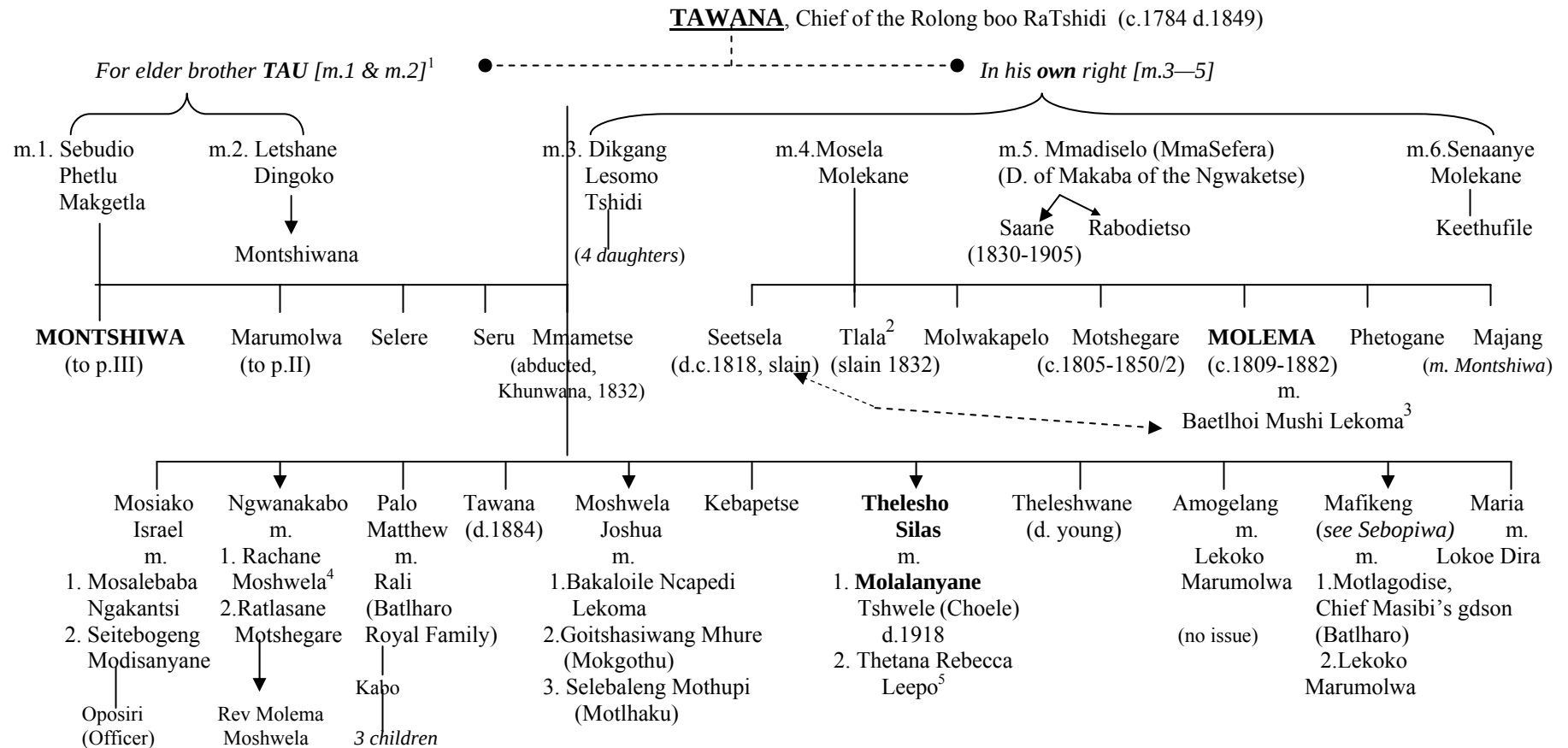


APPENDIX A: A GENEALOGY OF THE BAROLONG BOO RATSHIDI & THE MOLEMA FAMILY
(based on Professor Isaac Schapera, 1943a. "The Royal House of the Barolong booraTshidi" & SM Molema, *Chief Moroka and Montshiwa*)



¹ See *supra*, p.44, Table 2, for Tawana's descent from Chief Tlhutlwa and a discussion of his *seantlho* marriages on his deceased brother Tau's behalf.

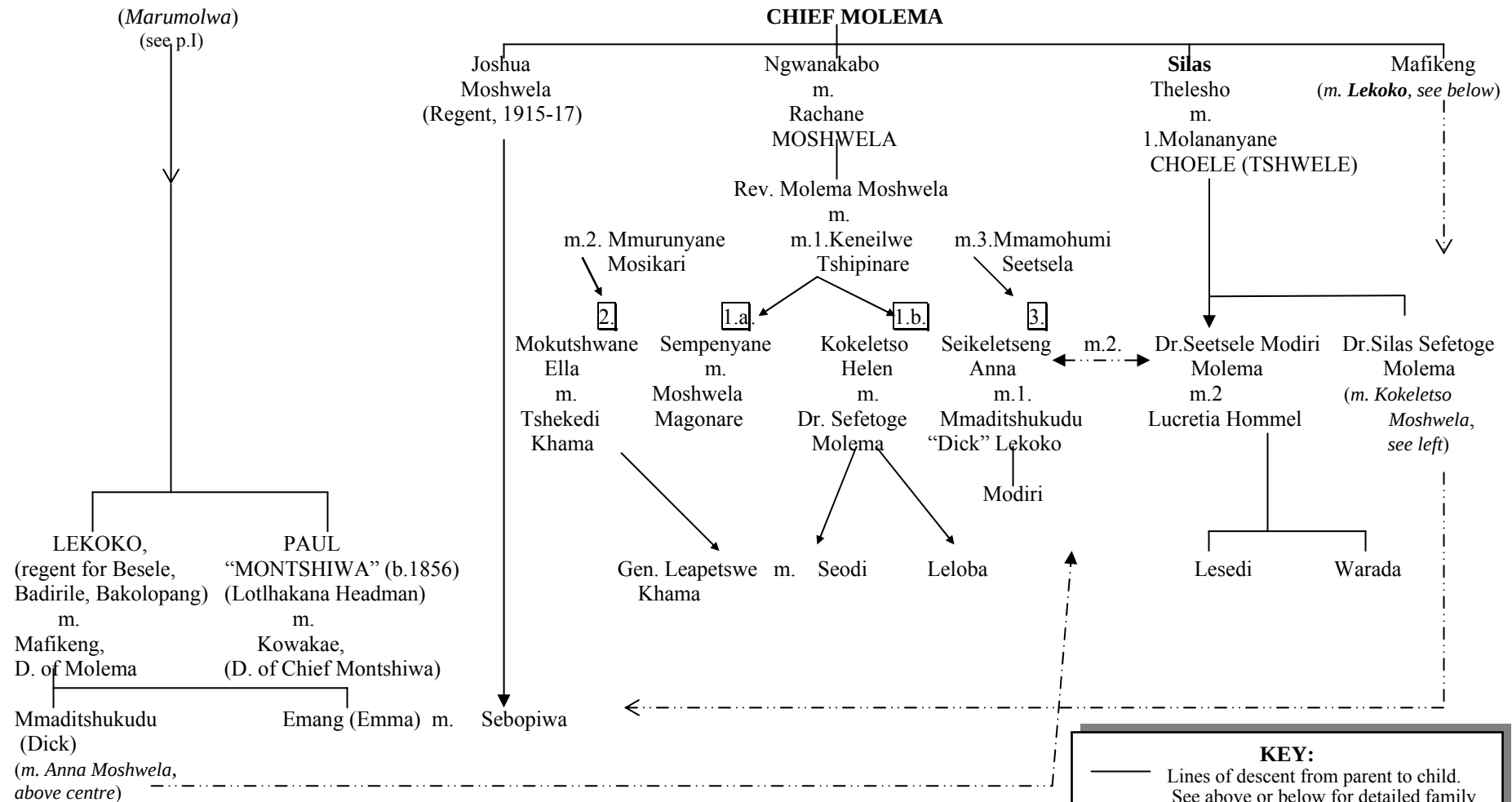
² Tlala was slain by Tlhaping soldiers in 1832, after the Battle of Khunwana. Nkhabele (daughter of Palo-a-Nnone) then became Seleka Chief Moroka II's third wife. He adopted Tshipinare (d.1884), who became chief of the Seleka at Thaba 'Nchu, and married Buku, Chief Montshiwa and Majang's daughter. See *supra*, pp.47 fn.68 & 195.

³ See *supra*, pp.9-10, 47 on Seetsela, and Molema's *seantlho* role in relation to his late brother's widow.

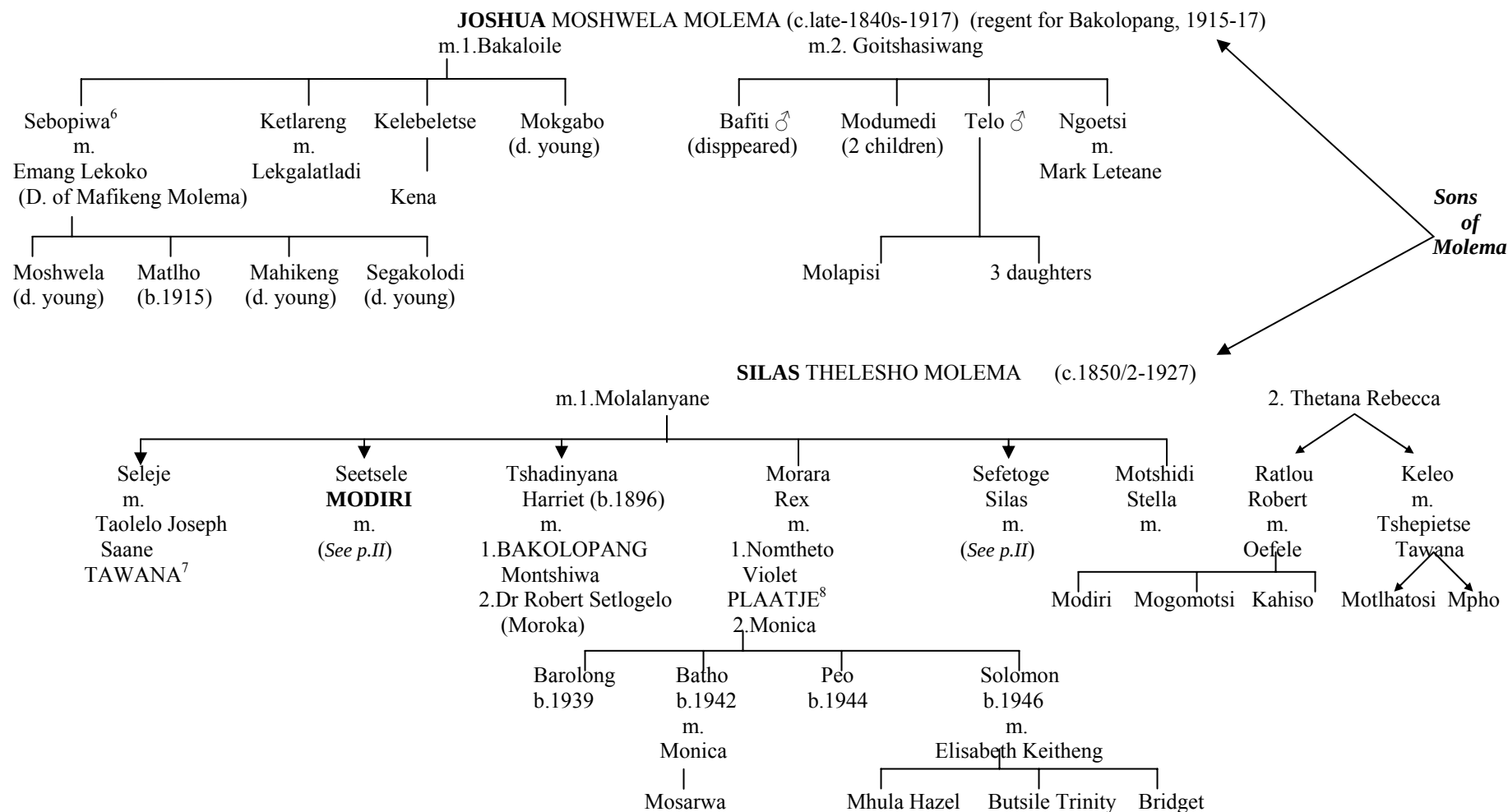
⁴ During a subsequent marriage to her cousin Ratlasana Motshegare, Ngwanakabo had five more children.

⁵ Thetana Rebecca Leepo was the widow of Chief Badirile Montsioa. She and Silas were married just over a year after Molalanyane's death, while Modiri was still in Scotland.

SOME MOLEMA AND MONTSHIWA MARRIAGES



DESCENDANTS OF CHIEFS SILAS AND JOSHUA MOLEMA



⁶ Joshua and his first wife had 2 other children, Segakolodi and Ngwetsi. (Schapera, 1943a: 17). Had Breutz's (1955: 200, pt.571) claims that Sebopiwa was born on 1 January 1800, been credible, he would have been well over 150 years old when Breutz published his book – and older, indeed, than his father Joshua!

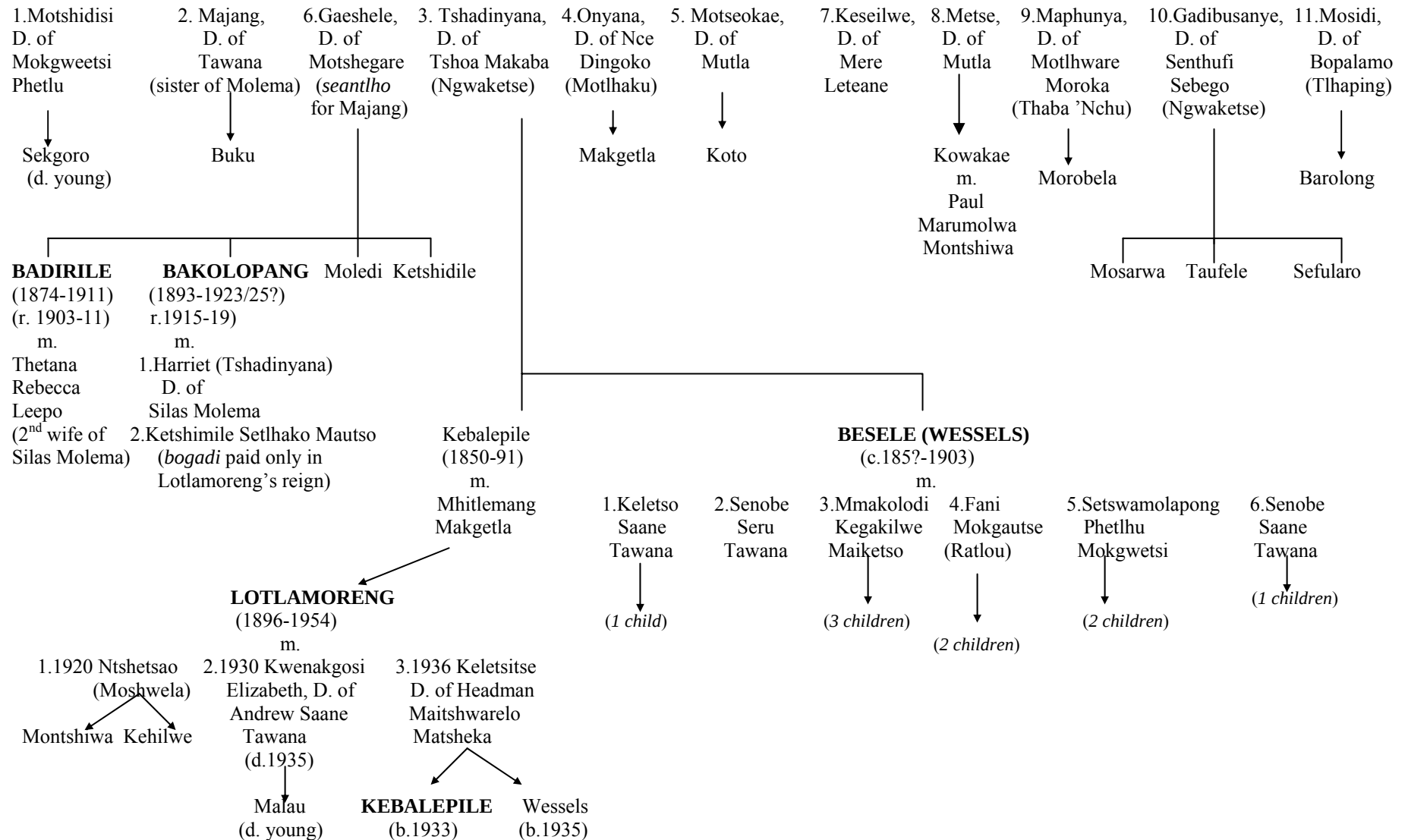
⁷ Taolele Tawana was the sixth and youngest son of Saane, (see *supra*, p.I). For their children — Silas' grandchildren — see *infra*, p.V.

⁸ Violet was Solomon Tshekiso Plaatje's younger daughter. While all their children embody the union of the two families, their son, Solomon Molema represents it in his name.

CHIEF MONTSHIWA, SON OF TAU [TAWANA], HIS WIVES AND DESCENDANTS

(c.1815-1896)

m.



DESCENDANTS OF TAU AND TAWANA WHO PLAYED A ROLE IN LATE-19TH & EARLY 20TH CENTURY TSHIDI POLITICS

(From the early-1850s, Montshiwa sent his brothers to settle key areas of Tshidi country, to prevent others from occupying it.)

CHIEF TAU TLHUTLWA

MONTSHIWA
(at Moshaneng,
c.1859-76)
(Sehuba, 1876/7-81)
(Mafikeng, 1881-96)

SELERE
(Dithakong,
sent there to
prepare for war
ag. Rapulana, 1881)
d.1881

SERU
(Diswaing,
nr. Rooigrond)
↓
(3 sons, 4 daughters)

MONTSHIWANA

Tiego Tawana
(b.1874
(educated Lovedale,
1897-9)
(in the Lotlamoreng
faction, c.1910-20)

Bathobatho
(c.1830-1911/17)

Nche Montshiwana
m.
1.Koto Selere 2. Buile Segalo
(D. of Stephen Lefenya)

Montshiwa Nche
(Attorney George Montsioa)

CHIEF TAWANA TLHUTLWA

MOTSHEGARE
(Mareetsane, in
Setlagole Reserve.)
(c.1805-1850/2)

MOLEMA
(Mafika-kgoa-Choana,
Mafikeng)

SAANE
(Modimola,
Saniestad, c.1870)
(1830-1905)
(arrested by Abram Motuba
& Gen. Snyman, 25 Dec 1899)

Gaeshele
m.
MONTSHIWA
Silas Setilo
(1871-1938)

Mokholokholo
d.1881
Motshegare
(1873-?)
Ratlatsane
Josiah
m.
Ngwanakobo Molema
(5 children)

Andrew
Nterea
(1866-1945)
(Headman, 1905ff
Modimola)

Motsose
William
(1868-?)
(Headman, 1845ff)

Taolelelo Joseph
(1874-1952)
(Headman,
Makgabaneng, 1901)

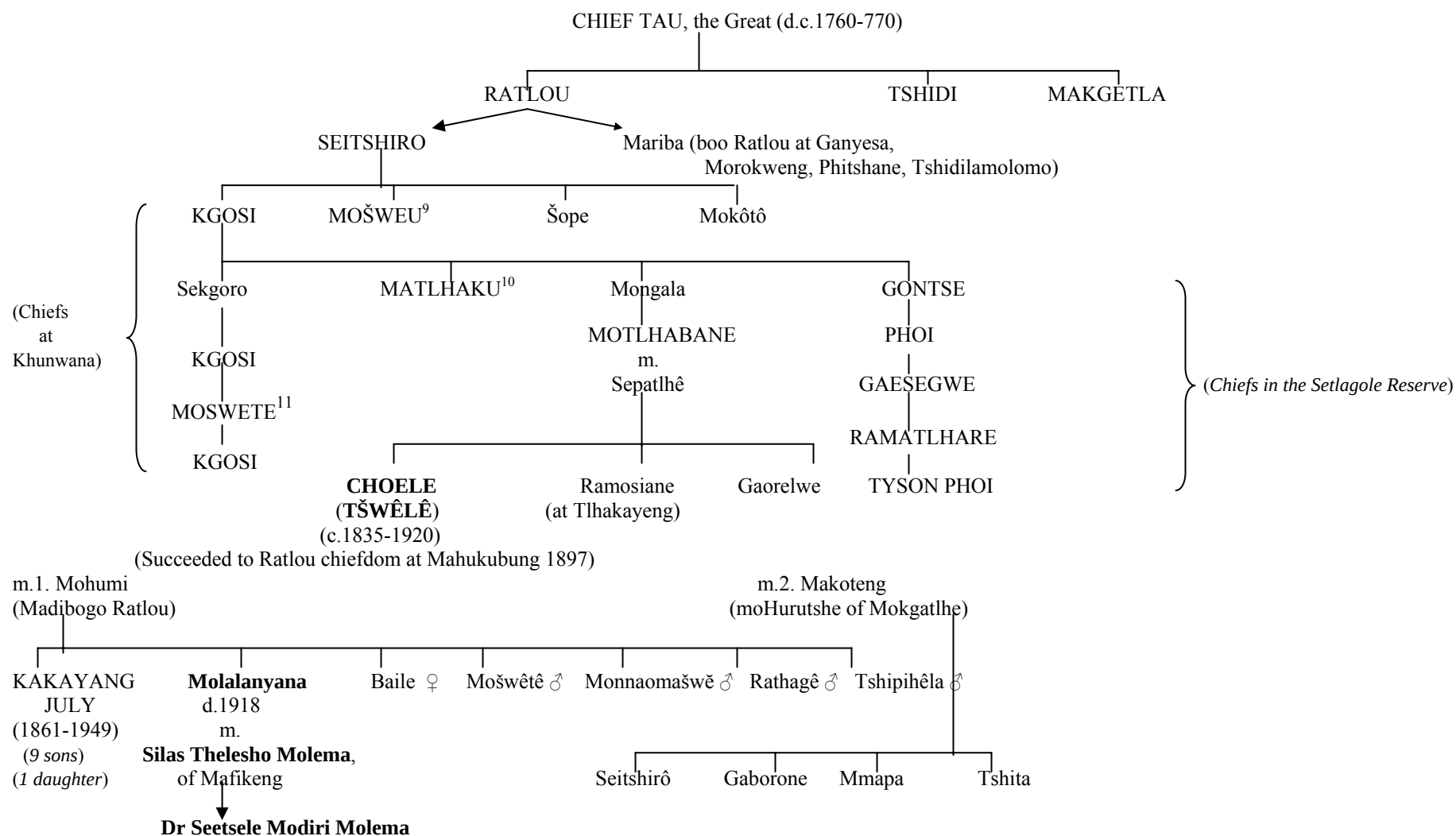
Seleje, D. of Silas Molema
m.
Onyana♀
m.
Tshidi
Bantlhe♀
m.
Phetlhu
Thelesho
Silas
(1912-
(Agric. College,
Ft. Cox, 1933-36)
(Headman, 1954ff)

m.
Moenyana
(of the BaKgatla ba Kgafela)

Tawana
b.1941
Tawanyana
b.1943
Lesogodi
b.1945
Seleje♀
Masemela♀

THE FAMILY OF MODIRI MOLEMA'S MOTHER, MOLALANYANE CHOELE (TŠWÊLÊ)

(Modiri was a descendant of Tau the Great through both his parents; in Chapter Five, p.2, Modiri visits Chief Tšwele at Kraaipan)



⁹ This table is based on that in Breutz (1955: 146-47). Mošweu raised up seed and acted as regent for the son of Kgosi, Šopê and Mokôtô, forefather of Chief Phoi.

¹⁰ Matlhaku raised up seed for Sekgoro, and acted for his son and Mongala.

¹¹ See *supra*, pp.59-60, 64-65, 68, for the Tshidi alliance with Ratlou Chief Gontse against the Matebele; on later rivalry between Montshiwa and Moswete, see pp.89-93.