

RETURN OF CRIMINAL CASES ADJUDICATED, 1908-09.

CRIME OR OFFENCE.	NORTHERN DIVISION.				NORTH-WESTERN DIVISION.				WESTERN DIVISION.				CENTRAL DIVISION.				EASTERN DIVISION.				SOUTH-EASTERN DIVISION.				SUMMARY.			
	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Otherwise disposed of.
AGAINST THE PERSON—																												
Assault—Common	186	164	22	—	24	19	4	1	57	43	7	7	78	71	7	—	45	34	8	3	117	96	16	5	507	427	64	16
Indecent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With intent to do grievous bodily harm	8	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	6	1	4	9	6	—	3	35	19	8	3
Attempted Murder	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Suicide	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Robbery with violence	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	194	166	28	—	24	19	4	1	66	49	8	9	79	72	7	—	56	40	9	7	137	108	17	12	556	454	73	29
AGAINST PROPERTY—																												
Cattle stealing and stabbing	12	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	14	14	—	—	17	11	5	1	1	1	—	—	96	56	33	7	140	88	44	8
Embezzlement, fraud, and falsity	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	1	—	5	3	—	2	1	—	—	1	4	4	—	—	5	5	—	3
Housebreaking	5	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	9	7	2	—	3	3	—	—	6	5	1	—	10	9	1	—	33	26	7	—
Malicious injury to property	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	4	4	—	—	1	1	—	—	2	2	—	—	10	10	—	—
Obtaining goods or money under false pretences	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	5	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2	1	—	1	10	7	2	1
Receiving stolen property	72	64	8	—	15	12	2	1	70	51	14	5	37	33	4	—	22	15	3	4	107	86	14	7	323	261	45	17
Theft	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	89	72	17	—	15	12	2	1	109	85	19	5	67	55	9	3	32	23	4	5	235	168	52	15	547	415	103	29
AGAINST GOOD ORDER—																												
Breach of the peace	156	145	11	—	2	2	—	—	8	4	3	1	11	11	—	—	3	2	1	—	18	15	—	3	198	179	15	4
Cruelty to animals	—	—	—	—	4	3	1	—	2	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	5	2	1	2	16	11	2	3
Drunkenness	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	13	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	11	11	—	—	31	30	1	—
Faction fighting	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	9	9	—	—	9	9	—	—	24	23	1	—
Gambling	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Indecency	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	3	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	10	10	—	—	15	13	2	—
Vagrancy	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	157	146	11	—	6	5	1	—	33	25	6	2	15	13	1	1	21	20	1	—	53	47	1	5	285	256	21	8
OTHER OFFENCES—																												
Contempt of Court	10	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	—	2	24	20	2	2
Perjury	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
TOTALS	10	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	1	2	25	20	3	2
CONTRAVENTIONS OF THE FOLLOWING LAWS, ACTS, AND REGULATIONS—																												
Firearms Law	14	10	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	—	1	7	7	—	—	122	104	16	2
Game Law	95	83	12	—	5	2	2	1	10	8	2	—	1	1	—	—	7	7	—	—	5	4	1	—	29	26	3	—
Grass-burning Law	17	15	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,896	416	88	—
Hut Tax Regulations	4,840	4,552	280	8	299	277	22	—	395	334	48	13	1,063	1,006	17	40	476	447	19	10	327	280	30	17	7,400	6,896	4	—
Labour Agents Regulations	8	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	4	—	—
Liquor Laws	—	—	—	—	24	24	—	—	15	9	3	3	14	14	—	—	2	2	—	—	60	60	—	—	115	109	3	3
Masters and Servants Act	30	26	4	—	16	14	2	—	146	118	10	18	65	34	15	16	32	29	2	1	269	209	29	31	558	430	62	66
Pass Regulations	336	310	20	6	104	99	5	—	333	298	20	15	1,367	1,345	19	3	136	135	1	—	298	265	18	15	2,574	2,452	83	39
Cattle Diseases Law	54	48	6	—	36	30	5	1	33	26	4	3	32	27	5	—	48	41	6	1	18	16	1	1	221	188	27	6
Sundry other offences	514	490	21	3	35	34	—	1	129	112	14	3	45	41	2	2	53	52	1	—	64	57	3	4	840	786	41	13
TOTALS	5,908	5,538	353	17	519	480	36	3	1,061	905	101	55	2,587	2,468	58	61	758	716	29	13	1,052	900	82	70	11,885	11,007	659	219
SUMMARY—																												
Total number of—	194	166	28	—	24	19	4	1	66	49	8	9	79	72	7	—	56	40	9	7	137	108	17	12	556	454	73	29
Crimes against the person	89	72	17	—	15	12	2	1	109	85	19	5	67	55	9	3	32	23	4	5	235	168	52	15	547	415	103	29
Crimes against property	157	146	11	—	6	5	1	—	33	25	6	2	15	13	1	1	21	20	1	—	53	47	1	5	285	256	21	8
Offences against good order	10	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	1	2	25	20	3	2
Other offences	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contraventions of Laws, Acts, and Regulations	5,908	5,538	353	17	519	480	36	3	1,061	905	101	55	2,587	2,468	58	61	758	716	29	13	1,052	900	82	70	11,885	11,007	659	219
GRAND TOTALS	6,358	5,930	411	17	564	516	43	5	1,270	1,065	134	71	2,758	2,618	75	65	867	799	43	25	1,481	1,224	153	104	13,298	12,152	859	287

Appendix No. 13.

CIVIL CASES ADJUDICATED, 1908-09.

DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	NUMBER OF CASES.
NORTHERN	Pietersburg	2
	Louis Trichardt	22
	Groot Spelonken	36
	Haenertsburg	32
	Sibasa	12
	Blaauwberg	—
	TOTAL	104
NORTH-WESTERN	Nylstroom	36
	Potgieter	3
	TOTAL	39
WESTERN	Rustenburg	4
	Zeerust	—
	Pilansberg	39
	Potchefstroom	—
	Lichtenburg	1
	Wolmaransstad	3
	TOTAL	47
CENTRAL	Pretoria	20
	Haman's Kraal	25
	Heidelberg	—
	Vereeniging	1
	Witwatersrand	9
	Klerksdorp	—
	TOTAL	55
EASTERN	Sekukuniland	4
	Pilgrims Rest	3
	Barberton	2
	Pokwani	1
	Middelburg	—
	Belfast	2
	TOTAL	12
SOUTH-EASTERN	Wakkerstroom	16
	Piet Retief	—
	Carolina	—
	Ermelo	—
	Standerton	3
	Bethal	—
	TOTAL	19
	GRAND TOTAL	276

Appendix No. 14.

EXPENDITURE.

1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
93,876 10 5	104,497 12 4	91,182 4 4	102,405 13 10	105,616 8 3	102,110 9 0	98,074 16 0

Appendix No. 15.

EXPENDITURE, 1908-09.

SERVICE.	GRANT.	EXPENDITURE.	EXPENDITURE COMPARED WITH GRANT.	
			Less than Granted.	More than Granted.
	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
A. Salaries, wages, and allowances	78,262	78,834 17 4	—	1,062 4 10
B. Transport and travelling	11,375	11,705 15 5	—	330 15 5
C. Compounds and other special services	10,300	6,845 9 5	3,454 10 7	—
D. Well sinking	500	93 10 0	406 10 0	—
E. Miscellaneous	650	595 3 10	54 16 2	—
TOTALS	£ 101,087	98,074 16 0	3,915 16 9	1,393 0 3
Surplus of Estimates over Expenditure to be surrendered			£3,012 4 0	

SOURCES OF REVENUE.

SOURCE.	LAW OR REGULATION.	SUBSTANCE OF SECTION.	ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECEIPTS.
1. General native tax	Section 3, Act No. 9 of 1908 ..	A yearly tax of £2 is payable by every adult male native, excepting such as are (a) farm labourers, or (b) municipal location residents, who pay a tax of £1 only. A further £2 per annum is payable by every native polygamist.	£350,000
2. Passes	Proclamation No. 37 of 1901, amended by Ordinance No. 27 of 1903.	Any native proceeding for work within his district or going outside of his district on his own business must obtain a travelling pass at a cost of 1s.	300,000
(a) General pass	Section 4 of Proclamation No. 18 of 1903	Duplicate travelling passes may be obtained for 1s.	
(b) In labour districts	Section 16 of Proclamation No. 18 of 1903	Every native proceeding to a labour district must be registered; the fee for registration is 1s., payable by the employer.	
	Sections 23 and 24 of Proclamation No. 18 of 1903	In labour districts a monthly fee of 2s. is payable by the employer in respect of each native employed. Natives who have no employer must pay this fee themselves.	
	Section 28 of Proclamation No. 18 of 1903	Duplicate passports may be obtained for a fee of 1s.	
	Section 34 of Proclamation No. 18 of 1903		
3. Marriage licences	Article 14, Law No. 3 of 1897, amended by Ordinance No. 39 of 1904	A fee of 5s. is payable in respect of any native marriage under Law 3, 1897. Duplicate certificates are issued for a fee of 2s. 6d.	—
	Ordinance No. 29 of 1903	Native marriages validated under Ordinance No. 29, 1903, are registered for a fee of 2s. 6d. Marriage fees are accounted for by means of revenue stamps	
4. Dog tax	Section 2, Act No. 23 of 1907 ..	A yearly tax of 10s. is payable in respect of every dog, except Kaffir hunting or coursing dogs, in respect of which a fee of £5 is payable. Duplicate dog badges are issued for a fee of 2s. 6d.	2,500
5. Licences	Proclamation No. 38 of 1901.	Licences for compound overseers are issued at a rate of £1 per month.	6,000
(a) Compound overseers	Section 3, Schedule B, Proclamation No. 38 of 1901	Licences to recruit or conduct natives are issued at the rate of £15 per annum.	
(b) Labour agents	Section 8, Government Notice No. 1063 of 1907		
6. Compound fees	Section 41, Proclamation No. 18 of 1903	At pass offices in labour districts natives seeking work may obtain food and accommodation for 1s. per diem.	15,000
	Section 17, Government Notice No. 1063 of 1907	For all natives admitted to the Labour Bureau a fee of 1s. per diem for subsistence is payable by the labour agent.	
7. Fines—			
(a) Native commissioners and sub-commissioners	Section 2, Act No. 29 of 1907 ..	May punish by fine up to £75.	5,000
(b) Native commissioners and sub-commissioners as resident justices of the peace under Ordinance No. 3 of 1902	Ordinance No. 19 of 1904	May punish by fine up to £25.	
8. Crown lands—native squatters' rents	Executive Council Resolution No. 136 of 25th January, 1905	Adult natives squatting on Crown lands are charged a rental of £1 per annum.	10,000
			£688,500

Appendix No. 17.

REVENUE COLLECTED BY THE NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT DURING THE
FINANCIAL YEAR 1908-09.

SUB-HEAD OF REVENUE.								AMOUNT.		
								£	s.	d.
1.	Native tax	..	..	..	..	..	..	352,433	0	0
2.	Native passes and certificates	..	..	..	..	..	..	306,694	3	0
3.	Dog tax..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,758	12	6
4.	Compound overseers' and labour agents' licences	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,458	15	0
5.	Fines, court fees, etc.	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,997	6	11
6.	Miscellaneous	..	..	..	..	..	..	324	6	8
7.	Native squatters' rents	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,021	0	0
8.	Departmental receipts	..	..	..	..	..	..	16,226	7	2
TOTAL								£701,913	11	3

REVENUE COLLECTED BY THE NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEARS

1902-03, 1903-04, 1904-05, 1905-06, 1906-07, 1907-08, AND 1908-09.

Sub-Head of Revenue.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.
<i>Native Revenue—</i>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Native Tax	271,503 0 0	277,197 0 0	407,870 0 0	372,186 0 0	311,034 0 0	394,479 0 0	352,433 0 0
2. Passes and Certificates	139,406 19 6	190,371 9 0	219,548 10 0	234,746 9 0	236,512 4 0	268,794 14 0	306,694 3 0
3. Native Squatters' Rents	—	—	—	9,154 0 0	15,331 6 0	13,407 0 0	11,021 0 0
<i>Miscellaneous Revenue—</i>							
4. Dog Tax	9,288 12 0	7,313 9 9	12,587 3 0	12,521 1 0	11,496 14 0	5,994 2 6	2,758 12 6
5. Compound Overseers' and Labour Agents' Licences..	2,404 15 0	2,889 10 0	3,584 0 0	3,295 0 0	3,697 5 6	4,848 15 0	6,458 15 0
6. Fines and Court Fees	2,487 3 3	3,629 11 6	7,426 7 2	5,607 16 1	5,412 19 10	4,644 4 9	5,997 6 11
7. Extra Receipts, including Compound Fees	1,512 7 6	896 6 6	692 2 6	213 11 0	119 10 4	10,673 9 7	16,226 7 2
8. Remittance Agency Fees and Interest	266 11 6	588 0 0	795 3 0	718 6 7	—	216 4 8	324 6 8
9. Miscellaneous	4 5 0	1 2 8	17 18 3	17 4 2	12 12 2	—	—
Asiatic Location Rents	75 15 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sale of Arms	598 1 6	222 0 0	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	£ 427,547 10 3	483,108 9 5	652,521 3 11	638,459 7 10	583,616 11 10	703,057 10 6	701,913 11 3

NOTE.—Only the revenue from Native Tax and from Passes and Certificates is reckoned as Native Revenue in the Treasury Accounts. The revenue collected by the Department from Dog Tax, Compound Overseers' and Native Labour Agents' Licences, and Miscellaneous, is distributed over sub-heads of General Revenue in the Treasury Accounts. Compound Fees and Remittance Agency Fees and Interest were appropriated in aid of the expenditure in 1904-05, and were therefore not paid into the Treasury as Revenue.

Appendix No. 19.

NATIVE TAX COLLECTED DURING THE FINANCIAL YEARS 1902-03 TO 1908-09.

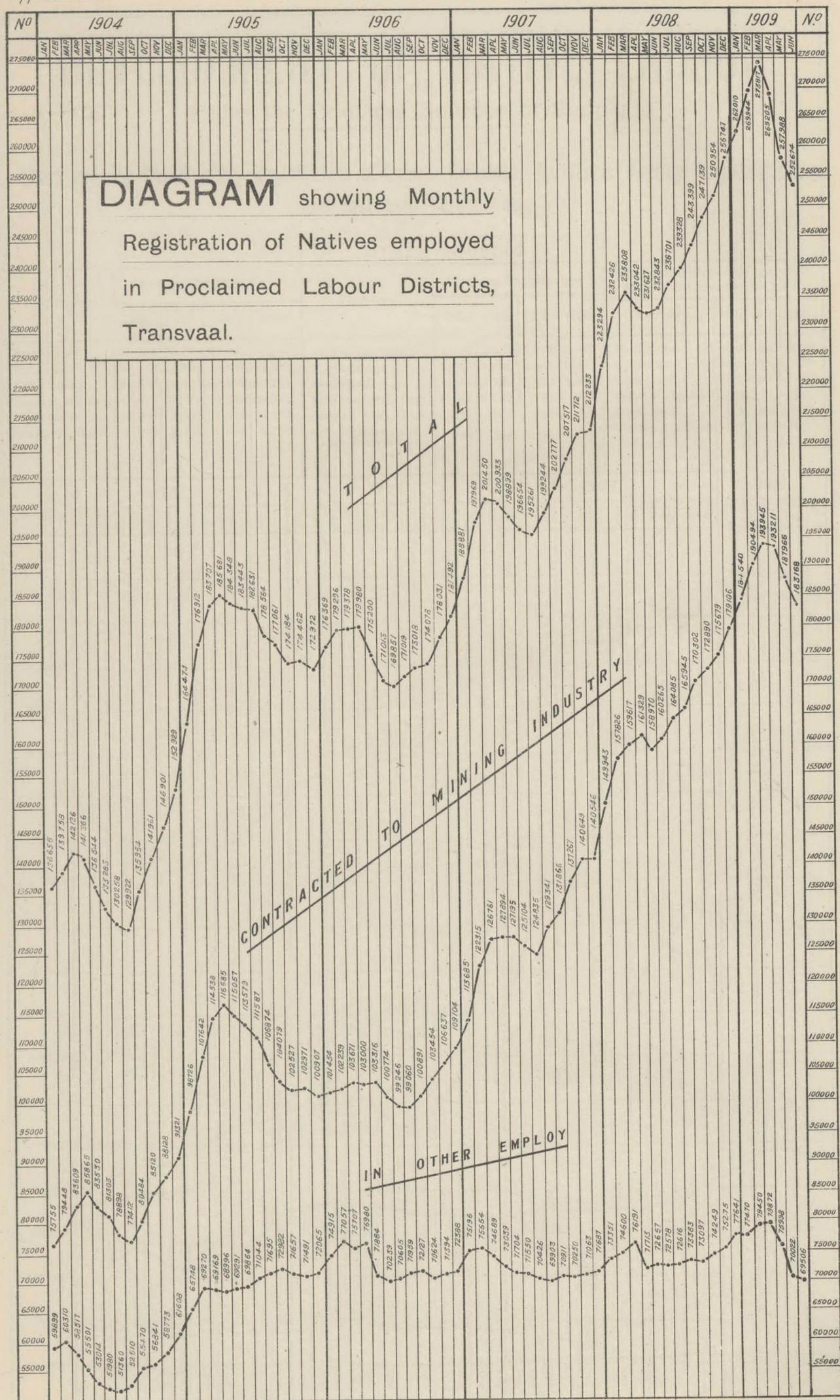
1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	Total.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
271,503	277,197	407,870	372,186	311,034	394,479	352,433	2,386,702

Appendix No. 20.

NATIVE TAX COLLECTED FOR EACH YEAR 1903-1909.

1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	Total.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
379,976	365,638	364,639	360,812	337,213	334,969	233,525	*2,386,702

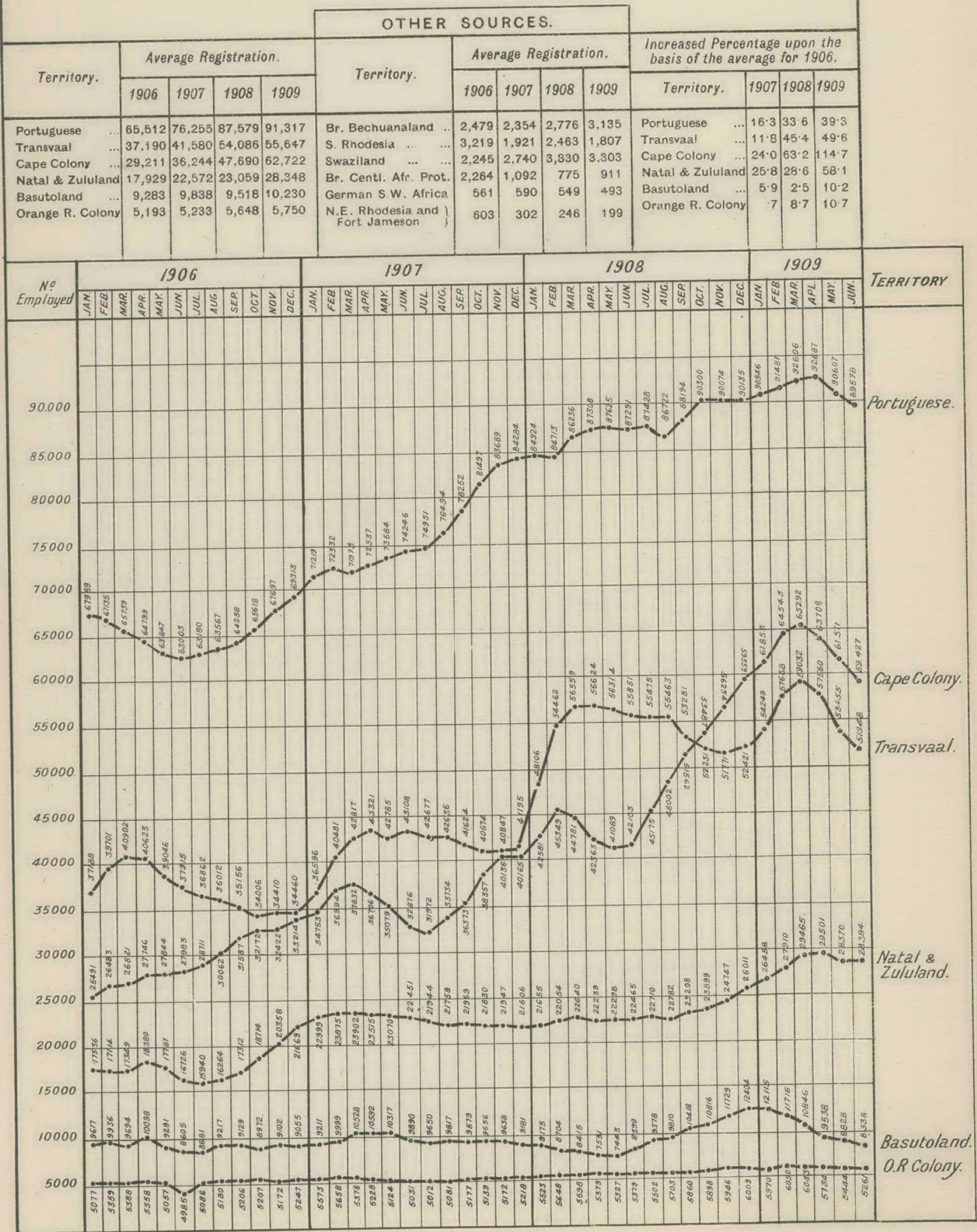
* Includes £9930 advices in transit. Amount unallocated.



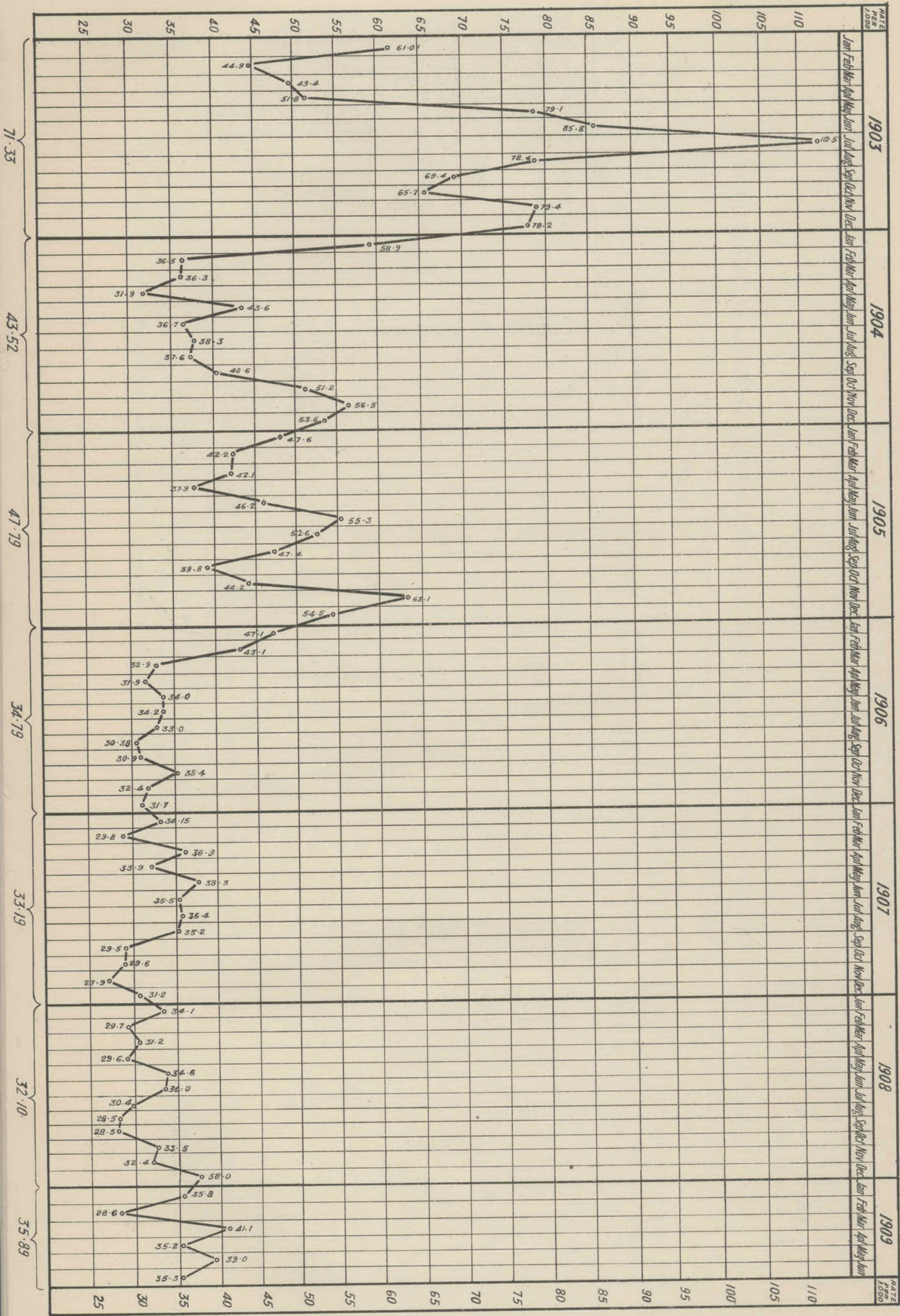
DEVELOPMENT OF NATIVE LABOUR

From the Principal Sources of Supply.

Chart showing the Monthly Registration in Labour Districts, Territorial Average Registration, and Increased Percentage.



Mortality Chart showing the Death-rate per thousand per annum for each Month among Natives employed on Mines and Industrial Works in Proclaimed Labour Districts, including Natives employed by Contractors.



TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF NATIVES EMPLOYED IN PROCLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS OF THE TRANSVAAL.

TERRITORY.	MINES AND WORKS.				OTHER EMPLOYMENT.				TOTALS.			
	30th June, 1908.	30th June, 1909.	Increase.	Decrease.	30th June, 1908.	30th June, 1909.	Increase.	Decrease.	30th June, 1908.	30th June, 1909.	Increase.	Decrease.
East Coast, South of Latitude 22° ..	73,266	72,145	—	1,121	5,429	5,066	—	363	78,695	77,211	—	1,484
Mozambique	4,472	5,910	1,438	—	13	80	67	—	4,485	5,990	1,505	—
Zambesi, Quilimane, and Tete ..	2,813	3,460	647	—	20	15	—	5	2,833	3,475	642	—
Beira and Chinde	467	397	—	70	45	35	—	10	512	432	—	80
Nyassa	763	2,444	1,681	—	3	26	23	—	766	2,470	1,704	—
PORTUGUESE TERRITORY	81,781	84,356	3,766	1,191	5,510	5,222	90	378	87,291	89,578	3,851	1,564
Basutoland	4,346	5,022	676	—	4,053	3,316	—	737	8,399	8,338	—	61
British Bechuanaland	1,270	1,531	261	—	1,406	1,377	—	29	2,676	2,908	232	—
British Central Africa Protectorate ..	515	826	311	—	289	277	—	12	804	1,103	299	—
North-Eastern Rhodesia and Fort Jameson	221	145	—	76	40	30	—	10	261	175	—	86
Cape Colony	24,469	43,150	18,681	—	17,634	16,277	—	1,357	42,103	59,427	17,324	—
German South-West Africa	412	340	—	72	128	126	—	2	540	466	—	74
Natal and Zululand	7,082	12,057	4,975	—	15,383	16,327	944	—	22,465	28,384	5,919	—
Orange River Colony	642	821	179	—	4,737	4,440	—	297	5,379	5,261	—	118
Southern Rhodesia	1,741	943	—	798	956	885	—	71	2,697	1,828	—	869
Swaziland	2,090	1,488	—	602	1,835	1,375	—	460	3,925	2,863	—	1,062
Transvaal	25,100	22,542	—	2,558	30,751	29,406	—	1,345	55,851	51,948	—	3,903
Others	81	37	—	44	371	358	—	13	452	395	—	57
TOTALS	149,750	173,258	28,849	5,341	83,093	79,416	1,034	4,711	232,843	252,674	27,625	7,794
	Net Increase, 23,508				Net Decrease, 3,677				Total Increase, 19,831			

In this Return 9910 natives employed by contractors on mines and works are shown in the totals "Other Employment".

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MORTALITY AMONGST NATIVES EMPLOYED ON MINES AND WORKS IN LABOUR DISTRICTS,
INCLUDING NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS.

MONTH.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF NATIVES EMPLOYED.						NUMBER OF DEATHS FROM DISEASE.						DEATH-RATE PER 1000 PER ANNUM FROM DISEASE.					
	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.
July	66,961	74,479	110,712	100,008	124,965	161,029	615	202	460	240	339	361	110·21	32·55	49·86	28·80	32·55	26·90
August	74,324	78,514	108,488	99,152	127,092	163,749	468	226	393	227	341	345	75·56	34·54	43·47	27·47	32·20	25·28
September ..	73,967	79,416	105,987	99,972	130,606	166,695	393	242	318	231	273	335	63·76	36·57	36·00	27·73	25·08	24·11
October	76,141	83,606	103,807	102,174	134,564	170,032	394	336	339	271	289	417	62·10	48·23	39·19	31·83	25·77	29·42
November ..	75,256	86,812	103,645	105,046	138,953	172,666	480	378	432	249	280	421	76·54	52·25	50·02	28·44	24·18	29·26
December ..	75,111	89,894	102,366	107,867	140,596	175,781	471	372	430	251	318	478	75·25	49·66	50·41	27·92	27·14	32·63
January	79,161	94,905	101,230	111,389	144,600	180,209	370	334	357	271	352	447	56·09	42·23	42·32	29·19	29·21	29·76
February ..	80,365	102,039	101,893	117,994	152,607	185,879	223	312	268	263	325	399	33·30	36·69	31·56	26·75	25·56	25·76
March	83,904	109,651	102,954	124,527	157,444	190,663	223	333	250	289	354	438	31·89	36·44	29·14	27·85	26·98	27·56
April	85,400	113,789	103,332	127,325	159,976	192,149	168	316	233	319	358	492	23·61	33·32	27·06	30·06	26·85	30·73
May	85,994	113,286	103,156	127,546	158,965	189,176	289	397	249	355	420	535	40·33	42·05	28·96	33·40	31·71	33·94
June	83,536	112,788	102,044	126,149	158,465	184,146	231	488	252	331	392	484	33·18	51·92	29·63	31·49	29·68	31·54
AVERAGE ..	78,343	94,932	104,135	112,429	144,069	177,681	360	328	332	275	337	430	55·21	41·46	38·26	29·35	28·16	29·04

Appendix No. 25.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MORTALITY AMONGST NATIVES (continued).

MONTH.	NUMBER OF DEATHS FROM ACCIDENT.						DEATH-RATE PER 1000 PER ANNUM FROM ACCIDENT.						TOTAL NUMBER OF DEATHS.						TOTAL DEATH-RATE PER 1000 PER ANNUM.					
	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.	1903 to 1904.	1904 to 1905.	1905 to 1906.	1906 to 1907.	1907 to 1908.	1908 to 1909.
July	13	36	26	35	41	47	2·33	5·80	2·82	4·20	3·94	3·50	628	238	486	275	380	408	112·54	38·35	52·68	33·00	36·49	30·40
August	18	20	36	24	32	45	2·91	3·06	3·98	2·90	3·02	3·29	486	246	429	251	373	390	78·47	37·60	47·45	30·38	35·22	28·57
September ..	35	27	34	27	49	61	5·68	4·08	3·85	3·24	4·50	4·39	428	269	352	258	322	396	69·44	40·65	39·85	30·97	29·58	28·50
October	23	21	44	31	43	59	3·62	3·01	5·09	3·64	3·84	4·16	417	357	383	302	332	476	65·72	51·24	44·27	35·47	29·61	33·58
November ..	18	31	113	35	44	46	2·87	4·29	13·08	4·00	3·80	3·20	498	409	545	284	324	467	79·41	56·54	63·10	32·44	27·98	32·46
December ..	19	30	35	34	48	80	3·04	4·00	4·10	3·78	4·10	5·46	490	402	465	285	366	558	78·28	53·66	54·51	31·71	31·24	38·09
January	19	43	41	46	59	92	2·88	5·44	4·86	4·96	4·90	6·05	389	377	398	317	411	539	58·96	47·67	47·18	34·15	34·11	35·81
February ..	22	47	98	30	53	45	3·29	5·53	11·54	3·05	4·16	2·91	245	359	366	293	378	444	36·58	42·22	43·10	29·80	29·72	28·67
March	31	52	33	94	56	216	4·43	5·69	3·85	9·06	4·27	13·59	254	385	283	383	410	654	36·33	42·13	32·99	36·91	31·25	41·15
April	59	44	42	41	37	73	8·29	4·64	4·88	3·86	2·78	4·56	227	360	275	360	395	565	31·90	37·97	31·94	33·93	29·63	35·29
May	24	40	44	53	39	81	3·35	4·24	5·12	4·99	2·94	5·13	313	437	293	408	459	616	43·68	46·29	34·08	38·39	34·65	39·07
June	25	32	39	43	58	59	3·59	3·40	4·59	4·09	4·39	3·84	256	520	291	374	450	543	36·77	55·33	34·22	35·58	34·08	35·38
AVERAGES ..	26	35	49	41	47	75	3·91	4·46	5·64	4·38	3·89	5·07	386	363	381	316	383	505	59·11	45·92	43·90	33·73	31·96	34·11

TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY FROM DISEASE AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON ALL MINES AND WORKS IN PROCLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS, EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS.

	DEATH-RATE PER THOUSAND PER ANNUM.																																									
	1906.												1907.												1908.												1909.					
	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.				
Basutoland	56.6	31.7	19.5	23.1	33.2	21.9	41.9	16.9	54.8	16.7	31.8	26.2	33.3	38.1	37.7	57.3	34.8	26.7	37.5	34.4	31.4	38.7	30.8	15.5	30.6	55.3	35.5	40.5	30.8	15.2	34.9	25.6	25.2	23.1	37.8	36.2	28.4	34.8				
British Bechuanaland	9.9	31.0	30.4	10.0	30.9	35.5	13.8	60.5	—	—	31.0	66.8	66.0	88.0	33.2	37.0	38.5	53.0	13.3	70.8	25.4	—	40.6	—	19.0	19.0	27.8	51.3	60.7	35.7	95.4	71.1	107.9	93.4	38.6	73.5	42.3	22.6				
Cape Colony	12.3	17.2	6.6	9.5	8.7	16.8	15.1	12.9	18.8	13.5	11.0	17.2	23.1	13.0	15.8	13.4	11.4	13.1	10.5	16.2	12.8	13.9	13.8	13.9	19.2	17.6	14.4	15.9	14.0	16.2	21.4	19.6	23.9	14.5	17.1	21.0	18.2	18.5				
East Coast, South of Latitude 22°	29.3	32.2	31.1	33.9	34.0	38.0	31.0	34.6	31.4	30.4	31.5	33.4	33.7	33.9	33.7	34.9	27.6	28.9	27.6	29.2	33.6	28.6	30.3	32.9	37.4	32.5	31.5	27.5	28.1	37.7	32.1	39.6	34.0	27.3	32.8	32.0	87.6	34.7				
Natal and Zululand	17.2	30.7	10.4	7.0	13.4	15.3	19.0	19.3	17.2	7.6	6.9	11.6	10.0	17.1	17.5	14.0	7.0	13.9	10.5	12.6	—	18.6	11.0	10.9	16.1	17.4	18.3	11.3	14.1	18.0	15.6	26.7	21.3	10.6	15.2	16.1	15.1					
Orange River Colony	—	28.5	59.1	—	—	28.3	27.3	27.1	24.5	—	—	20.5	—	—	22.0	23.2	—	19.8	—	36.8	16.6	17.4	57.7	58.3	19.2	—	—	28.6	13.6	41.2	41.0	—	—	94.9	27.0	13.3	40.8	71.2				
Swaziland	13.5	14.5	—	16.6	17.7	—	20.3	—	—	14.6	—	24.5	12.2	12.5	11.9	50.0	—	13.7	6.1	22.0	10.5	40.6	30.2	10.2	15.9	33.8	35.9	12.3	18.6	6.2	—	33.7	6.4	13.0	—	—	15.8					
Transvaal	21.3	27.5	28.3	15.2	17.7	41.1	16.3	17.4	24.8	16.8	13.4	21.6	32.7	32.6	35.2	30.1	28.8	23.6	27.2	19.5	24.6	20.1	25.7	21.2	21.2	21.8	23.0	24.1	22.0	22.4	24.9	28.5	20.9	25.4	24.6	21.9	29.4	32.3				
Others	58.0	119.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	400.0	—	—	—	—	285.7	—	—	—	—	—	280.0	—	324.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	266.6	—	—	—	—				
SOUTH OF LATITUDE 22°	26.5	29.7	26.2	26.3	27.4	33.0	26.7	27.9	28.2	23.4	23.6	27.2	30.3	29.9	30.1	31.0	24.0	24.5	23.5	25.1	26.4	24.3	25.5	25.10	29.69	27.67	26.13	24.07	23.70	28.04	28.11	31.89	28.7	23.2	25.9	26.5	29.0	28.3				
Beira and Chinde	—	—	—	—	230.8	—	—	—	114.3	117.6	—	—	—	114.3	—	—	—	—	51.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	32.9	56.3	—	—	51.0	24.1	23.3	—	—	—	—	60.2	30.7				
British Central Africa Protectorate	146.4	104.6	73.3	92.3	29.9	86.4	76.6	25.0	16.8	107.3	55.1	45.6	122.3	57.8	185.2	92.5	64.7	87.8	13.2	37.7	31.8	—	52.1	26.0	23.9	45.9	24.7	81.8	26.6	56.9	26.8	51.3	—	69.1	—	20.6	37.2	48.8				
German South-West Africa	24.3	72.4	95.4	119.5	114.3	86.6	107.9	96.0	52.6	77.3	55.6	28.3	80.2	131.0	—	—	—	78.4	25.6	78.6	27.3	—	58.8	—	—	30.8	31.3	—	61.2	30.1	92.8	91.3	31.7	—	98.4	67.8	36.1	37.3				
Mozambique	63.1	24.0	36.6	12.6	6.5	17.7	119.0	61.1	76.6	72.2	85.9	65.8	85.3	77.1	77.8	60.5	38.9	48.9	21.4	73.9	90.1	66.6	77.4	76.1	80.8	49.7	43.3	50.0	25.5	41.1	33.8	34.8	25.9	38.0	71.2	69.3	86.5	84.3				
North-Eastern Rhodesia and Fort Jameson	—	—	128.5	98.1	83.4	35.5	18.2	19.1	—	28.2	74.8	—	—	120.0	56.9	—	—	57.4	56.1	48.2	53.3	55.8	—	—	—	108.6	109.6	58.3	—	—	59.7	121.8	—	—	78.4	81.1	—					
Nyassa (Portuguese)	—	—	217.2	162.9	—	—	—	—	34.4	63.6	67.5	199.2	212.0	68.7	—	77.2	77.4	75.5	115.9	14.5	45.8	77.4	31.4	60.1	49.3	105.7	148.5	64.5	16.6	62.6	241.3	114.4	113.0	106.8	119.4	103.7	129.0	107.7				
Southern Rhodesia	36.3	17.8	62.4	44.2	100.7	57.2	55.1	—	27.2	26.6	13.8	13.7	38.6	21.1	59.3	80.4	42.4	29.4	38.0	46.4	29.7	12.2	60.0	36.9	44.2	60.0	36.0	32.5	57.3	45.4	39.6	14.5	15.2	28.8	39.9	12.0	38.2	63.8				
Zambesia, Quilmane, and Tete	28.4	—	29.4	15.8	15.6	26.4	63.9	87.8	112.1	139.7	135.8	108.4	127.2	94.0	65.0	53.5	77.8	69.1	78.0	77.3	85.5	105.7	66.0	87.8	92.9	100.2	90.0	73.2	84.5	71.3	71.4	80.9	100.2	94.0	33.5	125.2	132.3	96.3				
NORTH OF LATITUDE 22°	70.3	44.0	67.1	67.6	47.8	46.0	79.0	50.8	68.1	84.8	94.6	76.0	88.4	67.6	79.5	67.0	53.0	57.4	37.2	63.5	72.7	56.7	63.3	64.06	75.19	71.23	53.70	48.88	48.95	70.47	57.16	59.37	55.2	64.9	60.0	87.6	102.7	84.8				
SOUTH OF LATITUDE 22°	26.5	29.7	26.2	26.3	27.4	33.0	26.7	27.9	28.2	23.4	23.6	27.2	30.3	29.9	30.1	31.0	24.0	24.5	23.5	25.1	26.4	24.3	25.5	25.10	29.69	27.67	26.13	24.07	23.70	28.04	28.11	31.89	28.7	23.2	25.9	26.5	29.0	28.3				
TOTALS	30.5	31.0	29.8	28.9	28.9	33.9	30.6	29.6	31.3	28.2	29.1	31.0	34.7	32.9	34.0	33.7	26.3	27.1	24.6	28.4	30.3	26.9	28.5	28.07	33.34	31.09	28.18	25.82	25.42	30.96	30.19	33.88	30.7	26.5	28.6	31.6	35.2	33.0				

TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY FROM DISEASE AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON ALL MINES AND WORKS IN PROCLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS, EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS.

	DEATH-RATE PER THOUSAND PER ANNUM.																																													
	1906.						1907.												1908.												1909.															
	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.				
Basutoland	19.5	23.1	33.2	21.9	41.9	16.9	54.8	16.7	31.8	26.2	33.3	38.1	37.7	57.3	34.8	26.7	37.5	34.4	31.4	38.7	30.8	15.5	30.6	55.3	35.5	40.5	30.8	15.2	34.9	25.6	25.2	23.1	37.8	36.2	28.4	34.8	24.4	26.9	36.1	41.1	28.8	22.9				
British Bechuanaland	30.4	10.0	30.9	35.5	13.8	60.5	—	—	31.0	66.8	66.0	88.0	33.2	37.0	38.5	53.0	13.3	70.8	25.4	—	40.6	—	19.0	19.0	27.8	51.3	60.7	35.7	95.4	71.1	107.9	93.4	38.6	73.5	42.3	22.6	31.5	26.6	51.8	68.4	16.3	36.0				
Cape Colony	6.6	9.5	8.7	16.8	15.1	12.9	18.8	13.5	11.0	17.2	23.1	13.0	15.8	13.4	11.4	13.1	10.5	16.2	12.8	13.9	13.8	13.9	19.2	17.6	14.4	15.9	14.0	16.2	21.4	19.6	23.9	14.5	17.1	21.0	18.2	18.5	16.8	26.7	14.4	17.3	17.6	18.5				
East Coast, South of Latitude 22°	31.1	33.9	34.0	38.0	31.0	34.6	31.4	30.4	31.5	33.4	33.7	33.9	33.7	34.9	27.6	28.9	27.6	29.2	33.6	28.6	30.3	32.9	37.4	32.5	31.5	27.5	28.1	37.7	32.1	39.6	34.0	27.3	32.8	32.0	37.6	34.7	30.0	37.0	34.9	34.8	35.8	26.4				
Natal and Zululand	10.4	7.0	13.4	15.3	19.0	19.3	17.2	7.6	6.9	11.6	10.0	17.1	17.5	14.0	7.0	13.9	10.5	12.6	—	18.6	11.0	10.9	16.1	17.4	18.3	11.3	14.1	18.0	15.6	26.7	21.3	10.6	14.1	13.2	16.1	15.1	19.0	15.1	16.4	20.9	29.5	29.0				
Orange River Colony	59.1	—	—	28.3	27.3	27.1	24.5	—	20.5	—	22.0	23.2	—	—	—	19.8	—	—	36.8	16.6	17.4	57.7	58.3	19.2	—	—	28.6	13.6	41.2	41.0	—	94.9	27.0	13.3	40.8	71.3	45.7	16.2	16.9	52.2	17.9	—				
Swaziland	—	16.6	17.7	—	20.3	—	—	14.6	—	24.5	12.2	12.5	11.9	50.0	—	13.7	6.1	22.0	10.5	40.6	30.2	10.2	15.9	33.8	35.9	12.3	18.6	6.2	—	33.7	6.4	13.0	—	21.0	14.9	15.8	15.3	—	9.7	9.3	8.6	16.3				
Transvaal	28.3	15.2	17.7	41.1	16.3	17.4	24.8	16.8	13.4	21.6	32.7	32.6	35.2	30.1	28.8	23.6	27.2	19.5	24.6	20.1	25.7	21.2	21.2	21.8	23.0	24.1	22.0	22.4	24.9	28.5	20.9	25.4	24.6	21.9	29.4	32.2	30.5	22.7	20.7	24.2	29.2	26.1				
Others	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	400.0	—	—	—	—	—	285.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	324.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	266.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
SOUTH OF LATITUDE 22°	26.2	26.3	27.4	33.0	26.7	27.9	28.2	23.4	23.6	27.2	30.3	29.9	30.1	31.0	24.0	24.5	23.5	25.1	26.4	24.3	25.5	25.10	29.69	27.67	26.13	24.07	23.70	28.04	28.11	31.89	28.71	23.20	25.88	26.5	29.0	28.3	25.4	30.2	26.2	28.3	29.3	28.4				
Beira and Chinde	—	—	230.8	—	—	—	114.3	117.6	—	—	—	114.3	—	—	—	—	—	51.3	—	—	—	—	32.9	56.3	—	—	51.0	24.1	23.3	—	—	—	—	60.2	30.7	31.4	—	—	33.1	—	—					
British Central Africa Protectorate	73.3	92.3	29.9	86.4	76.6	25.0	16.8	107.3	55.1	45.6	122.3	57.8	185.2	92.5	64.7	87.8	13.2	37.7	31.8	—	—	—	26.0	23.9	45.9	24.7	81.8	26.6	56.9	26.8	51.3	—	69.1	—	20.6	37.2	48.8	16.3	56.4	56.0	22.3	52.5	97.3			
German South-West Africa	95.4	119.5	114.3	86.6	107.9	96.0	52.6	77.3	55.6	28.3	80.2	131.0	—	—	—	—	—	78.4	25.6	78.6	27.3	—	58.8	—	30.8	31.3	—	61.2	30.1	92.8	91.3	31.7	38.0	98.4	67.8	36.1	37.3	—	11.7	—	69.2	24.4	—			
Mozambique	36.6	12.6	6.5	17.7	119.0	61.1	76.6	72.2	85.9	65.8	85.3	77.1	—	—	—	—	—	77.8	60.5	68.9	48.9	21.4	73.9	90.1	66.6	77.4	76.1	89.8	49.7	43.3	50.0	25.5	41.1	33.8	34.8	25.9	—	71.2	69.3	86.5	84.3	76.6	44.7	39.8	43.8	60.2
North-Eastern Rhodesia and Fort Jameson	128.5	98.1	83.4	35.5	18.2	19.1	—	—	28.2	74.8	—	—	120.0	56.9	—	57.4	56.1	48.2	53.3	55.8	—	—	—	108.6	109.6	58.3	—	—	59.7	121.8	—	—	—	78.4	81.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Nyame	217.2	162.9	—	—	—	—	34.4	63.6	67.5	199.2	212.0	68.7	—	—	—	77.2	77.4	75.5	115.9	14.5	45.8	77.4	31.4	60.1	49.3	105.7	148.5	64.5	16.6	62.6	241.3	114.4	113.0	106.8	119.4	103.7	129.0	120.6	107.7	79.8	95.7	57.4	68.6	79.4	76.5	
Southern Rhodesia	62.4	44.2	100.7	57.2	55.1	—	27.2	26.6	13.8	13.7	38.6	21.1	59.3	80.4	42.4	29.4	29.7	12.2	60.0	36.9	44.2	60.0	36.0	32.5	57.3	45.4	39.6	14.5	15.2	28.8	39.9	12.9	38.2	63.8	37.8	—	37.3	12.5	39.0	41.5						
Zambesia, Quilimane, and Tete	29.4	15.8	15.6	26.4	63.9	87.8	112.1	139.7	135.8	108.4	127.2	94.0	65.0	53.5	77.8	69.1	78.0	77.3	85.5	105.7	66.0	87.8	92.9	100.2	90.0	73.2	84.5	71.3	71.4	80.9	100.2	94.0	33.5	125.2	152.3	96.5	61.2	51.3	45.9	70.8	48.6	48.2				
NORTH OF LATITUDE 22°	67.1	57.6	47.8	46.0	79.0	50.8	68.1	84.8	94.6	76.0	88.4	67.6	79.5	67.0	53.0	57.4	37.2	63.5	72.7	56.7	63.3	64.06	75.19	71.23	53.70	48.88	48.95	70.47	57.16	59.37	55.16	64.87	60.0	87.6	102.7	84.8	63.7	47.6	42.3	51.0	56.6	64.3				
SOUTH OF LATITUDE 22°	26.2	26.3	27.4	33.0	26.7	27.9	28.2	23.4	23.6	27.2	30.3	29.9	30.1	31.0	24.0	24.5	23.5	25.1	26.4	24.3	25.5	25.10	29.69	27.67	26.13	24.07	23.70	28.04	28.11	31.89	28.71	23.20	25.88	26.5	29.0	28.3	25.4	30.2	26.2	28.3	29.3	28.4				
TOTALS	29.8	28.9	28.9	33.9	30.6	29.6	31.3	28.2	29.1	31.0	34.7	32.9	34.0	33.7	26.3	27.1	24.6	28.4	30.3	26.9	28.5	28.07	33.34	31.09	28.18	25.82	25.42	30.96	30.19	33.88	30.71	26.46	28.64	31.6	35.2	33.0	28.6	31.7	27.6	30.4	32.0	32.0				

MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON COAL MINES IN THE PROCLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS (EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

Mine or Company.	Average Number of Natives Employed.	Deaths from Disease.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Deaths from Accidents.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Total Death-rate per 1000 per Annum.	Remarks.
Apex Mine	479	6	12.5	1	2.1	14.6	11 months.
Brakpan Colliery	6	—	—	—	—	—	
Rand Colliery	307	13	42.3	2	6.5	48.8	
Clydesdale Colliery	309	10	32.4	1	3.2	35.6	
Great Eastern	625	13	20.8	2	3.2	24.0	
De Rietfontein	592	18	30.4	—	—	30.4	11 months.
Welgedacht	407	16	39.3	3	7.4	46.7	
South Rand Exploration	626	30	47.9	—	—	47.9	
Herold	26	—	—	—	—	—	
Vereeniging Estates	418	17	40.7	1	2.4	43.1	
Witbank	1,477	54	36.6	12	8.1	44.7	11 months.
Transvaal and Delagoa Bay	526	8	15.2	1	1.9	17.1	
Coronation	300	4	13.3	—	—	13.3	
Middelburg Steam Coal and Coke	427	4	9.4	1	2.3	11.7	
Landau	547	30	54.8	1	1.8	56.6	
Premier Coal Estate	434	12	27.6	2	4.6	32.2	5 months.
Anglo-French	278	10	36.0	1	3.6	39.6	
Douglas and Crown	264	2	7.6	—	—	7.6	
Oogies	418	9	21.5	—	—	21.5	
Tweefontein	639	24	37.6	4	6.3	43.9	
Vlakfontein Colliery	29	—	—	—	—	—	
TOTALS	9,134	280	30.7	32	3.5	34.2	

MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON GOLD MINES (DEEP LEVELS) IN PROCLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS (EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

Mine or Company.	Average Number of Natives Employed.	Deaths from Disease.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Deaths from Accidents.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Total Death-rate per 1000 per annum.	Remarks.
Van Ryn Deep	340	7	30.9	5	22.1	53.0	8 months.
Cinderella Deep	1,252	19	15.2	16	12.8	28.0	
City Deep	450	8	17.8	4	8.9	26.7	
Robinson Central Deep	1,400	24	17.1	6	4.3	21.4	
Village Deep	1,999	42	21.0	17	8.5	29.5	
Crown Deep	3,095	62	20.0	8	2.6	22.6	11 months.
Durban Roodepoort Deep	1,470	121	82.3	11	7.5	89.8	
Ferreira Deep	2,126	42	19.8	13	6.1	25.9	
Geldenhuis Deep	2,674	155	58.0	12	4.5	62.5	
Glen Deep	1,888	61	32.3	9	4.8	37.1	
Jumpers Deep	1,991	118	59.3	8	4.0	63.3	11 months.
Langlaagte Deep	2,910	148	50.9	13	4.5	55.4	
Rose Deep	2,776	103	37.1	17	6.1	43.2	
Witwatersrand Deep	2,776	131	35.5	43	11.7	47.2	
Vogelstruis Consolidated Deep	3,686	14	42.8	2	6.1	48.9	
Roodepoort Central Deep	357	90	64.2	6	4.3	68.5	10 months.
Knights Deep	1,401	88	26.5	13	3.9	30.4	
Nigel Deep	3,321	31	40.8	2	2.6	43.4	
Robinson Deep	759	110	29.4	30	8.0	37.4	
Simmer Deep	3,737	147	54.4	7	2.6	57.0	
Midas Deep	2,700	2	7.8	2	7.8	15.6	8 months.
Randfontein Deep	308	—	—	—	—	—	10 months.
South Randfontein Deep	152	2	26.7	—	—	26.7	10 months.
TOTALS	90	—	—	—	—	—	
TOTALS	40,882	1,525	37.3	244	6.0	43.3	

MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON GOLD MINES (OUTCROP) IN PRO-CLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS (EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

Mine or Company.	Average Number of Natives Employed.	Deaths from Disease.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Deaths from Accidents.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Total Death-rate per 1000 per Annum.	Remarks.
East Rand Proprietary Mines ..	13,022	395	30.3	78	6.0	36.3	
New Kleinfontein	4,209	155	36.8	10	2.4	39.2	
Apex	165	—	—	—	—	—	3 months.
Aurora West	976	32	32.8	4	4.1	36.9	
Meyer and Charlton	1,065	26	24.4	7	6.6	31.0	
New Goch	1,895	77	40.6	12	6.3	46.9	
Rooдеpoort United Main Reef ..	2,070	175	84.5	16	7.7	92.2	
Van Ryn	1,827	21	11.5	8	4.4	15.9	
West Rand Consolidated	1,611	82	50.9	10	6.2	57.1	
City and Suburban	2,258	39	17.3	5	2.2	19.5	
Crown Reef	1,817	30	16.5	4	2.2	18.7	
Ferreira	1,789	28	15.7	9	5.0	20.7	
New Heriot	697	27	38.7	2	2.9	41.6	
New Modderfontein	2,221	55	24.8	13	5.9	30.7	
Nourse Mines	2,973	132	44.4	11	3.7	48.1	
Robinson	2,722	85	31.2	6	2.2	33.4	
Village Main Reef	2,914	32	11.0	4	1.4	12.4	
Turf Mines	316	1	9.5	1	9.5	19.0	4 months.
Modderfontein "B"	328	4	20.9	2	10.4	31.3	7 months.
Buffelsdoorn Estates	81	—	—	—	—	—	11 months.
Consolidated Langlaagte	2,356	26	11.0	10	4.2	15.2	
Ginsberg	1,312	22	16.8	3	2.3	19.1	
Glencairn	1,443	26	18.0	10	6.9	24.9	
Bon Accord	189	—	—	—	—	—	
New Primrose	1,856	37	19.9	3	1.6	21.5	
New Rietfontein Estate	1,806	65	36.0	2	1.1	37.1	
New Unified	1,332	66	49.5	2	1.5	51.0	
Spes Bona Tribute	430	8	18.6	—	—	18.6	
Witwatersrand	1,613	64	39.7	67	41.5	81.2	
Consolidated Main Reef	1,872	32	17.1	6	3.2	20.3	
Knights Central	1,341	37	27.6	14	10.4	38.0	
Main Reef West	922	23	24.9	4	4.3	29.2	
Treasury	979	19	19.4	5	5.1	24.5	
Wolhuter	2,160	34	15.7	—	—	15.7	
Bantjes Consolidated	361	3	9.0	4	12.1	21.1	11 months.
Cloverfield	189	9	57.2	3	19.1	76.3	10 months.
Lancaster	1,258	73	58.0	4	3.2	61.2	
Lancaster West	1,167	54	46.3	3	2.6	48.9	
May Consolidated	1,238	37	29.9	1	8	30.7	
Princess Estate	1,270	82	64.6	5	3.9	68.5	
Geduld Proprietary	1,063	32	30.1	3	2.8	32.9	
Van Dyk Proprietary	247	4	16.2	2	8.1	24.3	
Jupiter	1,163	44	37.8	3	2.6	40.4	
Luipaards Vlei	1,632	12	7.4	2	1.2	8.6	
Simmer and Jack Proprietary ..	3,639	164	45.1	12	3.3	48.4	
Simmer and Jack East	645	56	86.8	10	15.5	102.3	
Ferguson Randfontein	261	5	19.2	1	3.8	23.0	
Langlaagte Estate	2,228	41	18.4	9	4.0	22.4	
North Randfontein	2,057	66	32.1	17	8.3	40.4	
Porges Randfontein	1,861	31	16.7	3	1.6	18.3	
Randfontein Estates	2,710	43	15.9	21	7.7	23.6	
Randfontein Central	942	17	18.0	2	2.1	20.1	
Robinson Randfontein	2,662	53	19.9	10	3.8	23.7	
South Randfontein	2,159	61	28.3	18	8.3	36.6	
Stubbs Randfontein	323	9	27.9	1	3.1	31.0	
French Rand	2,023	59	29.2	10	4.9	34.1	
Jumpers	1,225	9	7.3	1	8	8.1	
Afrikander Proprietary	3	—	—	—	—	—	10 months.
Balfour	22	—	—	—	—	—	2 months.
Brakpan Mines	430	9	20.9	3	7.0	27.9	
Champ d'Or	1,026	21	20.5	3	2.9	23.4	
Durban Rooдеpoort	925	41	44.3	3	3.2	47.5	
Geldenhuis Estate	1,458	15	10.3	1	7	11.0	
Jubilee and Salisbury	1,039	4	3.8	5	4.8	8.6	
Nigel	1,560	22	14.1	—	—	14.1	
Elandsheuvcl	70	—	—	—	—	—	2 months.
Carried forward ..							

*Appendix No. 30.—MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON
GOLD MINES (OUTCROP) (continued).*

Mine or Company.	Average Number of Natives Employed.	Deaths from Disease.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Deaths from Accidents.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Total Death-rate per 1000 per Annum.	Remarks.
<i>Brought forward</i> ..							
Molyneux	146	—	—	—	—	—	7 months.
Vaal River Tributors	132	—	—	—	—	—	2 months.
Orion	162	5	30·9	—	—	30·9	
Cotteswalt	16	—	—	—	—	—	1 month.
Vogelstruis Estate	1,711	87	50·8	9	5·3	56·1	
New West Bonanza	224	3	13·4	1	4·5	17·9	
West Rand Central	542	9	16·6	1	1·8	18·4	
Springs Mines Limited	16	—	—	—	—	—	1 month.
Windsor	810	11	14·8	1	1·3	16·1	11 months.
York	803	19	23·7	2	2·5	26·2	
H.B.K. Syndicate	21	—	—	—	—	—	4 months.
Hauser	51	—	—	—	—	—	
Adair Usher	7	—	—	—	—	—	2 months.
New Minerva	146	3	20·5	—	—	20·5	
Saxon	4	—	—	—	—	—	
Warren Hill	112	1	8·9	—	—	8·9	
Honingklip Claims	39	—	—	—	—	—	2 months.
Southleigh Syndicate	92	1	32·5	—	—	32·5	4 months.
Quarryhill	130	1	7·7	—	—	7·7	
Doornkop	65	1	15·4	1	15·4	30·8	
E. F. Austen Gold Mining Company	27	—	—	—	—	—	2 months.
Benoni Consolidated	186	1	10·8	—	—	10·8	6 months.
Niekerk Syndicate	89	1	16·9	—	—	16·9	8 months.
Union Tributing Syndicate	26	—	—	—	—	—	8 months.
Machavie	114	—	—	—	—	—	6 months.
Kroondraai	60	—	—	—	—	—	8 months.
Carvers Proprietary	109	1	15·7	—	—	15·7	7 months.
East Rand Extension	217	2	15·8	1	7·9	23·7	7 months.
TOTALS	109,480	3,077	28·1	504	4·6	32·7	

MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON DIAMOND MINES IN PROCLAIMED
LABOUR DISTRICTS (EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

Mine or Company.	Average Number of Natives Employed.	Deaths from Disease.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Deaths from Accidents.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Total Death-rate per 1000 per annum.
Premier (Transvaal) Diamond Mining Company	6,912	110	15.9	11	1.6	17.5

MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON SURFACE WORKS IN PROCLAIMED
LABOUR DISTRICTS (EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

Mine or Company.	Average Number of Natives Employed.	Deaths from Disease.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Deaths from Accidents.	Rate per 1000 per Annum.	Total Death-rate per 1000 per annum.	Remarks.
Zuurbekom Waterworks	20	—	—	—	—	—	8 months.
Johnstone and Penny Slime	24	—	—	—	—	—	
Chester Diamond Drill	9	—	—	—	—	—	
Rawstone Slimes	21	—	—	—	—	—	
Griffith's Lime Works	77	7	90.9	—	—	90.9	
Nolan's Lime Works	224	7	31.2	—	—	31.2	
Transvaal Chemical Company ..	188	2	10.6	1	5.3	15.9	
Victoria Falls Power Company (Boks- burg)	154	1	6.5	—	—	6.5	
Victoria Falls Power Company (Ger- miston)	120	1	8.3	1	8.3	16.6	9 months.
Dynamite Factory	611	4	6.5	1	1.6	8.1	
Rex Brick Works	46	—	—	1	21.7	21.7	
A. E. G. Berlin (Erection Department)	204	4	19.6	—	—	19.6	
Slimes Syndicate	28	—	—	—	—	—	
Vereeniging Brick and Tile	104	2	19.2	—	—	19.2	
Edendale Estates	93	1	10.8	1	10.8	21.6	
Mostert's Development Works ..	264	—	—	—	—	—	3 months.
TOTALS	2,187	29	13.3	5	2.3	15.6	

TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON MINES AND WORKS IN PROCLAIMED LABOUR DISTRICTS
(EXCLUSIVE OF NATIVES EMPLOYED BY CONTRACTORS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

TERRITORY.	PNEUMONIA.		PHTHISIS.		OTHER RESPIRATORY DISEASES.		MENINGITIS.		ENTERIC.		DYSENTERY.	
	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.
Basutoland	92	43.4	17	8.0	6	2.8	9	4.2	30	14.2	9	4.2
British Bechuanaland	51	48.6	4	3.8	5	4.8	6	5.7	1	1.0	5	4.8
British Central Africa Protectorate	14	63.6	1	4.5	—	—	—	—	2	9.1	—	—
Cape Colony	219	23.4	125	13.4	32	3.4	25	2.7	70	7.5	41	4.4
Natal and Zululand	57	28.9	19	9.6	1	.5	13	6.6	10	5.1	12	6.1
Orange River Colony	12	37.5	5	15.6	—	—	1	3.1	3	9.4	1	3.1
Southern Rhodesia	20	48.8	3	7.3	3	7.3	1	2.4	4	9.8	—	—
Swaziland	11	31.4	5	14.3	—	—	1	2.9	1	2.9	2	5.7
Transvaal	231	37.1	87	14.0	22	3.5	27	4.3	46	7.4	26	4.2
German South-West Africa	5	23.8	10	47.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North-Eastern Rhodesia and Fort Jameson	2	22.2	3	33.3	1	11.1	1	11.1	—	—	—	—
Others	1	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Coast	913	33.3	496	18.1	85	3.1	181	6.6	195	7.1	90	3.3
Mozambique	113	38.6	47	16.0	8	2.7	14	4.8	27	9.2	9	3.1
Zambesia, Quilimane, and Tete	135	41.5	36	11.1	10	3.1	13	4.0	25	7.7	15	4.6
Nyassa	126	57.3	13	5.9	5	2.3	16	7.3	8	3.6	7	3.2
Beira and Chinde	4	57.1	1	14.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	14.3
TOTALS	2006	34.5	872	150	178	3.1	308	5.3	422	7.3	218	3.7

The figures shown in percentage columns indicate the percentage from each cause to the total number of deaths which have occurred among each tribe during the year.
The figures shown in percentage columns of the totals indicate the percentage of deaths from each cause to the total number of deaths for the year.

Appendix No. 33.—TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY AMONG NATIVES EMPLOYED ON MINES AND WORKS (continued).

TERRITORY.	OTHER DIARRHOEAL DISEASES.		SCURVY.		MALARIA.		OTHER CAUSES.		ACCIDENTS.		TOTAL.
	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	No. of Deaths.	Per-centage.	
Basutoland	—	—	4	1·9	2	·9	19	9·0	24	11·3	212
British Bechuanaland	—	—	7	6·7	1	1·0	18	17·1	7	6·7	105
British Central Africa Protectorate	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9·1	3	13·6	22
Cape Colony	18	1·9	30	3·2	4	·4	139	14·9	232	24·8	935
Natal and Zululand	1	·5	2	1·0	—	—	38	19·3	44	22·3	197
Orange River Colony	1	3·1	—	—	—	—	4	12·5	5	15·6	32
Southern Rhodesia	1	2·4	3	7·3	—	—	3	7·3	3	7·3	41
Swaziland	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	20·0	8	22·9	35
Transvaal	1	·2	11	1·8	3	·5	87	14·0	82	13·2	623
German South-West Africa	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	14·3	3	14·3	21
North-Eastern Rhodesia and Fort Jameson	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	11·1	1	11·1	9
Others	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
East Coast	27	1·0	24	·9	22	·8	385	14·1	321	11·7	2739
Mozambique	2	·6	4	1·4	5	1·7	39	13·3	25	8·5	293
Zambesia, Quilimane, and Tete	4	1·2	14	4·3	8	2·5	37	11·4	28	8·6	325
Nyassa	1	·5	7	3·2	3	1·4	24	10·9	10	4·5	220
Beira and Chinde	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	14·3	—	—	7
TOTALS	56	1·0	106	1·8	48	·8	807	13·9	796	13·7	5817

The figures shown in percentage columns indicate the percentage from each cause to the total number of deaths which have occurred among each tribe during the year.
The figures shown in percentage columns of the totals indicate the percentage of deaths from each cause to the total number of deaths for the year.

TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF DESERTERS REPORTED AND RECOVERED, 1ST JULY, 1908, TO 30TH JUNE, 1909.

DISTRICT.	BASUTOLAND.		BRITISH BECHUANALAND.		BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA PROTECTORATE.		CAPE COLONY.		NATAL AND ZULULAND.		NORTH-EASTERN RHODESIA AND FORT JAMESON.		ORANGE RIVER COLONY.		SOUTHERN RHODESIA.		SWAZILAND.	
	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.
Johannesburg	263	113	249	22	32	9	1,650	307	431	284	—	—	87	59	42	19	16	14
Krugersdorp	547	34	507	34	64	2	2,067	146	517	37	7	—	107	8	86	8	8	4
Boksburg	435	12	80	1	49	1	3,151	58	1,091	24	—	—	76	12	35	3	247	8
Germiston	315	90	137	10	2	3	2,400	319	502	86	—	—	178	31	29	13	29	32
Springs	5	—	38	—	6	—	428	—	5	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Heidelberg	18	2	—	—	—	—	43	3	55	2	—	—	8	—	—	—	5	—
Klerksdorp	8	1	2	—	—	—	28	10	4	—	—	—	5	2	—	1	—	—
Vereeniging	17	—	—	—	—	—	27	1	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—
Pretoria	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middelburg	19	—	2	—	1	—	315	—	27	—	—	—	15	—	4	—	9	—
Deserters Reported	1,627	252	1,015	67	154	15	10,109	844	2,633	434	7	—	478	113	196	44	315	58
Deserters Recovered	496	75	147	21	84	5	3,644	367	1,136	262	6	—	157	45	68	18	175	24
Deserters Unrecovered	1,131	177	868	46	70	10	6,465	477	1,497	172	1	—	321	68	128	26	140	34
Percentage of Deserters Recovered	30·5	29·8	14·5	31·3	54·5	33·3	36·0	43·5	43·1	60·4	85·7	—	32·8	39·8	34·7	40·9	55·6	41·4

Appendix No. 34.—TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF DESERTERS REPORTED AND RECOVERED, 1ST JULY, 1908, TO 30TH JUNE, 1909—(continued).

DISTRICT.	TRANSVAAL.		EAST COAST, SOUTH OF LATITUDE 22°.		BEIRA AND CHINDE.		MOZAMBIQUE.		NYASSA.		ZAMBESIA, QUILLIMANE, AND TETE.		GERMAN SOUTH-WEST AFRICA.		OTHERS.		TOTALS.		GRAND TOTALS.
	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	Mines.	Other Em- ployers.	
Johannesburg	585	796	1,062	226	7	—	72	—	14	—	36	—	4	—	1	2	4,551	1,851	6,402
Krugersdorp	788	198	832	25	2	—	24	4	5	—	10	—	6	3	—	—	5,577	503	6,080
Boksburg	959	124	1,859	27	7	2	127	—	—	—	80	2	19	—	—	—	8,215	274	8,489
Germiston	741	119	945	56	—	—	114	1	43	2	84	8	1	—	9	—	5,529	770	6,299
Springs	39	20	159	1	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	695	22	717
Heidelberg	26	9	60	7	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	218	23	241
Klerksdorp	11	20	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	64	34	98
Vereeniging	6	—	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	92	2	94
Pretoria	7	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	2	14
Middelburg	40	1	462	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	901	1	902
Deserters Reported ..	3,202	1,289	5,428	342	16	2	361	5	62	2	210	10	31	3	10	2	25,854	3,482	29,336
Deserters Recovered ..	1,234	606	3,462	169	12	—	332	—	42	2	157	3	16	—	—	—	11,168	1,597	12,765
Deserters Unrecovered ..	1,968	683	1,966	173	4	2	29	5	20	—	53	7	15	3	10	2	14,686	1,885	16,571
Percentage of Deserters Recovered	38·5	47·0	63·8	49·4	75·0	—	92·0	—	67·7	100·0	74·8	30·0	51·6	—	—	—	43·2	45·9	43·5

STATEMENT SHOWING TERRITORIALLY THE RELATION, PLUS OR MINUS, OF DESERTION PERCENTAGES TO
EMPLOYMENT PERCENTAGES, FINANCIAL YEAR 1908-09.

TERRITORY.	NUMBER OF DESERTIONS.		PERCENTAGE OF DESERTIONS.		AVERAGE NUMBER OF NATIVES EMPLOYED.		PERCENTAGE OF SUPPLY.		RELATION, PLUS OR MINUS, OF DESERTION PERCENTAGE TO EMPLOYMENT PERCENTAGE.			RATE PER 1000 PER ANNUM.		
	Mines.	Other Employers.	Mines.	Other Employers.	Mines.	Other Employers.	Mines.	Other Employers.	Mines.	Other Employers.	Total.	Mines.	Other Employers.	Totals.
Basutoland	1,627	252	6.3	7.2	6,256	4,164	3.7	5.0	+ 2.6	+ 2.2	+ 4.8	260.1	60.5	180.3
British Bechuanaland	1,015	67	3.9	1.9	1,631	1,385	1.0	1.7	+ 2.9	+ .2	+ 3.1	622.3	48.4	358.8
British Central Africa Protectorate	154	15	.6	.4	541	301	.3	.4	+ .3	—	+ .3	284.7	49.8	200.7
Cape Colony	10,109	844	39.1	24.2	39,535	17,658	23.6	21.0	+ 15.5	+ 3.2	+ 18.7	255.7	47.8	191.5
Natal and Zululand	2,633	434	10.2	12.5	9,732	16,236	5.8	19.3	+ 4.4	— 6.8	— 2.4	270.6	26.7	118.1
North-Eastern Rhodesia and Fort Jameson	7	—	—	—	183	35	.1	—	— .1	—	— .1	38.3	—	32.1
Orange River Colony	478	113	1.8	3.2	857	4,893	.5	5.8	+ 1.3	— 2.6	— 1.3	557.8	23.1	102.8
Southern Rhodesia	196	44	.8	1.3	1,009	922	.6	1.1	+ .2	+ .2	+ .4	194.2	47.7	124.3
Swaziland	315	58	1.2	1.7	1,786	1,634	1.1	1.9	+ .1	— .2	— .1	176.4	35.5	109.1
Transvaal	3,202	1,289	12.4	37.0	21,574	30,546	12.9	36.4	— .5	+ .6	+ .1	148.4	42.2	86.2
East Coast, south of Latitude 22°	5,428	342	21.0	9.8	73,448	5,552	43.8	6.6	— 22.8	+ 3.2	— 19.6	73.9	61.6	73.0
Beira and Chinde	16	2	.1	.1	459	46	.3	.1	— .2	—	— .2	34.9	43.5	35.6
Mozambique	361	5	1.4	.1	5,152	31	3.1	—	— 1.7	+ .1	— 1.6	70.1	161.3	70.6
Nyassa	62	2	.2	.1	1,890	6	1.1	—	— .9	+ .1	— .8	32.8	333.3	33.8
Zambesia, Quilimane, and Tete	210	10	.8	.3	3,277	22	2.0	—	— 1.2	+ .3	— .9	64.1	454.5	66.7
German South-West Africa	31	3	.1	.1	369	130	.2	.2	— .1	— .1	— .2	84.0	23.1	68.1
Others	10	2	—	.1	44	367	—	.4	—	— .3	— .3	227.3	5.4	29.2
TOTALS	25,854	3,482	99.9	100.0	167,743	83,928	100.1	99.9	—	—	—	154.1	41.5	116.6
Mines.—Number of desertions 25,854, or 15.4 per cent. of supply. Other Employers.—Number of desertions 3,482, or 4.1 per cent. of supply. Total number of desertions 29,336, or 11.7 per cent. of total supply.					Mines.—Number of deserters recovered 11,168, or 6.7 per cent. of supply. Other Employers.—Number of deserters recovered 1,597, or 1.9 per cent. of supply. Total number of deserters recovered 12,765, or 5.1 per cent. of total supply.					Mines.—Number of deserters unrecovered 14,686, or 8.8 per cent. of supply. Other Employers.—Number of deserters unrecovered 1,885, or 2.2 per cent. of supply. Total number of deserters unrecovered 16,571, or 6.6 per cent. of total supply.				

RETURN OF COMPLAINTS INVESTIGATED AT PASS OFFICES DURING THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

DISTRICT.	A.—WAGES.						
	No. of Cases Investigated.	Amount Involved.	No. of Cases settled in favour of Plaintiff.	Amount Recovered.	Amount Unrecovered.	No. of Cases settled in favour of Defendant.	No. of Cases Result not Reported.
		£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Johannesburg	3,028	6,677 19 1	2,160	3,537 2 10	3,140 16 3	543	325
Krugersdorp	410	670 1 11	245	184 2 0	485 19 11	100	65
Rodepoort	58	95 13 3	25	39 17 3	55 16 0	29	4
Randfontein	27	67 9 4	19	36 13 0	30 16 4	6	2
Boksburg	222	590 8 5	218	471 10 11	118 17 6	4	—
Benoni	69	165 6 6	32	67 16 0	97 10 6	7	30
Germiston	230	710 10 6	132	429 13 10	280 16 8	56	42
Springs	7	13 10 4	7	13 10 4	—	—	—
Heidelberg	18	48 18 0	9	21 4 0	27 14 0	5	4
Pretoria	87	458 6 9	47	111 2 0	347 4 9	20	20
Middelburg	48	59 0 6	35	42 3 4	16 17 2	9	4
TOTALS	4,204	£9,557 4 7	2,929	£4,954 15 6	£4,602 9 1	779	496

DISTRICT.	B.—ILL-TREATMENT.				C.—DETENTION BEYOND TERM OF CONTRACT.			
	No. of Cases Investigated.	No. of Cases settled in favour of Plaintiff.	No. of Cases settled in favour of Defendant.	No. of Cases Result not Reported.	No. of Cases Investigated.	No. of Cases settled in favour of Plaintiff.	No. of Cases settled in favour of Defendant.	No. of Cases Result not Reported.
Johannesburg	349	163	154	32	520	210	164	146
Krugersdorp	154	26	90	38	151	59	92	—
Rodepoort	38	13	25	—	91	14	77	—
Randfontein	57	22	16	19	41	30	11	—
Boksburg	24	19	5	—	12	12	—	—
Germiston	156	113	41	2	40	15	19	6
Springs	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Heidelberg	11	4	7	—	14	4	10	—
Witbank	16	5	9	2	15	8	4	3
TOTALS	807	366	348	93	884	352	377	155

Appendix No. 37.

RETURN OF INSPECTIONS AND CASES ADJUDICATED, 1ST JULY, 1908,
TO 30TH JUNE, 1909.

DISTRICT.	NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS.	NUMBER OF CASES ADJUDICATED.		
		Offences.	Disputes.	Total.
Johannesburg	1,128	2,476	187	2,663
Krugersdorp	478	392	32	424
Roodepoort	560	275	7	282
Randfontein	299	34	43	77
Boksburg	368	14	11	25
Benoni	318	51	2	53
Germiston	668	838	67	905
Springs	157	44	—	44
Heidelberg	68	15	8	23
Pretoria	237	408	44	452
Middelburg	238	25	19	44
TOTALS	4,519	4,572	420	4,992

RETURN OF CRIMINAL CASES SENT TO COURT BY THE GOVERNMENT NATIVE LABOUR BUREAU FOR CONTRAVENTIONS OF
THE PASS REGULATIONS, 1ST JULY, 1908, TO 30TH JUNE, 1909.

	1908.						1909.						Total.
	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	
Total number of cases sent to court ..	874	753	902	1,028	1,069	1,015	845	971	1,221	1,282	1,204	1,247	12,411
Total number of employers convicted ..	6	2	4	1	2	5	4	8	13	24	44	38	151
Total number of natives convicted	797	716	816	959	989	927	775	928	1,024	1,110	1,004	1,071	11,116
Total number of cases found guilty, but discharged	18	3	11	15	21	30	15	8	58	58	76	62	375
Total number of cases found not guilty and discharged	53	32	71	53	57	53	51	27	126	90	80	76	769
<i>Total amount of sentences:</i>													
Fine	£1,273 4 0	£1,442 4 6	£1,625 0 0	£1,961 0 0	£1,912 10 0	£1,970 0 0	£1,665 10 0	£1,575 15 0	£1,739 7 0	£1,714 12 6	£1,532 9 0	£1,743 2 0	£20,154 14 0
Imprisonment ..	450·25 months	500·62 months	601·25 months	673·25 months	718·25 months	725·5 months	620 months	562 months	594·66 months	623·83 months	547·71 months	628·3 months	7245·62 months.
<i>Convictions:</i>													
Desertion	459	415	488	578	620	627	497	567	614	597	511	578	6,551
Having no pass ..	111	91	124	146	137	78	115	95	73	101	76	76	1,223
Not reporting in 6 days	113	88	70	96	89	91	63	112	124	143	188	133	1,310
Miscellaneous ..	120	124	138	140	145	136	119	170	280	351	349	384	2,456
Deserters reported ..	1,993	1,970	2,435	2,489	2,718	2,618	2,239	2,570	2,769	2,642	2,489	2,404	29,336
Deserters recovered ..	910	835	944	1,065	1,000	1,079	982	988	1,269	1,253	1,160	1,280	12,765

Appendix No. 39.

NATIVES ACCOMMODATED AT GOVERNMENT COMPOUNDS DURING THE YEAR
ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

District.	Number Seeking Work.	Destitute and Medically Attended.	Discharged Prisoners.	Going Home.	Court Witnesses.	Suspected Deserters Detained.	Unclassified.	Total.
Johannesburg	254	154	29,749	—	18	3,138	—	33,313
Krugersdorp	1,602	15	3,471	2	73	836	195	6,194
Roodepoot	—	6	1,425	6	6	1,212	546	3,201
Boksburg	—	1	6,411	—	—	1,564	567	8,543
Benoni	221	1	80	2	—	92	66	462
Germiston	200	6	2,000	103	120	1,500	793	4,722
Springs	—	1	184	—	1	140	—	326
Heidelberg	—	19	—	5	16	1,164	—	1,204
Klerksdorp	—	—	103	—	—	611	—	714
Vereeniging	—	3	1,256	—	—	350	—	1,609
Pretoria (Rayton).. ..	—	—	—	—	—	234	—	234
Middelburg (Witbank) ..	2	1	42	2	1	220	49	317
TOTALS	2,279	207	44,721	120	235	11,061	2,216	60,839

STATEMENT OF REVENUE COLLECTED BY THE GOVERNMENT NATIVE LABOUR BUREAU DURING THE FINANCIAL
YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1909.

District.	Passports.	Monthly Passes.	Travelling Passes.	Registration Certificates.	Transfer Fees.	Arrear Fees.	Remittance Fees.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Johannesburg	2,741 1 0	94,919 4 0	3,780 19 0	290 0 0	909 12 0	3,461 10 0	337 19 6
Krugersdorp	1,261 19 0	53,939 4 0	2,139 10 0	93 0 0	215 12 0	245 18 0	—
Boksburg	833 5 0	40,384 16 0	1,337 11 0	94 0 0	329 2 0	362 16 0	—
Germiston	997 1 0	45,788 2 0	1,446 13 0	26 0 0	495 17 0	444 10 0	—
Springs	74 15 0	4,155 6 0	172 6 0	25 0 0	52 3 0	7 14 0	—
Heidelberg	145 17 0	4,577 2 0	198 14 0	30 0 0	75 10 0	75 6 0	—
Klerksdorp	76 9 0	1,565 6 0	136 10 0	14 0 0	—	27 8 0	—
Vereeniging	72 4 0	942 10 0	146 9 0	23 0 0	58 3 0	44 6 0	—
Pretoria	651 14 0	10,111 18 0	791 11 0	9 0 0	58 15 0	36 4 0	—
Middelburg	172 19 0	6,809 14 0	195 9 0	14 0 0	0 2 0	88 0 0	—
G.N.L.B. Compound (Germiston) ..	3,813 15 0	5,109 16 0	—	—	—	—	100 3 6
TOTALS	10,840 19 0	268,302 18 0	10,345 12 0	618 0 0	2,194 16 0	4,793 12 0	438 3 0

District.	Other Sources.	Fines Imposed by Inspectors.	Dog Tax.	Native Tax.	Licences.	Departmental Receipts.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Johannesburg	30 2 7	1,256 18 7	—	33,739 0 0	6,458 15 0	—	147,925 1 8
Krugersdorp	—	321 8 6	0 10 0	16,118 0 0	—	128 6 0	74,463 7 6
Boksburg	—	156 11 1	—	8,324 0 0	—	19 15 0	51,841 16 1
Germiston	—	529 12 1	—	8,798 0 0	—	65 10 0	58,591 5 1
Springs	—	40 6 11	—	1,103 0 0	—	—	5,630 10 11
Heidelberg	—	12 10 0	—	—	—	—	5,114 19 0
Klerksdorp	—	—	1 10 0	418 0 0	—	—	2,239 3 0
Vereeniging	—	—	—	48 0 0	—	—	1,334 12 0
Pretoria	—	216 5 0	42 12 6	13,545 0 0	—	—	25,462 19 6
Middelburg	—	25 18 0	23 10 0	1,980 0 0	—	393 11 6	9,703 3 6
G.N.L.B. Compound (Germiston) ..	0 3 6	—	—	—	—	14,022 9 0	23,046 7 0
TOTALS	£ 30 6 1	2,559 10 2	68 2 6	84,073 0 0	6,458 15 0	14,629 11 6	405,353 5 3

SUMMARY OF TRANSACTIONS, 1ST JULY, 1908, TO 30TH JUNE, 1909.

	Total Free.	Total on Payment.	Grand Total.
REGISTRATIONS :—			
<i>Mines—</i>			
Renewals	18,452	—	18,452
Transfers from other mines	6,226	—	6,226
Deaths	5,817	—	5,817
Desertions	25,854	—	25,854
<i>Others—</i>			
Renewals	318	—	318
Transfers from other employers	37,111	—	37,111
Deaths	356	—	356
Desertions	3,484	—	3,484
TOTALS	97,618	—	97,618
PASSPORTS ISSUED :—			
<i>Mines—</i>			
Initial registrations	12	160,260	160,272
Transfers from other labour districts	15,854	—	15,854
Transfers from other employers	5,245	—	5,245
Duplicates	598	413	1,011
Deserters recovered	11,150	—	11,150
<i>Others—</i>			
Initial registrations	1,147	51,855	53,002
Transfers from other labour districts	20,989	—	20,989
Transfers from mines	5,704	—	5,704
Duplicates	3,061	2,294	5,355
Deserters recovered	1,594	—	1,594
Government Service	2,893	1,997	4,890
TOTALS	68,247	216,819	285,066
MONTHLY PASSES ISSUED :—			
Mines	54,133	2,114,222	2,168,355
Others	22,290	541,758	564,048
Government service	1,629	27,049	28,678
TOTALS	78,052	2,683,029	2,761,081
Arrear Fees	—	32,177	32,177
TRAVELLING PASSES ISSUED :—			
<i>Mines—</i>			
Visiting	—	1,804	1,804
Transfers to other labour districts	—	18,217	18,217
Transfers to other parts	—	1,562	1,562
Returned home	—	108,056	108,056
<i>Others—</i>			
Visiting	—	17,915	17,915
Transfers to other labour districts	—	19,852	19,852
Transfers to other parts	—	3,885	3,885
Returned home	—	35,621	35,621
TOTALS	—	206,912	206,912
Registration certificates	—	618	618

Appendix No. 42.

TERRITORIAL ANALYSIS OF NATIVES HOLDING REGISTRATION CERTIFICATES
ISSUED UNDER ORDINANCE No. 28 OF 1902, 30TH JUNE, 1909.

District.	Basutoland.	British Bechuanaland.	Cape Colony.	Natal.	Orange River Colony.	Portuguese Territory.	Southern Rhodesia.	Swaziland.	Transvaal.	Mozambique.	Others.	Total.
Johannesburg	18	5	66	32	4	17	1	2	27	2	—	174
Krugersdorp	2	1	20	3	2	3	—	—	21	—	—	52
Roodepoort	1	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	4
Randfontein	11	—	17	4	2	—	—	—	11	1	—	46
Boksburg	5	1	40	3	1	4	—	1	24	1	—	80
Benoni	3	—	6	7	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	19
Germiston	4	—	17	14	4	4	—	1	5	—	—	49
Springs	2	—	13	1	4	—	—	—	16	—	1	37
Heidelberg	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	—	—	31
Klerksdorp	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	15
Vereeniging	1	—	2	2	1	—	—	—	20	—	—	26
Pretoria	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	9
Middelburg	—	—	7	2	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	13
TOTALS	47	7	192	68	18	29	1	5	183	4	1	555

S
H

G.



R.



TRANSVAAL

NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

1ST JULY, 1909, TO 31ST MAY, 1910

PRETORIA

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING AND STATIONERY OFFICE

1911

[U. 15-1911.]

2205-1/1111-1250

04
DT
920
T6



TRANSVAAL

NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD

1ST JULY, 1909, TO 31ST MAY, 1910

PRETORIA

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING AND STATIONERY OFFICE

1911

CONTENTS

	PAGE
1. ADMINISTRATION	5
2. NATIVE ATTITUDE	5
3. TRIBAL AFFAIRS	6
4. LANGUAGE EXAMINATIONS	6
5. LEGISLATION	6
6. LAND TENURE	7
7. SQUATTING... ..	7
8. STOCK	7
9. CROWN RENTS	7
10. TAXATION	8
11. CLIMATE	8
12. HEALTH	8
13. LOCATIONS... ..	9
14. EDUCATION	9
15. POPULATION	10
16. LETTERS OF EXEMPTION	10
17. MARRIAGES	10
18. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES	10
19. LABOUR	11
20. COMPENSATION IN RESPECT OF ACCIDENTS	13
21. FIRE-ARM LICENCES... ..	13
22. NATIVE DEPOSIT AND REMITTANCE AGENCY... ..	14
23. LABOUR AGENTS AND COMPOUND OVERSEERS	14
24. REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE	14
25. SCHEDULE OF ENCLOSURES	15
26. GOVERNMENT NATIVE LABOUR BUREAU	17
27. EXTRACTS FROM DISTRICT REPORTS... ..	22
28. APPENDICES	71

TRANSVAAL.

NATIVE AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT.

ANNUAL REPORT.—1ST JULY, 1909, TO 31ST MAY, 1910.

Under Section 147, Part VIII of the South Africa Act of 1909, the control and administration of native affairs passed automatically on the 31st May from the Transvaal authorities to the Executive Government under the Union.

This year's report will therefore be closed at that date instead of the 30th June, so as to avoid any overlapping between the administrative periods under the Transvaal and Union Governments respectively.

Section 135 of the Act of Union provides that all laws in force in the several Colonies at the establishment of the Union shall continue to be in force until repealed or amended by Parliament.

Whilst the legislation thus remains undisturbed the constitutional machinery by means of which it is administered is transferred from the various Colonial authorities to one central authority.

The immediate effect of this change has been to subordinate all the head office establishments under one Minister of the Union; and the principal staff offices of the division are now constituted, by Government Notice No. 53 of the 9th June, as follows:—

1. Secretary for Native Affairs for South Africa.
2. Under-Secretary for the Province of the Cape.
3. Under-Secretary for the Province of Natal.
4. Under-Secretary for the Province of the Transvaal.

The post of Secretary for Native Affairs for the Transvaal ceased to exist as at the 31st May, and arrangements have been made for the retirement of the officer who held that appointment as soon as his services can be dispensed with in connection with the work of reconstruction.

ADMINISTRATION.

With the exception of the appointment of nine registrars of native labour in the Native Territories of the Cape Colony as a result of the agreement between the Transvaal and Cape Colony Governments referred to in the section of this report dealing with mine labour, very few changes were effected during the year in the departmental establishment, which was constituted as follows on the 31st May, 1910:—

Head Office.	Districts.	Native Labour Bureau.
12	59	185

NATIVE ATTITUDE.

There has been no noticeable change in the general demeanour of the natives, which can fitly be characterized as both law-abiding and loyal towards the Government.

As I said last year, the unfortunate experiences through which they have passed during the last ten years have been accepted with commendable patience and resignation. Drought, locust visitations, and cattle diseases have followed one another in quick succession, and the result is to-day that the natives have been impoverished in many parts of the country. Fortunately for them there is always a strong demand for labour at a good wage and at no great distance from their homes. There is no fear, therefore, of their coming to want. On the contrary, every prospect is before them of satisfying their needs by availing themselves of the work which is open to them at such attractive wages as are offered at the diamond and gold mines.

The native really is in the peculiar position of being able to obtain profitable employment at any time. He need never be out of work, and in that respect is far better off than many a poor white man in the country, who often cannot get anything to do, however earnest or deserving he may be.

TRIBAL AFFAIRS.

The circumstances under which Amos Mathibe and Darius Mogalie were respectively deposed from the chieftainship of the Bahadube and Ba-Po tribes were detailed in my report for the years 1908 and 1909.

Amos with a few members of his family and adherents was maintained throughout the year at the Frederickstad Native Settlement in the District of Potchefstroom. The position of this ex-chief now is that he is at liberty to take up his residence in any part of the Transvaal except the Hamanskraal district or vicinity of the Mathibe Location.

Having broken the conditions under which he was prohibited from returning to the location of his tribe, Darius was sent down to Barberton, there to remain for a few months under the supervision of the Sub-Native Commissioner. One of the terms of his removal from the location is that he may settle anywhere outside the District of Rustenburg.

The treatment of cases of this nature is attended with no little difficulty.

Where a chief is found to be quite incompetent to manage the affairs of his tribe through intemperance or other sufficient cause, it is obviously the duty of the Government to consider the general interests of the tribe before that of the chief.

In both these instances the chiefs were so addicted to drink that the tribes were drifting into a condition of disorder and becoming involved in financial difficulties. Repeated warnings were given to them to the effect that unless they reformed it would be necessary to remove them from their position of trust and responsibility.

As these admonitions were disregarded action had to be taken and they were accordingly ordered from the locations, and the next heirs to the chieftainships appointed to succeed them.

The difficulty arising out of this method of dealing with such cases is that in the native mind a chief ordinarily loses his hereditary prestige in no other manner than by death.

His immediate followers therefore faithfully adhere to their allegiance to him so long as he is alive, and it may take a long time for them to forfeit that allegiance.

There does not appear, however, to be any preferable course to adopt in such circumstances than that of removal to a place sufficiently distant from the tribe to avert any possibility of the deposed chiefs becoming a centre of agitation.

LANGUAGE EXAMINATIONS.

Two examinations in native languages were held during the year, under the rules published under Government Notice No. 553 of 1907, as amended by Government Notice No. 1039 of 1909, at which 32 candidates presented themselves, of whom 16 were successful in obtaining certificates, which were apportioned as follows:—First class, 2; second class, 7; interpreters class, 4; third class, 3.

It is hoped that in course of time it will be possible to arrange that the possession of a certificate of efficiency from the Board will be a *sine qua non* in the appointment of interpreters in native languages in the courts.

LEGISLATION.

Ever since the war the policy of the Government has been to introduce as little legislation affecting the natives as possible.

The reason for this, under the Crown Colony Administration, was that it was undesirable to disturb the *status quo* until the constitution of an elected Parliament.

No sooner had Responsible Government been established than the question of the Union of South Africa came forward, and it was then felt again that no measures should be passed which could well be deferred for consideration of the Union Parliament from a wide South African horizon.

Two Bills were thus held over which are annexed (Annexure C) providing for:—

(a) The native occupation of lands, and

(b) An amendment of the Native Administration Law No. 4 of 1885.

Part II of the second measure was proceeded with and became law under the Act No. 29 of 1907; but Part I was withdrawn for the reasons set forth above.

The Urban Areas Native Pass Act, No. 18, came into operation on the 1st January 1910. The scope and objects of this measure were fully explained in my report for last year, and it is not necessary therefore to refer to its provisions here.

To meet the convenience of the public in Pretoria as much as possible branch offices were opened at Sunnyside and Gezina. The transactions at these and the central office, under the new regulations up to the 31st May, were as follows:—

Registrations	17,954
Monthly Passes	56,931
Revenue	£2,846 11s. 0d.

It is regretted that a more central position could not be secured at Pretoria for the purpose of the Sub-Native Commissioner's offices. This, combined with the fact that the completion of structural alterations in the present unsuitable buildings was unavoidably delayed, has unfortunately been the cause of a certain amount of well-grounded complaint from the public.

The staff, which for a time was undermanned, has done its best in the face of such difficulties to cope with the situation under considerable pressure of work.

The introduction of a system of medical examination of all native males employed in the town, in accordance with the regulations, has relieved Pretoria of many cases of contagious disease. It has been represented, however, that unless similar regulations are applied to coloured women the danger of contagion cannot be effectually dealt with. This raises a very important question, as native women have so far been entirely exempt from the operation of any regulations under the pass laws.

In the interests of the general public health there can be no doubt as to the desirability of subjecting native women in towns to the same medical examination as is applied to men.

Indeed there is far more necessity for such an examination in regard to the female than to the male sex, for the means of propagating sexual diseases are infinitely worse in the one case than in the other.

It is to be remembered, moreover, that coloured girls are chiefly employed as nurses for young white children who are consequently exposed to a very serious danger.

Act No. 27 of 1909, to amend the Master and Servants Law of 1880, was also passed. The effect of this Act is to bring within the operation of the principal law those agricultural labourers who, instead of wages, are given in return for their labour the right to occupy and cultivate the ground of their employer.

No other legislation affecting the natives was introduced during the year, as it was not considered advisable to take any action in that direction pending the establishment of the Union Government for South Africa.

LAND TENURE.

There are no restrictions upon the individual purchase of land by natives, but only a very few have been in a position up to the present to acquire real property of their own.

With those few exceptions their tenure is in any of the following forms:—

- (a) As farm labourers.
- (b) As tenants on Crown lands.
- (c) As occupants of Government locations.

The conditions which obtain in regard to (a) are explained under Agricultural Labour, page 13.

(b) As tenants on Crown lands all adult males are required to pay an annual rent to the Government of one pound. About 114,000 men, women, and children fall within this category.

(c) In Government locations about 253,000 natives reside under tribal and communal conditions. This represents 27 per cent. of the native population. They have no rent to pay to the Government.

SQUATTING.

Continued requests have been received during the year from associations of farmers, rural political organizations, and individual landowners, asking that the provisions of Law No. 21 of 1895 should be enforced either generally in their districts or in respect of particular farms or areas. Action has now been taken with regard to 179 farms in all, mostly in the District of Zoutpansberg.

STOCK.

Considerable losses have been incurred in consequence of East Coast fever, both as a direct result of the disease and in consequence of the compulsory slaughter of stock under the East Coast Fever Ordinance, 1904.

Some dissatisfaction undoubtedly exists with regard to the small amount of compensation which is paid for cattle destroyed by the Government, and in one case a native tribe (Ramahoepa) declined to accept the amount offered, viz. £500, for the loss of some 500 head of stock.

The fencing of locations in infected areas as a measure for preventing the spread of the disease has been proceeded with during the year.

For an estimate of native-owned stock, *vide* Appendix No. 11.

CROWN RENTS.

The Crown rent collection for the year under review amounted to £7186.

Readjustments with private landowners were occasionally found necessary, but on the whole the collection proceeded smoothly.

TAXATION.

The total tax collected during the financial year was £319,289, of which £90,171, or 28·3 per cent. was collected in labour districts.

Comparative statements of tax collections for the financial and calendar years are attached (Appendices Nos. 19 and 20).

CLIMATE.

The climate of the Transvaal varies very considerably according to latitude and altitude. Broadly speaking, the country may be divided into what is known as the high and the low veld. The former is for the most part occupied by Europeans and the latter by natives. About one-sixth of its area lies within the tropics, where very little farming is carried on. The rest of the low veld is semi-tropical and subject to malarial fever during the summer months. The highlands, consisting of about one-third of the Colony, are temperate, salubrious, and healthy all the year round for Europeans.

HEALTH.

(a) IN LABOUR AREAS.

The average mortality rate amongst native labourers from disease and accidents on the mines was 33·9 per cent.

This bears a favourable comparison with the figures of previous years, as the following table will show :—

Year.	Disease Rate.	Accident Rate.	Total Rate.	Rise.	Fall.
1903-04 ..	55·21	3·91	59·11	—	—
1904-05 ..	41·46	4·46	45·92	—	13·19
1905-06 ..	38·26	5·64	43·90	—	2·02
1906-07 ..	29·35	4·38	33·73	—	10·17
1907-08 ..	28·16	3·89	31·96	—	1·77
1908-09 ..	29·04	5·07	34·11	2·15	—
1909-10 ..	28·33	4·14	33·9	—	1·2

For geographical convenience the 22nd degree of south latitude has always been regarded by this department as the dividing line between the tropical and non-tropical regions from which the labour supply for the mines is drawn. The death-rate from disease amongst natives north of 22 degrees has consistently been much higher than amongst those south of that latitude.

This will be seen from the following figures :—

Year.	North of 22 Degrees.	South of 22 Degrees.	Difference.
1906-07 ..	66·48	30·00	36·48
1907-08 ..	63·15	26·22	36·83
1908-09 ..	65·96	26·90	38·27
1909-10 ..	62·17	25·84	36·23

The mortality amongst labourers recruited in tropical regions was found to be so high during the winter months that the introduction of natives therefrom between March and September was prohibited some time ago as stated in my previous reports. The restrictions thus imposed remain unrelaxed. In so far as the British possessions are concerned no labour may be imported from north of 22 degrees without the special sanction of the Imperial Government.

A reference to the returns will at once indicate how necessary it has been to take special precautions for the protection of natives recruited from tropical areas, for it is to be observed that the average death-rate south of latitude 22 degrees was 25·84 per thousand per annum, while the rate north of that latitude amounted to as much as 62·17. That is to say that for every death amongst the former over 2½ occurred amongst the latter.

If the high mortality rate is so consistently maintained notwithstanding the fact that recruiting is permitted only in the summer months, there can be little room for doubt that the natives from these parts are not physically suited for mine employment.

(b) IN RURAL DISTRICTS.

It is satisfactory to be able to report that during the past year the general health of the natives has been good. Only in one or two districts does malarial fever, which was so severe last year, appear to have been active.

Quinine tabloids are still distributed by the Public Health Department through the sub-native commissioners, and this no doubt greatly assists in checking the disease.

The increasing demand for syphilitic medicines, which are distributed by the sub-native commissioners, shows that the natives are slowly but surely realizing that only by the use of these medicines will they stamp out the disease.

The excellent work which is being carried on at the Elim and Bochem Hospitals, in Zoutpansberg District is greatly appreciated by the natives, many of whom leave there completely cured.

During the past year the district surgeons of the Transvaal toured their respective districts for the purpose of vaccinating the natives against smallpox, and it is gratifying to be able to record the willing manner in which the natives presented themselves for that purpose.

Advantage was also taken of this opportunity to generally examine the natives with a view to discovering cases of syphilis or leprosy. All natives found to be suffering from the latter disease are immediately removed to the Leper Asylum in Pretoria.

As will be seen from the district officers' reports, consumption and miners' phthisis appear to be increasing, but in most instances the sufferers are natives who have been at work in the mines.

LOCATIONS.

(a) JOHANNESBURG.

The condition of affairs in the native location at Klipspruit, nine miles from Johannesburg, has been the subject of continued complaint from the native occupants.

Representations to the Town Council have now brought the question under thorough investigation.

The difficulty from the very outset has been to obtain a suitable site for the general purposes of a location within reasonable access of the centre of the town. When the present site was chosen, not long after the late war, the municipality practically had no other choice.

The location was established there with a full knowledge of the objections to its situation, but it was hoped that it might nevertheless be a success. Much was done to make it so, but the sewerage arrangements in themselves constitute a grievance for which there is no apparent remedy on the spot.

Under the circumstances it is now being considered whether one or more small locations cannot be started on proclaimed mining ground within easy reach of the centres of employment. Correspondence is proceeding with that object in view between the various departments concerned and the municipality, and it is sincerely to be hoped that a satisfactory solution of this long-outstanding problem may thus be found.

(b) PRETORIA.

Here, again, the state of the location is nothing short of scandalous. The Town Council is fully aware of the position and has been considering for some time past various schemes for its amelioration.

There are two points in connection with this question which require to be separately dealt with.

In the first place, there is that of the site, which has to be moved owing to the fact that the whole area has been reserved for sewerage purposes. Considerable difficulty is experienced by the council in the selection of a suitable position for the new location. This department has been in close consultation with the council, but it is much to be regretted that up to the present time no decision has been arrived at owing to the opposition of local European residents to the establishment of a native settlement in their vicinity on the most appropriate town lands available, not far distant from the present location site.

Secondly, there is the question of control and management. In the absence of any adequate system of administration the location has gradually drifted into a deplorable state of disorder. Drunkenness and vice are rife, and native crime has largely been traced to this source. In order to put an end to this, a Commission, consisting of the Resident Magistrate and representatives of the Council and Commissioner of Police, has been appointed to inquire into the situation, and to make recommendations for the future management of the new location, which it is hoped may be established on model lines.

EDUCATION.

It will be seen from Appendices Nos. 6 to 9 that there were 230 schools in receipt of Government grants, with an average attendance of 9942 pupils, and a staff of 50 white and 299 native teachers, giving an average of 31 pupils to each teacher.

A sum of £9843 was expended upon the upkeep of these schools, representing an average of 19s. 9½d. per pupil on the roll.

£555. 8s. 6d. was granted, in addition to the above amount, for vacation courses.

The number of unaided schools was 179, with 201 teachers and 5803 pupils on the roll.

The following table will be of interest for purposes of comparison with previous years:—

YEAR.	NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.			AMOUNT OF GOVERNMENT GRANT.
	Aided by Government.	Unaided.	Total.	
				£ s. d.
1903	7	155	164	—
1904	6	157	161	—
1905	142	134	276	5,850 0 0
1906	197	177	374	6,592 13 0
1907-08	221	125	346	8,554 17 10
1908-09	243	141	384	10,976 17 3
1909-10	230	179	409	10,883 13 0

The clamour for higher educational facilities still continues amongst the more advanced section of the natives. At scarcely a single meeting which I have had with them has not this question been placed in the forefront of their representations.

As this will be my last opportunity of doing so, I would urge that the whole system be thoroughly investigated with the object of meeting the rapidly expanding requirements of the natives.

It is undoubtedly one of the most important of all the problems which press for consideration, materially affecting, as it must, not only the destiny of the native, but his future relations with the white races of South Africa.

The need for instituting a definite educational policy for the natives of the whole sub-continent is of course recognized by every one who has given the matter any reflection, and the sooner the task is undertaken the better it will be.

POPULATION.

Since the census year 1904 the native population has been estimated as follows:—

				Increase.	
				—	—
1904 (Census)	..	811,753		—	—
1905	.. ..	815,317		3,564	·43 %
1906	.. ..	835,892		20,575	2·5 %
1907	) .. ..	886,530		50,638	2·8 %
1908					
1909	.. ..	908,397		21,867	2·4 %
1910	.. ..	937,915		29,518	3·2 %

The natives are thus increasing in number by over 20,000 per annum.

The adult males represent about 23·5 per cent., the women 28·4 per cent., and the children of both sexes 48·1 per cent. of the entire population, which is approximately distributed in the ratio of 1·9 per cent. in towns and municipalities, 27·1 per cent. in locations, 12·2 per cent. on Crown lands, and 58·8 per cent. on private lands.

LETTERS OF EXEMPTION.

On the 31st May, 1910, 254 natives were in possession of letters of exemption issued under Proclamation No. 35 of 1901.

Of the total number of letters issued 54 were provisional only.

MARRIAGES.

A statement showing the number of marriages contracted by natives according to the civil law is attached (Appendix No. 5), from which it will be observed that there is an increase of 16·8 per cent. upon the figures for the previous year.

The number shown, viz. 1842, refers only to the marriages recorded by the district officials of this department.

ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES.

The duties in connection with the administration of native estates are reported upon by the Director of the Government Native Labour Bureau (*vide* Annexure A).

The number of estates under treatment was 15,058, in respect of which £15,367. 11s. 7d. was brought to account. The amount paid out to heirs or otherwise disposed of was £29,707. 16s. 10d.