6. REFERENCES

- Management Sciences for Health. Managing Drug Supply. Connecticut: Kumarian Press, 1974:4.
- Health Systems Trust. Collecting and Using Drug Use Indicators in Districts. Cape Town: Initiative for Sub-district Support, 1991: 1.
- World Health Organization. The Selection of Essential Drugs. Technical Report Series No. 615. Geneva: WHO, 1977.
- ^{4.} Sharpley G. *Democratic Local Government: A new era*. South Africa: National Business initiative, 2001.
- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. South Africa: Pretoria, 1994.
- Department of Health. South African National Health Policy. South Africa: Pretoria, 1997.
- 7. Department of Health. *National Drug Policy*. South Africa: Pretoria, 1997.
- Bepartment of Health. South African Drug Action Programme. South Africa: Pretoria, 1997.
- World Health Organization. Relationship between Drug Policies and Health Policies, WHO/DAP/90.4.
- Suleman F, McCoy D, and Gray A. District Drug Management: Lessons Learnt from ISDS in the Eastern Cape, KwaZulu Natal and Northern Cape, Technical Report No.9. Health Systems Trust: Durban, 1998.
- Department of Health. Essential Drugs Programme: A Standard Treatment Guidelines and Essential Drugs List. South Africa: Pretoria, 2003 (3).
- Muko KN. The Need for the Introduction of a course on a Drug Management Curriculum. *Tropical Doctor*, 2000; 30 (1): 54-5.
- World Health Organization. The Use of Essential Drugs. Technical Report Series No. 850. Geneva: WHO, 1995.
- Harris M. Drug Management Problems: Cost, Confusion, and Adverse Reactions. Nursing 1989
- 15. World Health Organization. *Highlights-Who Medicine Strategy*. WHO. Geneva: 2002-2003.
- ^{16.} World Bank Report. *Better Health in Africa*. Washington: World Bank, 1994
- Health Systems Trust. Rational Drug Prescribing Training Course: Training Manual. Durban: ISDS, 2000.
- World Health Organization. How to Investigate Drug Use in Health Facilities, WHO/DAP.93.1.
- ^{19.} Andy Gray. *Performing an In-Depth Situation Analysis of the Drug Management System in a Health District*: Health Systems Trust. Durban, 1999.
- 20. McCoy David and Bamford Lesley. How to Conduct a Rapid Situational Analysis. Durban: ISDS, 1998.

- Mullick S, McCoy D, and Beksinska M. Evaluating the Quality of Care for Sexually Transmitted Infections (District STI Clinic Assessment). Durban. Reproductive Research Unit-University of the Witwatersrand and HST-ISDS, 2001.
- ^{22.} Katzellenbogen JM, Joubert G, and Abdool K. *Epidemiology: A manual for South Africa*. Southern Africa: Oxford University Press, 1997.
- ^{23.} Beaglehole R, Bonita R, and Kjellstrom T. Basic Epidemiology. Geneva: WHO, 1993.
- Higashiguchi K, Morikawa Y, Miura S, Nishijo M, Tabata M, Ishikazi M, and Nakagawa H. Burnout and related factors among hospital nurses. *Journal of Occupational Health* 1999; 41 (4): 215-224
- National Department of Health. Guidelines for District Health Planning and Reporting. Pretoria: South Africa, 2003.
- ^{26.} Department of Health. *Clinic Supervisors Manual*. Pretoria: South Africa, 2003 (3).
- Mubangizi, DK. Situation Analysis of Drug Supply Management in Tshwane. (M.SC-Med. Report, University of the Witwatersrand), 2002.
- 28. Department of Health and Welfare Northern Province. Approved Clinic Supply List. Pholokwane: Pharmaceutical Services, 2000.
- ^{29.} Gray A. *Using Stock Cards to improve Drug Management*. Durban: ISDS/HST Kwik-Skwiz No. 13, 1999.
- 30. South Africa. Regulation 28 of Act 101 of 1965
- 31. The Equity Project. Managing Drug Supply for Health Institutions. Pretoria: MSH, 2000.
- 32. Republic of South Africa. The National Health Act. Pretoria. South Africa, 2004.
- Department of Health. A Comprehensive Primary Health Care Service Package for South Africa. Pretoria: Quality Assurance Directorate, 2001.
- Department of Health. *The Primary Health Care Package for South Africa*: A set of Norms and Standards. Pretoria. Quality Assurance Directorate, 2001.
- 35. Health Systems Trust. The National Primary Health Care Facilities Survey. Durban: HST, 2003.