Declaration of authorship

I, Christelle Grebe declare that this research report was written and compiled by me. It has not been submitted to any other institution or University and is being submitted currently as part of the requirements to obtain a Masters degree in Physiotherapy. All resources used are acknowledged and referenced where appropriate.

Signed

Date

Abstract

Background Lower back pain (LBP) is a very prevalent and potentially disabling condition throughout the world not excluding South Africa. Most people in South Africa make use of Government hospitals making the results of this research applicable to the general population. Questionnaires like the Oswestry Disability Index (ODI) are easy and effective research tools to assess disability from LBP but most of them are developed in English. In South Africa however, many people are often not literate in English or struggle to fill in a questionnaire correctly without some assistance. This is possibly due to the previous education system adopted by the Apartheid government, variety of different cultures and the 11 official languages.

Objectives To formulate a culturally adapted English version of the ODI suitable for possible use in the Zulu speaking population. Secondly, to establish whether there is a relationship between the degree of assistance needed to fill in the questionnaire and the level of education of the subject. Thirdly, to measure the internal consistency of the modified ODI and lastly to identify inconsistencies when using a translator for data collection.

Study Design Explorative cross-sectional study

Methods Cultural adaptation of the ODI was done suitable for the Zulu speaking population. Recordings were made of the participants filling in the modified ODI to identify problematic questions and inconsistencies in translations offered by the research assistant. The amount of assistance needed for each participant was scored with a rating scale and relationships were shown with regards to level of education. The internal consistency of the modified ODI was determined.

Results A culturally adapted English version of the ODI was produced and problematic phrases altered. Two groups were identified from the data collection process; the assisted (20) and the Independent group (36). Overall the assisted group had lower levels of education and needed up to 100% assistance with the questionnaire compared with the Independent group. The overall Internal consistency of the questionnaire was found to be 0.8183 (Chronbach alpha)

ii

which is considered as good reliability. Inconsistencies with translations were identified and reported.

Conclusion A significant amount of the target population needed assistance when filling in the English ODI despite the cultural adaptation thereof. This may be due to lower levels of education and the fact that they were mostly schooled in Zulu. Making use of a translator may not be the most reliable form of data collection but keeping in mind the literacy levels in South Africa, it may be a more accurate way of collecting correct data from individuals compared with incurring massive costs in translating of documents into a target language.

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I hope that this research report will be valuable for current and future research especially in the Zulu speaking population.

Table of Contents

Declaration of Authorship	i
Abstract	ii
Acknowledgements	iv
Table of Contents	۷
List of Tables	ix
List of Figures	Х
List of Appendices	xi
List of Abbreviations	xii

Chapter One: Introduction

Introduction	1
Research question	3
Aims	3
Objectives	3
Significance of the study	4
	Research question Aims Objectives

Chapter Two: Literature Review

2.1	The Oswestry Disability Index	5
	2.1.1 Description	5
	2.1.2 Problematic areas in the Cultural Adaptation	
	of the ODI	7
	2.1.3 The Cultural Adaptation Process	9
2.2	Internal Consistency	11
2.3	Translators and Interpreters	12
	2.3.1 Description	12
	2.3.2 Qualities of an Interpreter	13
	2.3.2.1 Language and Culture	13
	2.3.2.2 Language	13
	2.3.2.3 Ethics	14
	2.3.2.4 Physical Considerations	14
	2.3.3 Interpretation Styles	15
	2.3.4 Recommendations when using Interpreters	
	and Translators	16
2.4	Conclusion	17

Chapter Three: Methodology

3.1	Study Design	19
3.2	Study Population	19
	3.2.1 Sample Selection	19
	3.2.2 Sample Size	19
	3.2.3 Inclusion Criteria	20
	3.2.4 Exclusion Criteria	20
	3.2.5 Ethical Considerations	20
3.3	Research Tools	21
	3.3.1 Demographic Questionnaire	21
	3.3.2 Culturally Adapted version of the Oswestry	
	Disability Index	21
	3.3.3 Degree of Assistance scale	21
	3.3.4 Digital Voice Recorder	22
3.4	Procedure	22
	3.4.1 Cultural adaptation of the ODI	22
	3.4.2 Development of the Assistance Scale	23
	3.4.3 Development of the Demographic	
	Questionnaire	23
	3.4.4 Process of Data Collection	23
	3.4.5 Data Analysis	24
3.5	Conclusion	27

Chapter Four: Results

4.1	Cultural Adaptation of the ODI	28
4.2	Changes made to the Assistance scale	32
4.3	Changes made to the Demographic	
	Questionnaire	33
4.4	Participants	34
4.5	Language and Literacy	37
4.6	Internal Consistency	40
4.7	Transcriptions and Translations	41
4.8	Conclusion	43

Chapter Five: Discussion

5.1	Cultural Adaptation of the ODI	44
5.2	Degree of assistance needed to fill in the	
	modified ODI	45
5.3	Demographic Influence and Level of Education	46
5.4	Internal Consistency	47
5.5	Transcriptions and Translations	48
5.6	Limitations of the Study	49

Chapter Six: Conclusion

References		52
6.2	Recommendations	50
6.1	Conclusion	50

List of Tables

4.4.1 Demographic data for the Independent and	
Assisted groups	34
4.4.2 Level of assistance needed for each participant.	35
4.4.3 Percentage assistance needed for each	
question on the ODI	36
4.5.1 Table depicting characteristics of participants	
with a LOE 4 or higher in the Independent	
group	39
4.5.2 Table depicting characteristics of participants	
with a LEO 4 or higher in the assisted group	40
4.6.1 Cronbach's alpha for all groups	41
4.7.1 Summary of consistency of research assistant	42

List of Figures

4.5.1 Languages the Independent and Assisted	
group was educated in	38
4.5.2 Levels of education in the Independent	
and Assisted groups	38

List of Appendices

Appendix A:	Copy of Ethical clearance form	56
Appendix B:	Information sheet and permission form for clinical director of CHBH	57
Appendix C:	Information sheet and permission form for the manager of the laundry at CHBH.	59
Appendix D:	Original ODO 2.1a	60
Appendix E:	Modified version of the ODI 2.1a	63
Appendix F:	Demographic questionnaire	66
Appendix G:	Degree of assistance scale	67
Appendix H:	Information sheets to participants and consent forms	68
Appendix I:	Transcriptions and translations	71
Appendix J:	Consistency of translations done by research assistant	117

List of Abbreviations

- ODI: Oswestry Disability Index
- CLBP: Chronic Lower Back Pain
- AFR: Afrikaans
- Ave: Average
- LOE: Level of Education