
# VAN only out the	Contract to the second		-	
THE RESERVE TO SHARE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	ticular food ledures/lampoutures (la			
	ecially regarding food turbane			
The second second second		Section	e Row Scoru Total	
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STATE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN	is an distressed when feet leave the g	esided.		_
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277	s where head is upoids down the war	neis remove de monthe sent		
and or market			e Raw Score Time	A STATE OF THE STA
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2000	horize when face or hands on more	·		
The second second second second	scivily to another so that it interferes	NET DOE		
25 Lossos didfing	Oversol on body	3944		
		Section	n Raw Score Total	

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Hern	Augitory Pitering	13/8/8/8/8/
22	In distincted or has rouble functioning if there is a lot of more around.	
21	Appears to not hear what you say flor exempts, does not "bore in" to what you say appears to grow you!	
24	Carr) noti with background rates for everyte, for, refigerated	
24	Has trouble completing tasks when the radio is an	
20	Down't reagond often name is called but you know the child's hearing is CR.	
21	Has difficulty paying attention	
	Section Raw Score Total	
Hem	Low Energy/Weak	
78	Secret to have weak truncing	
29	Time mark, expectally when attending or techning particular body pointure	
301	Has a week grasp	
21	Carri III heavy objects for example, weak in companion to same age children	
23	Prope to support self (even sluting ectivity)	
8)	Poor englusion/from easily	
	Section Rev Score Total	
llim	Visual Auditory Sensitivity	
34.	Responds regardedly to everywhold or bod nature (for example, creat or hidde at mose from obstant cleaner, dog tearling, hair dryle!	
20.	Holds hands over east to protect miss from sound	
36	Is bothered by bright lights after others have adopted to the light.	
33	Weiches everyone when they more amount the more.	
30	Govern synn or squives to protect right from light	
	Section Raw Score Total	



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Summary

Instructions: Transfer the accretion used section to the Section Raw Scote Total outcome. Plot frees hashed by creating an X in the appropriate classification obtained (Tiguizal Performance, Probable Difference, Definite Difference).)

SCORE NEY

) = Always 2 = Frequently 3 = Godanionally 4 = Saiston II on Newsy

Section	Section Raw Score Total	Performance	Probable Difference	Definite Difference
Turnia Semitivity	(35)	85	29	26
ToporSenil Seniorly	/90.	20	12	2.1
Movement Sensitivity	.110	15 13	12-11	10-2
Underwegurence/Seale Semantion	/05	85 27	28	20 7
Audtory Filtering	/00	30 23	12 30	11 1
Low Everys/Week	/90	30 26	25	23 8
Visual/Audicory Society	/24	35 10	18 16	16 R
Total	.7190	190155	184192	101

^{*}Classifications are based on the performance of shadows without distallities by $\approx 1,000$.

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Appendix GEthical clearance certificate



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Division of the Deputy Registrar (Research)

HUMAN RESEARCH ETHICS COMMITTEE (MEDICAL)

B1449 Wallace

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PROTOCOL NUMBER M968817

PROJECT

A Longitudinal Study to Explore the Relationship between the Occupational Performance of.....

INVESTIGATORS

Mrs KA. Wallace

DEPARTMENT

Occupational Therapy

DATE CONSIDERED

06:08.25

DECISION OF THE COMMITTEE*

Unless otherwise specified this ethical clearwise is valid for 5 years and may be reacwed upon application.

DATE

CHAIRPERSON

(Professor M Vorster)

*Guidelines for written 'informed consent' attached where applicable

ec: Supervisor:

Mrs P de Witt

DECLARATION OF INVESTIGATOR(S)

To be completed in duplicate and ONE COPY returned to the Secretary at Room 10005, 10th Floor, Senate House, University.

Sensor Frence, University.

I/We fully understand the conditions under which I am/we are authorized to carry out the abovernamioned research and I/we guarantee to ensure compliance with these conditions. Should any departure to be contemplated from the research procedure as approved I/we undertake to resubmit the protocol to the Committee. Lagree to a completion of a yearly progress report,

PLEASE QUOTE THE PROTOCOL NUMBER IN ALL ENQUIRIES