

## K THE SAS CLASSES AND ITS UML DIAGRAMS

### K.1 IWO.java Class

// The IWO.java class initialises the GUI features for entering/viewing IWO data

```
package yttjc.sas.blocks;
```

```
import java.awt.*;
```

```
import javax.swing.JPanel;
```

```
import javax.swing.*;
```

```
import javax.swing.border.*;
```

```
import java.awt.event.*;
```

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
/*    <p>Title: SAS</p>
```

```
    <p>Description: South African Sales</p>
```

```
    <p>Copyright: Copyright (c) 2005</p>
```

```
    <p>Company: University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg</p>
```

```
    @author I BOTEF
```

```
    @version 1.0
```

```
*/
```

```
public class IWO extends JPanel {
```

```
    // Instance variables are declared private to prevent other classes to manipulate
```

```
    // the GUI data. Then, the get and set methods are used to access them.
```

```
    private JPanel panel1 = new JPanel();
```

```
    ...
```

```
    private JTextField tfDescription = new JTextField();
```

```
    private JButton jButtonSave = new JButton();
```

/\* The IWO class calls the JComboBox constructor and supplies an Object of strings array to create its list of suggested input items. \*/

```
Object[] dataObjectMaterial = {"Please Select", "Bar Stock", "Forging",
    "Casting", "Bought Out Component", "Material from Customer"};
private JComboBox comboMaterial = new JComboBox(dataObjectMaterial);
```

...

```
public IWO() {
    try {
        jbInit();
    }
    catch(Exception ex) {
        ex.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

```
private void jbInit() throws Exception { ...
    jPanelIWO.add(tfJobNo, null);
    jPanelIWO.add(tfDescription, null);
    jPanelMaterial.add(comboMaterial, null);
    comboMaterial.setSelectedIndex(0);
```

/\* When the user explicitly makes a selection in the JComboBox, its getSelectedItem method returns the currently selected item; the JComboBox fires an ActionEvent; and the actionPerformed method defines what should happen. \*/

```
comboMaterial.addActionListener(new java.awt.event.ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        comboMaterial_actionPerformed(e);
    }
});
```

...

```
initializeFields();
```

```
// End constructor. Calling the constructor from another class, builds the GUI.
```

/\* To collect the GUI data, public methods are used to write/read the object to/from a file. Their functionality is provided in the controller class. \*/

```
public JButton getSave() {return jButtonSave;}
public JButton getClose() {return jButtonClose;}
```

```
public void cancel() {
    this.setVisible(false);
}
```

/\* The JComboBox's class getSelectedItem method returns the selected item as an Object. To convert, or cast, the Object as a String object, so it could be compared with other strings and later passed on, the getSelectedItem method is called with the dot operator; then cast the Object to a String object type enclosed in parentheses; and finally assign it to scomboMaterial String variable.\*/

```
void comboMaterial_actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
    scomboMaterial = (String) comboMaterial.getSelectedItem();
}
```

/\* To collect the GUI data, it would be too time consuming to call the getText method, assign the result to a variable for each item, and then write it to a file. Instead, the getText is called on each item and store the results for all in one public Vector object variable which could: hold a variety of objects; be accessed using its integer index; grow and shrink as elements are added or removed; include primitive types using the class wrapper; receive new objects with the add method by calling the getText method for each variable associated with text fields, menus, and radio buttons, except the pull-down menu result already assigned to "scomboMaterial"; and then use the getUIFields method to store the Vector.\*/

```
public Vector getUIFields() {
    Vector fieldValues = new Vector();
    fieldValues.add(tfDescription.getText());
    fieldValues.add(scomboMaterial);
    ...
}
```

```

        return fieldValues; // returns fieldValues, the Vector object.
    } // closes getUIFields

/* The setFields method reads the object back into the GUI fields. Its functionality
is found in the IWOHandler class. */

public void setFields(String string[])
    throws IllegalArgumentException {
    tfJobNo.setText(string[0]);
    tfCustomer.setText(string[1]);
    tfDescription.setText(string[2]);
    ...
    comboMaterial.setSelectedItem(string[36]);
    ...
} //end of method setFields
} //end of class

```

## K.2 IWOInfo.java Class

```

package yttjc.sas.blocks;

import java.io.*;
import java.io.Serializable;

public class IWOInfo implements Serializable {
    private String jobDescription, String jobcomboMaterial, ... ;
    ...
    public IWOInfo() {
        setIWO();
    }

    // setIWO method contains variables that do not take any arguments
    public void setIWO () {

```

```

        jobDescription = "";
        jobcomboMaterial = ""; ...
    }

    // setIWO method takes the variables as arguments
    public void setIWO (String hDescription, ... String hcomboMaterial, ...) {
        this.jobDescription = hDescription;
        this.jobcomboMaterial = hcomboMaterial; ...
    }

    // Override the toString method of the String class so that toString
    // returns the data associated with the instance variables
    public String toString() {
        return jobDescription + ... + jobcomboMaterial + ...
    }

    // Provide a get method for each instance variable, e.g.
    public String getJobJobNo() {
        return jobJobNo;
    }

    ...
} //End of class

```

### K.3 IWOHandler.java Class

```

package yttjc.sas.blocks;

import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.util.Vector;

```

```

import java.awt.geom.*;
import java.io.*;

public class IWOHandler extends JFrame {
    private IWO ui = new IWO();
    private IWOInfo iwor;
    private BorderLayout borderLayout1 = new BorderLayout();
    protected JButton saveButton, closeButton;
    protected String hJobNo, hCustomer, hDescription, ...;
    private ObjectOutputStream output; //variable for output object stream
    private ObjectInputStream input; //variable for input object stream
    protected String filename;

    public IWOHandler() {
        this.setTitle("Sales Internal Works Order");
        this.getContentPane().add("Center",ui);

        saveButton = ui.getSave();
        closeButton = ui.getClose();

        /* Anonymous inner class, without naming them, has the benefit of keeping the
        action that handles the code in the same place with the GUI controller. */
        saveButton.addActionListener (
            new ActionListener () {
                public void actionPerformed (ActionEvent ae) {
                    saveIWO();
                } //Close method
            } //Close inner class
        ); //Close argument and block

        filename = "database/sales/iwoex.dat";
        viewIWO();
    }
}

```

```

} //End constructor

public void saveIWO() {
    Vector values = ui.getUIFields();
    //Gets each item and assigns it to a variable of the proper type.
    String hJobNo = (String)values.get(0);
    String hCustomer = (String)values.get(1);
    String hcomboMaterial = (String)values.get(36); ...
    //Calls the setIWO method from IWOInfo to create the IWO object, and
    // passes the above assigned items
    try {
        iwor = new IWOInfo();
        iwor.setIWO( hJobNo, hCustomer, hDescription, ..., hcomboMaterial, ... );

/* The ObjectOutputStream writes objects/primitive data types to an
OutputStream only if the objects support the java.io.Serializable interface; then
each serializable object is encoded containing: the class name and signature,
object's fields and arrays values, and any other referenced objects. */
        FileOutputStream file = new FileOutputStream(filename);
        ObjectOutputStream output = new ObjectOutputStream(file);
        output.writeObject(iwor);
        output.flush();
        output.flush();
        if(input != null) {
            input.close();
            input = null;
        }
    }

//The ObjectInputStream object reads and deserialize objects/primitive data types
public void viewIWO() {
    try {

```

```

IWOInfo dr;

if(input == null) {
    try{
        input = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(filename)); }
    catch(IOExceptionioex){JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error
        during reading file", null, JOptionPane.ERROR_MESSAGE);}
}

iwor = (IWOInfo) input.readObject();
String svalues[] = {
    String.valueOf(iwor.getJobJobNo()),
    String.valueOf(iwor.getJobcomboMaterial()),...
};

ui.setFields(svalues);
return;
} //close try then catch e.g. ClassNotFoundException
} //end method viewIWO
} //end of class

```

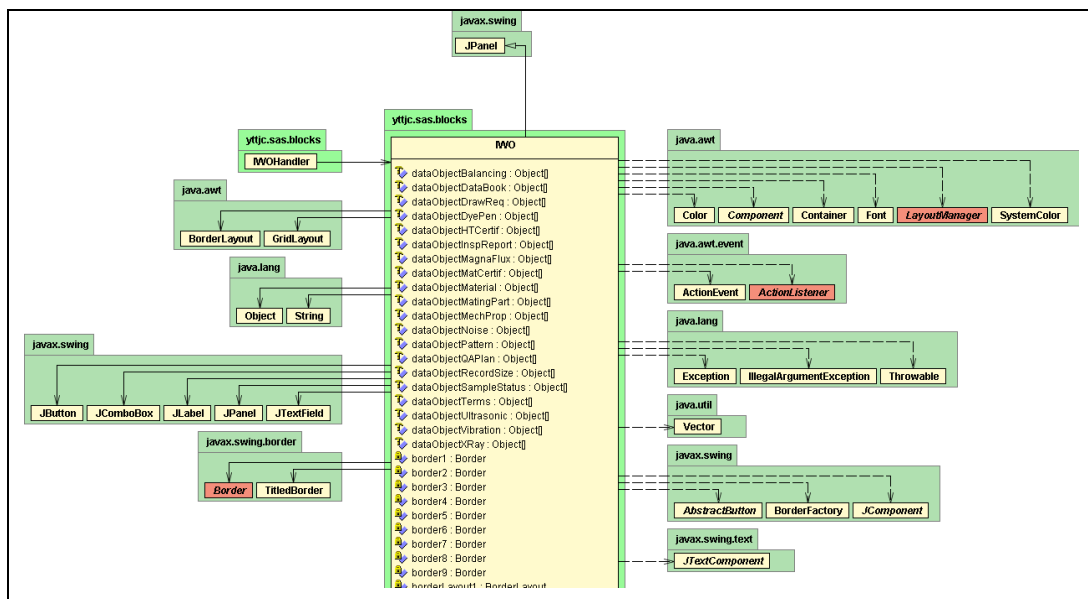


Figure K.1 IWO JBuilder UML diagram



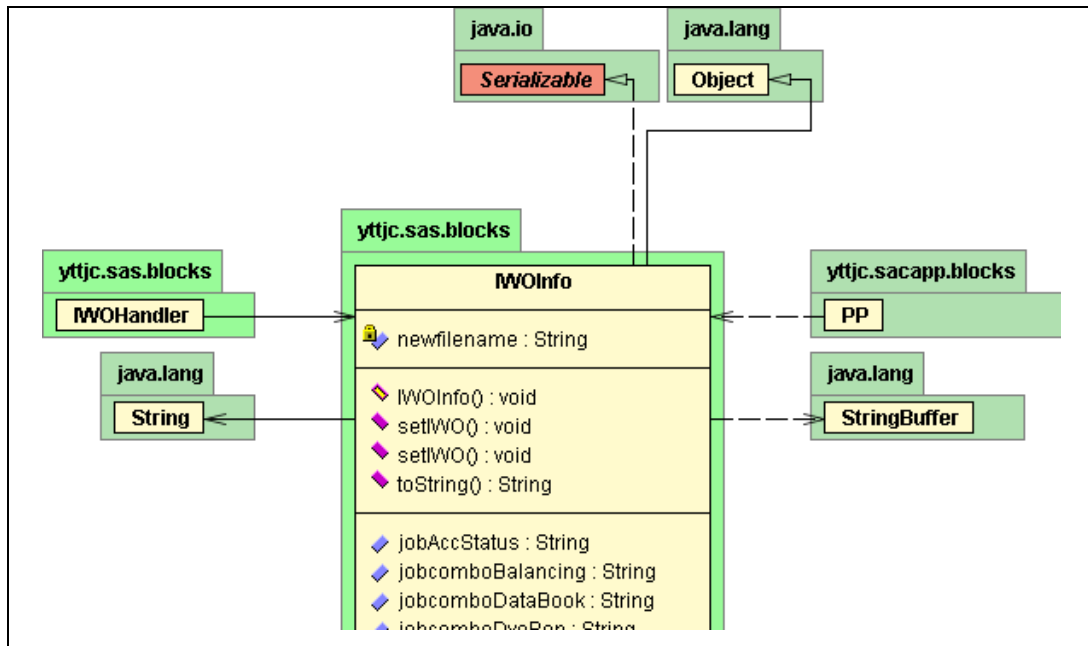


Figure K.2 IWOInfo JBuilder UML diagram

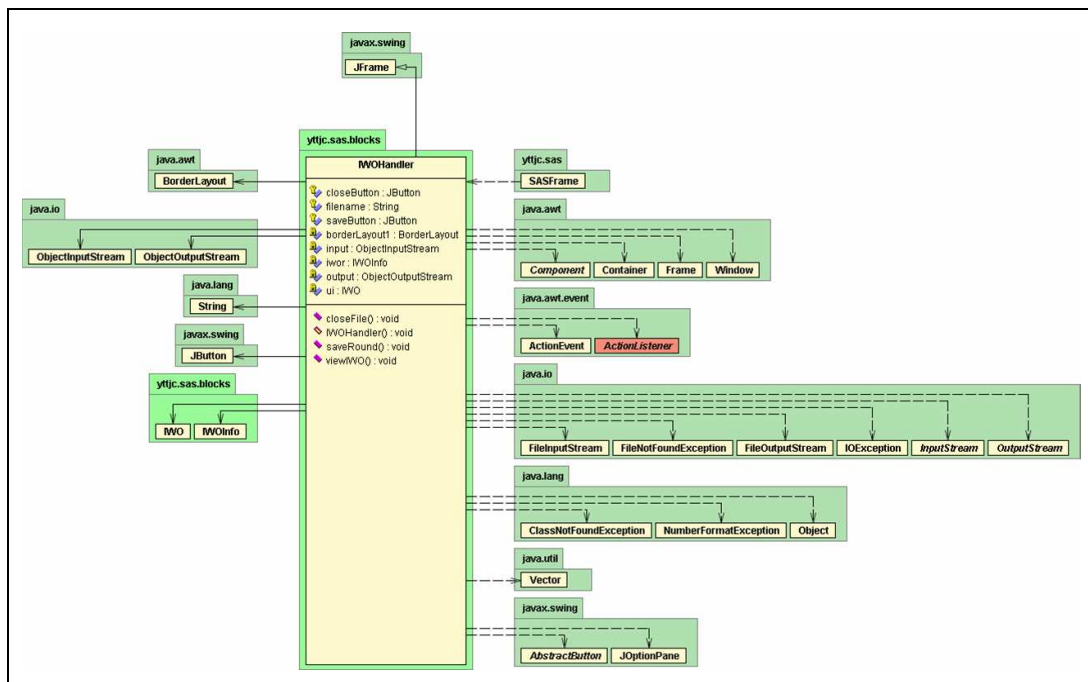


Figure K.3 IWOHandler JBuilder UML Diagram